IMPORTANT TO ADVERTISERS.
THE
"BOMBAY GAZETTE"
IS
THE OLDEST DAILY PAPER
IN ASIA.

THE Bombay Gazette.

THE OFFICES OF THE
"BOMBAY GAZETTE"
are now situate
IN HOMJI STREET,
ELPHINSTONE CIRCLE,
Where all communications must be Addressed.

No. 55,915—NEW SERIES. BOMBAY:—MONDAY, MARCH 31, 1913. PRICE: ONE ANNA.

LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL S. N. COMPANY.

MAIL SERVICE.

LIST OF DEPARTURES FROM BOMBAY FOR MARSEILLES & LONDON WITH LIBERTY TO CALL AT BRINDISI AND MAL TA

Date of Sailing	Steamers.	Tons.	Connecting at Aden with	Tons.
1913 Apl.	ARABIA	8000	.....	...
..	MOLDAVIA	10000	.....	...
..	MALOJA	12590	.....	...
..	SALSETTE	6000	MONGOLIA	10000
May	EGYPT	8000	.....	...
..	SALSETTE	6000	MACEDONIA	10000
..	PERSIA	8000	.....	...
..	SALSETTE	6000	MALWA	11000
..	MANTUA	11000	.....	...
June	SALSETTE	6000	MOOLTAN	10000
..	ARABIA	8000	.....	...
21st	DELTA	8000	MOREA	11000
28th	INDIA	8000	.....	...

All the above steamers are fitted with *WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY.*

Passengers for Brindisi transhipped to connecting Steamers at Port Said

Tenders leave the Ballard Pier on the day of sailing. All Passengers must attend at that place at 12-30 P.M., for medical inspection by the Health Officer of the Port.

Friends of Passengers cannot go on board the Mail Steamer.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, AUSTRALIA, AND NEW ZEALAND

The Company's Steamers leave Bombay fortnightly usually on Wednesday, taking Passengers for the Straits, China, and Japan, and return tickets are issued on favourable terms.

For accommodation and further information, apply to

A. H. FROOM,
Superintendent.

Bombay.

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES,

French Mail Steamers.

TO MARSEILLES.

Vessels	Tons.	Capts.	To sail on
Australian	6385	Costa	9th April, 1913.
Macedonian	4120	Fabre	7th May, 1913.
Malwa	5685	Sellier	4th June, 1913.
Oceanien	4143	Mages	2nd July, 1913.
Sphinx	5685	Cousin	30th July, 1913

PASSAGE FARES.

	1st	2nd	3rd
To Marseilles (single) .. Rs.	594	495	225
Do. (return) .. „	891	743	495
To London (single) .. „	660	528	270
Do. (return) .. „	990	797	495

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS.

RETURN TICKETS can be made available one way by the Messageries Maritimes and the return voyage by the Austrian Lloyd or the Italian Line at reduced Fares.

For further particulars apply to

H. WILLIAMS, Agent.

Elbert Building, Hornby Road, Bombay.

SOCIETA' NAZIONALE DI SERVIZ MARITTIMI (RUBATTINO LINE.)

BOMBAY to NAPLES AND GENOA direct;

OR BRINDISI AND VENICE (transhipping at PORT SAID.)

WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on
Calabria	5255	A. Muzio ..	April 15, 1913
Sicilia	5229	D. Maganzini	May 15, 1913

RATES TO THE ABOVE PORTS INCLUSIVE OF WINE, BEER, AND ELECTRIC FANS.

	1st Class.	2nd Class	3rd Class
Single Ticket from Rs.	475 to 550	Rs. 350	Rs. 165
Return Tickets available for two years from..... Rs.	675 to 825	Rs. 525	Rs. 247

Through tickets to LONDON on application.

Through tickets to NEW YORK in connection at Naples or Genoa, 1st Class, from Rs. 790 to Rs. 690. Special rates for missionaries. Passengers for Europe have the option of going via Genoa and returning via Venice or vice versa, and can break journey at any port en route

EXCHANGEABLE RETURN TICKETS issued to return either by the Messageries Maritimes from Marseilles, or by the Austrian Lloyd from Trieste

TO BOMBAY TO SINGAPORE AND KOBE.

Vessels.	Tons	Captains.	To sail on
Ancheri	4196	A.de Amezaga	Ap. 16, 1913

SALOON FARES to SINGAPORE, Rs. 165; to KOBE, Rs. 250; DECK FARES to SINGAPORE, Rs. 45; and to KOBE, Rs. 70.

Subject to alterations for further particulars, apply to—

G. FERRERO.
Elphinstone Circle, BOMBAY. Agent.

BOMBAY AMERICAN LINE.

DIRECT SAILINGS MONTHLY.

TAKING CARGO FROM NEW YORK, BOSTON, PHILADELPHIA, OR BALTIMORE.

For further particulars regarding freight, apply to

W. & A. GRAHAM & CO.,
TURNER MORRISON & CO.,
Agents,

SHIPPING.

BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION CO., LD.

INTEND TO DESPATCH STEAMERS AS FOLLOWS.

FOR KARACHI.

Weekly from Victoria Docks.

Steamers Tons Sailing Date Time Route via.
Lunga ...2185 Mon. 31st Mar. 11 a.m.* P.D. &O. M.
Dumra ...1695 Thurs. 3rd April. 9 a.m. † C. M.
Lhasa ...2181 Friday 4th April ‡ 6 a.m. direct.

*Porebunder, Dwarka, Cutch Mandvie.
†Cutch Mandvie.
‡Or later on arrival of English Mail Steamer.

FOR KARACHI AND BUSREH.

(Weekly.)

S. S. "Dumra," 1,695 tons, on Thursday 3rd April, calling at Muscat, Bushire and Mahomerah.

FOR KARACHI AND PERSIAN GULF PORTS. (Weekly.)

S. S. "Bankura," 3,159 tons, on Thursday, 3rd April, calling at Verawal, Mangrol, Karachi, Gwadur, Muscat, Jask, Bunder Abbas, Henjam, Linga, Dubai, Bahrein, Bushire, Koweit, Mahomerah and Busreh.

FOR SEYCHELLES, EAST AND SOUTH AFRICA. (Fortnightly.)

Steamers.	Tonnage.	Sailing on
†Lindula	3358	Thursday, 3rd April.
*Pentakota	3418	„ 17th „
†Pundua	3305	„ 1st May.
*Palamcotta	3413	„ 15th „

†Calls at Lamu, Mombassa, Zanzibar, Beira, Delagoa Bay, and Durban.
*Calls at Seychelles, Mombasa, Zanzibar, Mozambique, Beira, Delagoa Bay and Durban.

Passengers may book through to Cape Colony Ports transhipping at Durban, to the steamers of the Union Castle or other line.

FOR COAST PORTS AND CALCUTTA.

A Steamer on or about 5th April.

FOR RANGOON OR CALCUTTA (Direct).

Frequent sailings with onward connections to ports in Arracan, Burma, Straits Settlements, Mauritius, Australia, and New Zealand.

Terms and rates of freight and passage may be arranged with

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO.,
Agents.

Nicol Road, near Ballard Pier, BOMBAY.
31st March, 1913.

ANCHOR LINE.

REGULAR SAILINGS FROM BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES AND LIVERPOOL.

The following SAILINGS have been arranged

HOMEWARD PASSENGER SEASON, 1913.

Steamers.	Tons.	Capts.	Leave Bombay 1913.
Circassia	6722	C. F. Osborne, R.N.R.	10th Ap.
Scindia	5106	Wm. Kelso ..	22nd „
Castalia	6388	G. Mitchell ..	5th May
Elysia	6368	J. Coverley ..	18th „
Massilia	5091	J. Thomson ..	5th June
Olympia	5124	J. Kinnaird ..	15th „
Circassia	6722	C. F. Osborne, R.N.R.	5th July.
Scindia	5106	Wm. Kelso ..	19th „
Castalia	6388	G. Mitchell ..	3rd Aug.
Elysia	6368	J. A. Coverley	17th „
Massilia	5091	J. Thomson ..	1st Sept.
Olympia	5124	J. Kinnaird ..	17th „
Circassia	6722	C. F. Osborne, R.N.R.	4th Oct.
Scindia	5106	Wm. Kelso ..	15th „
Castalia	6388	G. Mitchell ..	26th „
Elysia	6368	J. Coverley ..	11th Nov

FARES.

	Single.	Return.
Bombay to Suez .. .. Rs.	413	627
Bombay to Port Said ..... „	446	677
Bombay to Marseilles and back from Liverpool „	578	924
Bombay to London Overland from Marseilles and back from Liverpool ..... „	653	999
Bombay to Gibraltar ..... „	590	891
Bombay to Liverpool ..... „	605	957
Bombay to New York .... „	841	1,429
Bombay to Cairo, including train fare to Suez ..... „	446	

All return tickets are available for two years.

Concessions granted to Families, Railway Employees, Hospital Nurses, Missionaries, Tea Planters, &c.

Each steamer carries a duly qualified Surgeon, and expreienced Stewardess, and is fitted with every comfort.

All steamers have electric lights and electric fans in every cabin free of charge.

Officers of the army are exempted from the penalty attached to overstaying their leaves by reason of delay in arrival of steamer, provided it is timed to arrive within the period of their leave.

The advertised rates to Europe, include a passage by B.I.S.N. Co.'s steamer, between Karachi and Bombay.

Through tickets to America per Anchor-Cunard Joint Passenger Service.

For any further information regarding passage, apply to the Undersigned

W. & A. GRAHAM & CO.,
AGENTS, Bombay.

● SELF CURE NO FICTION! ●
NO SUFFERER NEED NOW DESPAIR.
THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY.
THERAPION No. 1
in a remarkably short time, often a few days only, Cures discharges (either sex) superseding injections
THERAPION No. 2
Cures blood poison, bad legs, ulcers, sores, painful swelled joints, &c., when mercurial treatment fails.
THERAPION No. 3
Cures chronic weakness, lost vigor and vital force. Either Number Therapion & all self treatment directions enclosed, of chemists or post free 3/- from The Le Clerc Medicine Co., Haverstock Rd., Hampstead, London, Eng. Try New Dragee (Tasteless) Form of Therapion, easy to take, safe, lasting cure. Trade Marked word 'THERAPION' is on British Govt. Stamp affixed to every genuine packet.
THERAPION
CURES TO STAY CURED.
SOLD BY TREACHER & Co.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

HERE IS SOMETHING that will interest YOU

Our New Price Lists FREE.

APPLY TO THE

DIAMOND JUBILEE WASHING CO.,

DRY CLEANING, DYEING AND ELECTRIC FINISHING WORKS,

2-14, Hummum Street, Fort, BOMBAY.

BANKS.

International Banking Corporation.

HEAD OFFICE: NEW YORK.

Capital Paid up ..	Gold $ 3,250,000,00
Reserve Fund	„ „ 3,250,000,00
Undivided Profits....	„ „ 558,288,69

LONDON OFFICE:—36, Bishopsgate E. C.—

BRANCHES:—

Bombay.	Cebu	San Francisco.
Calcutta.	Shanghai.	Mexico.
Singapore.	Hankow.	Panama.
Hongkong.	Peking.	Colon.
Canton.	Yokohama.	Empire.
Manila.	Kobe.	

THE CORPORATION sells drafts and Cable Transfers on the principal cities of Europe, America, Australia, China, and Japan, buys bills of exchange, Letters of Credit, and carries on every description of Banking and Exchange business.

CURRENT DEPOSITS ACCOUNT opened, on which interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on Daily Balances, from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000.

FIXED DEPOSITS received for 12 months and for shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

TRAVELLERS CHEQUES SUPPLIED.

H. A. W. BRENT,
Ag. Manager.

BOMBAY OFFICE,
42-43 Church Gate Street.

COX & CO., BANKERS & AGENTS

ESTABLISHED 1758.

Registered under the Companies (Consolidated) Act, 1908.

CAPITAL PAID UP £400,000
RESERVE £50,000

HEAD OFFICE:—16, CHARING CROSS RD., LONDON.

BRANCHES:—Bombay, Calcutta, Karachi Rawalpindi, Muree, and Srinagar (Kashmir)

BANKING BUSINESS of every description transacted.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened, and FIXED DEPOSITS received. Rates of INTEREST to be obtained on application.

LETTERS OF CREDIT issued, and DRAFTS granted on London at the Bank's Current Rates of exchange, and on Branches and Agencies throughout India.

TELEGRAPHIC REMITTANCES made. ADDRESSES for cabling purposes registered free of charge.

INSURANCE of every description effected

SHIPPING, PASSAGE, AND AGENCY BUSINESS of every description, including IMPORT and EXPORT OF CARGO and BAGGAGE, with STORAGE of Baggage and other goods, effected by COX'S SHIPPING AGENCY, Limited, in connection with Messrs. Cox & Co., SAILING LISTS and HANDBOOKS supplied on application.

A copy of the Half-yearly Balance Sheet will be forwarded on application.

HEAD OFFICE:
CHARING CROSS, LONDON, S. W.

HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

Paid up Capital	$ 15,000,000
Reserve Liability for Proprietors	$15,000,00
Silver Reserve Fund	$17,200,000
Gold Reserve Fund	$ 1,500,000

COURT OF DIRECTORS AND HEAD OFFICE IN HONGKONG.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES.

Amoy	Ipok	Johore
Bangkok	Johore	Saigon
Batavia	Kobe	San Francisco
Bombay	Kuala Lumpur	Shanghai
Calcutta	London	Singapore
Canton	Lyons	Sourabaya
Colombo	Malacca	Taipeh
Foochow	Manila	Tientsin
Hamburg	Nagasaki	Tsingtau
Hangkow	New York	Yokohama
Harbin	Pekin	Yloilo
Hongkong	Penang	
	Rangoon	

CURRENT DEPOSITS ACCOUNT.

Interest allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balance of Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 1,00,000 provided the sum accrued amounts to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Are received for varying periods up to 12 months on terms which may be ascertained on application.

Drafts granted on London and the chief commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, America, China, and Japan.

Credits granted, Bills purchased, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

C. H. WILSON,
Agent.

Carlton House, Outram Road, Bombay.

NAPIER ECONOMY.

Remarkable results of the private owners.

RUNNING COSTS COMPETITION.

Judges: Automobile Association.

The makers of the PROVED BEST CAR are continually endeavouring to reduce the running expenses of their cars. The most minute details in their design, receive most careful attention, with the idea of bringing the Napier cost of upkeep down to the lowest possible margin. Recently a Drivers' Competition was inaugurated in order to ascertain the running costs of various Napier owners. The remarkable results of the three winners detailed below serve to demonstrate how really economical motoring is, if your car is a Napier.

30 h.p. Six-Cylinder Napier. 1st Prize, £ 50
Winner covered 5,782 miles, at an average petrol consumption of 18·13 m.p.g.; total repairs, 7. F. Akerman, 11, Fairlop Place, St. John's Wood. N.W.

45 h.p. Six-Cylinder Napier. 2nd Prize, £ 25
Winner covered 6,294 miles, at an average petrol consumption of 15·85 m.p.g.; total repairs 1. A. J. Loveless. The Garage, "Duval's," Grays, Essex.

15 h.p. Four-Cylinder Napier. 3rd Prize, £ 15
Winner covered 6,274 miles, at an average petrol consumption of 20·33 m.p.g.; total repairs nil. A. C. Haines, Walton Road, Wetherby.

Do these facts and figures justify you at least seeing and testing a Napier, before you decide on your car?

Write to-day making an appointment for a trial run, and for a copy of the 1913 Napier Book.

NAPIER.—The Proved Best Car.

SOLE AGENTS

MARCKS & CO., LTD.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

BANKS.

THE Mercantile Bank of India, Limited.

AUTHORISED CAPITAL	£1,500,000
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL	£1,125,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL	£ 562,500
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS	£ 562,500
RESERVE FUNDS	£ 415,000

HEAD OFFICE:
40, Threadneedle Street, London. E.C

LONDON BANKERS:
The Bank of England.
The London Joint Stock Bank

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES:

BOMBAY, KARACHI, CALCUTTA, Sub-Branch HOWRAH (Calcutta), DELHI, RANGOON, MADRAS, COLOMBO, KANDY, GALLE, SINGAPORE, KUALA LUMPUR, KOTA, BAHRU (Kelantan), PENANG, HONGKONG, SHANGHAI.

The Bank negotiates and collects bills and grants Drafts payable at its Head Office and Branches, and issues Letters of Credit for the use of Travellers.

The Bank receives deposits on the following terms:—

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed at 2 per cent. on the daily balance if not under Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000. Sums over Rs. 1,00,000 will be received on terms to be ascertained on application.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Rates for Fixed deposits for 12 months and shorter period to be ascertained on application.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares, and receives same for safe custody realising interest and dividends when due

JAS. MURDOCH.
Manager.

Esplanade Road, Bombay.

THE EASTERN BANK, LTD.

HEAD OFFICE.

9, Crosby Square, London, E.C.

BRANCHES AT

Bombay, Calcutta, and Bagdad.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL.....	£1,000,000
PAID UP	£ 400,000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS	£ 600,000

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:—

The Rt. Hon. LORD BALFOUR of Burleigh, Kt.
Sir JACOB E. SASSOON, Bart. (Messrs. E. D. Sassoon & Co.)
EMILE FRANCQUI, Esq. (Director of the Banque d'Outremer.)
JAMES LEIGH WOOD, Esq., C.M.G (Messrs. Brown, DShiply & Co.)
J. C. GEORGES BOUILLAT, Esq. (Director of the Societe Generale de Paris.)
J. S. HASKELL, Esq. (Messrs. E D. Sassoon & Co.)

BOMBAY COMMITTEE:

Sir JACOB E. SASSOON, Bart.
A. J. RAYMOND., Esq.
Sir DINSHAW M. PETIT, Bart.
MATHURADAS GOCULDAS, Esq.

BOMBAY OFFICE:

Corner of Hornby Rd., and Churchgate St.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and FIXED DEPOSITS received on terms to be ascertained on application.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE PURCHASED, loans and credits granted on approved security and every description of Banking and Exchange business undertaken. The purchase and sale of Government securities, stocks, and shares undertaken and dividends thereon collected for constituents.

W. M. ANDERSON,
Manager.

BANKS.

THE ALLIANCE BANK OF SIMLA, LIMITED.

CAPITAL (paid up)	Rs. 20,00,000
RESERVE FUND (in Government Paper)	Rs. 29,00,000

HEAD OFFICE:—SIMLA

BRANCHES:—

Calcutta, Bombay, Agra, Ajmere, Cawnpore, Darjeeling, Lahore, Mussoroie, Murree, Rawalpindi, Delhi, and Umballa.

CORRESPONDENTS.

London, Edinburgh, Dublin, and in all the principal towns throughout India.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest on the accounts of individuals and private firms allowed half yearly at 2½ per cent. per annum to the 31st May next on daily balances from Rs. 500 to Rs. 1,00,000 and thereafter at 2 per cent., but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS received and interest allowed at rates which can be ascertained on application.

SAVINGS BANK.—Deposits received and interest allowed. Rules on application.

BANKING BUSINESS of every description treatment. RULES OF BUSINESS and full information obtainable on application.

W. A. M. LATTEY,
Agent

Elphinstone Circle, Bombay.

THE CENTRAL BANK OF INDIA LIMITED.

HEAD OFFICE:—Gresham Buildings.

PAID UP CAPITAL	Rs. 15,00,000
RESERVE FUND	Rs. 1,00,000

Banking buiness of every description transacted.

PRESENT RATE for SHORT DEPOSITS.

Payable in 5 day's notice 2½ per cent under Bank Rate.
Payable at 30 days' notice 2 per cent under Bank Rate.
Payable at 90 days' notice 1 per cent. under Bank Rate.

NO CHANGE OF LOSING MONEY DEPOSTED IN THIS BANK.

The following figures of the Working Capital show the Bank's progress in 1912

31st January, 1912 ..	Rs.	8,00,000
30th April „	Rs.	24,00,000
31st July „	Rs.	52,00,0000
30th December „	Rs.	100,00,000

S. N. POCKHANAWALA (C.A.I.B.), London. Manager

THE PUNJAB NATIONAL BANK, LIMITED.

(ESTABLISHED 15TH MAY, 1895.)

CAPITAL AUTHRISED	Rs. 20,00,000
CAPITAL ISSUD	Rs. 15,00,000
CAPITAL PAIDIP	Rs. 9,71,432
RESERVE FUN (in Govt. Papers)	Rs. 9,25,000

HEADOFFICE—LAHORE.

BRANCHES—

Amritsar, Bmbay, Calcutta, Cawnpore, Delhi, D.I. Kan, Ferozpore, Gujranwalla, Jullundhur, Krachi, Kasur, Lahore City, Lyalpur, Ludhana, Multan City, Peshawar City, Peshawr Cantt, Rawalpindi, Sargodha, Sialkot and Srinagar.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS are opened and interest allowed at the rate of 2½ per cent. per annum.

FIXED DPOSITS are received for 12 months at shorter periods at rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.

SAVINGS BANKS DEPOSITS. Sums as low as Rs.5 received and interest allowed at 3½ per cent. per annum.

LOANS, OVERDRAFTS, and CASH CREDITS. The Bank grants accommodation on tens to be arranged against approved secuty.

CHEQUES, HUNDIS, BILLS, etc., of out-stations to bought, collected, and discounted.

For other paticulars, and rules of business apply to

SRI RAM, B.A.
Manager.

Bombay, 89 Apollo Street,

Standard Oil Company of New York,

MARSHALL'S BUILDING,
BALLARD ROAD, BOMBAY.

LARGEST IMPORTERS OF AND DEALERS IN:—

Kerosene and Lubricating Oils,
Motor Spirit: Pratt's and Pegasus Brand,
Pratt's Genuine Spirit or Turpentine
Grease,
Paraffine Wax, &c., &c.

KEROSINE OIL BRANDS:—

Snowflake	150	in cases.
White Rose	150	„ „
Chester	125	„ „
Devoe's	125	„ „
Monkey	125	„ „

These well-known Brands are imported and sold in cases only.

Elephant 125 in tins, and in bulk from yellow carts.

SHELL MOTOR SPIRIT

RETAIL AGENTS FOR BOMBAY,

MESSRS. F. M. CHINOY & CO., DUNCAN ROAD.

LIBERAL TERMS TO DEALERS

SHELL SPIRIT IS IMPORTED INTO INDIA ONLY BY

LIBERAL TERMS TO DEALERS

THE ASIATIC PETROLEUM CO. (INDIA), LTD.

BOMBAY, CALCUTTA, MADRAS, KARACHI.

MONGINI BROTHERS.

THE FIRM FOR

CHOCOLATES.

PETER'S AND NESTLE'S SWISS CHOCOLATES,
CADBURY'S AND FRY'S ENGLISH CHOCOLATES,
MORIONDS AND GARIGLIO'S ITALIAN CHOCOLATES
HELLERS' AUSTRIAN CHOCOLATES,
KING GEORGE'S CHOCOLATES,
And Regal and Tudor Assortment of Chocolates.

NUT CHOCOLATE, MILK CHOCOLATE, CHOCOLATE NOUGAT, Chocolate Biscuits, Liqueur Chocolate, Chocolate Pralines, Chocolate in tablets, Chocolate in tins, and a large assortment of beautiful chocolate boxes suitable for presentation.

MONGINI BROTHERS,
CHURCH GATE STREET, BOMBAY.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

NORTH-WESTERN RAILWAY.

NOTICE.

TENDERS FOR THE SUPPLY OF "COTTON WASTE COLOURED SOFT FOR CLEANING PURPOSES."

SEALED TENDERS superscribed "TENDERS FOR COTTON WASTE" are invited and will be received by the Agent in his Office, at Lahore, (Post Office, Naulakha), up to 12 noon, on TUESDAY, the 22nd April, 1913, at which date, time and place they will be opened in the presence of any Tenderers who wish to be present. The approximate consumption is 4,500 cwts. during 12 months, and delivery must be made at Lahore, but consignments may be booked from Outstations in accordance with the terms noted in the form of Tender.

2. Form of Tender can be obtained on application by approved Contractors from the Chief Storekeeper, North-Western Railway, Lahore, by whom a charge of Rs. 5 will be made for each Tender form.

3. Samples of Waste Tenders far must not exceed one pound in weight, otherwise Tender will not be considered; they should be legibly marked with the name and address of Tenderers, and be delivered free of all charges at the Office of the Chief Storekeeper, not latter than 12 noon, on TUESDAY, the 22nd April, 1913.

4. Earnest money as prescribed in form of Tender must be remitted in cash or Currency Notes to the Chief Cashier, North-Western Railway, Naulakha, Lahore, with a covering letter stating that the amount has been remitted in connection with Tender for "Cotton Waste" and his receipt shall be attached to the form of Tender. (Currency Notes valuing Rs. 500 on other than Lahore Circle will not be accepted).

5. Tenders not submitted on the prescribed form or received without the receipt for earnest money will not be considered.

6. No Contractor or representative will be admitted to the room to witness the opening of Tenders, unless he personally presents a Tender at the entrance. Those who do not wish to be present, should post their Tenders in good time. No information can be given at the time of opening Tenders except the names of the Contractors or Firms whose Tenders have been received.

7. The Agent holds himself at liberty to select any Tender, and does not bind himself to accept the whole or any part of the lowest or any Tender, or to assign any reason for non-acceptance of a Tender.

Chief Storekeeper's Office,
Lahore, dated 26th March, 1913.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY.

ALTERATIONS IN THE TIMINGS OF LOCAL TRAINS.

ON and from 1st April 1913, the DAILY LOCAL TRAIN leaving Victoria Terminus at 20-15 will be extended to Thana, stopping at Intermediate Stations, between Kurla and Thana.

The Daily Local Train leaving Victoria Terminus at 21-5 will run to Kurla only.

A. C. RUMBOLL,
General Traffic Manager.
Bombay, 26th March, 1913.

NOTICE.

PHIPSON & CO., BOMBAY.
AGENTS AT DELHI.
KING, KING & Co., 1, Kashmir Gate.

HOUSE, Bazar and Dhobie Account Book for 12 months, with Servants' Diary Wages Table, Recipes, Instructions, and Will Form by G. L. CHARD, 6th edition, revised. Price Rs. 1-8. No. 5 dept. A. and N. Co-operative Society Ltd., Bombay.

☞ WHISKY NOGGIN.

WE SELL this miniature whisky jug mounted in Silver. It holds just one gill and is cleaner and more elegant in use than the pegmeasure of the refreshment bar type. As each guest is served with one for his exclusive own it becomes unnecessary to urge the importunate question of quantity. The noggin is a silent and home like suggestion of "just help yourself," while the obtrusive "half or full peg, Sir?" sounds too business like.

MARCKS & CO., LTD.,
BOMBAY & POONA.

BANK OF BOMBAY.
SAVINGS BANK.

THE BANK receives DEPOSITS on the following terms:—

Sums not exceeding Rs. 1,000, in the aggregate may be deposited within any one year from 1st January to 31st December.

Deposits may be made in the names of two or more persons, and the balance made payable to one or more of them, or to the survivor or survivors.

Interest is allowed at the rate of THREE PER CENT. per annum on the minimum monthly balance, not exceeding Rs. 5,000.

Copies of the Rules can be obtained on application to the Bank.

J. BEGBIE,
Secretary and Treasurer.

CUMMOO JAFFER SULLEMAN & Co., GIRGAUM, BOMBAY.

NEW and Second-hand English-built CARRIAGES for SALE.

CARRIAGES and HORSES let on hire.

CROCKERY, CUTLERY, GLASS WARE, on sale and on hire.

FURNITURE of the latest design for sale and on hire.

HOUSES FURNISHED with neat furniture.

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COMMERCIAL ENVELOPES—"Gazette Commercial" of the following sizes:—

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* If printed on flap there will be an additional charger Rs. 3 per 1,000.

6 13-16 inch by 3½ inch, Rs. 2½ per thousand*

* If printed on flap, Rs. 4 per thousand.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

NOTICE.

THE public are informed that the APOLLO BUNDER will be RESERVED for public purposes, from 5 P. M. to 8 P. M., on MONDAY, the 31st instant.

This order is made under Sub-section (4) of Section 23, of Act IV of 1902, with the sanction of Government.

S. M. EDWARDES,
Commissioner of Police.
Bombay, 28th March, 1913.

LORD SYDENHAM MEMORIAL FUND.

NOTICE.

THE SUBSCRIPTION LIST, for the above fund, is now open, and subscriptions will be received by the Bank of Bombay, to the credit of the above fund, or by any of the Undersigned:—

VITHALDAS D. THACKERSEY,
J. S. WARDLAW MILNE,
H. A. WADIA.
SHAPURJI B. BROACHA,
J. A. D. McBAIN,
LALUBHAI SAMALDAS,
FAZULBHOY CURRIMBHOY,
Hon. Secretaries.

CAWASJI JEHANGIR,
NAROTTAM MORARJI GOCULDAS,
Hon. Treasurers.

WHEREAS MAHARAJ BAHADUR SINGH, son of late RAI DHANPAT SINGH BAHADUR of Balucher in district Murshidabad, has brought a Civil Suit No. 288 of 1912, in the Court of the Special Sub-Judge of Hazaribagh styling himself, as general Manager of the Jain Sitambri Sect in behalf of the said Sitambri Sect of Jains against 1. Seth Manik Chund of Bombay 2. Seth Hira Chund of Sholapore 3. Harsukh Das Seth of Hazaribagh, 4. B. Karam Chund of Arrah, 5. Babu Gulab Chund of Chapra, 6. Parikh Chuni Lal of Borsad Gujrat, 7. Jai Kumar Jor of Akola, Ahmednagar, 8. Bhattarak Satyandra Bhusan of Ura in Jhansi, 9. Dayabhai, at present of Madhuban district Hazaribagh, 10. Dhanu Lall, of Calcutta, and 11. Parmesti Das of Calcutta, for having it declared that the defendants as also the whole Digambri Sect have no right to worship in the temples on the Paresnath Hill in Gadi Palgunj Sub-District Giridih, district Hazaribagh, without permission of the Sitambri Sect of Jains, and in a mode approved by them and that they cannot occupy the Dharamsalas on the said Hill without similar permission.

That an order be passed directing the correction of the entry made in the Khas Khatian of Khewat, No. 7, accordingly and whereas the said Plaintiff has put in petitions for permission of the Court under order, No. 1, rule 8 of Act V of 1908, India Council, which is cited as Civil Procedure Code of 1908, to himself on behalf of the whole Sitambri Sect of Jains, and also for permission that the said defendants be sued on behalf of the whole Digambri Sect of Jains, it is hereby notified that the said Sitambri and the Digambri Sects of Jains of the institution of the said suit and that any member or members of the said Sects of Jains so willing may apply to the said Court to be made parties to the said suit.

B. S. SEN,
Spl Sub-Judge, Hazaribagh.
Dated Hazaribagh, the 25th March, 1913.

SALES BY AUCTION.

J. S. MODY AND COMPANY, AUCTIONEERS & COMMISSION AGENTS, 24-26, Bank Street, Fort.

AUCTION SALE OF STEAM LAUNCH "SULTANA."

TO-MORROW, TUESDAY, the 1st April, at 3 p. m., (B.T.), Messrs. J. S. MODY and Co. will sell by Public Auction, at "Chamar Godi," by order of the owner, the steam launch "Sultana" of gross tonnage 6.70 45 feet in length, 8 feet in breadth, and 4 feet in depth with all accessories complete in going order.

The launch is now on view.

SALE ON FRIDAY, 4th April, at 2-30 P. M., (S. T.).

Messrs. J. S. MODY & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, on FRIDAY, the 4th day of April, at 2-30 P.M., (S.T.), on the first floor opposite Rogers & Co., in Dean Lane, off Hummum Street, next to B. Sakharamji & Co., Fort, (where the entire furniture has been removed for sale) valuable and substantial teak and blackwood new designed French polished household furniture, such as tapestry lined drawing-room suites of sofas and chairs, cabinets, single and double mirror door almirahs, marble and tile topped centre tables and teapoys, office table, mirrored chest of drawer washhand tables, dining table, and chairs, sideboard, dinner waggon, wooden bedsteads, carved tables, roll-topped writing tables, electric, fans, ebonized cottage piano, glass door cupboard, Singer's hand sewing machine, glassware, gent's bicycle, and cooking utensils, etc.

The above furniture will beon view three days before the sale.

J. S. MODY & Co.,
Auctioneers.
Bombay, 31st March, 1913.

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The leading Financial Paper in the East.
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1 MINUTE'S WALK from MAIDANIA.

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NOTICE.

THE RETAIL PICE of THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE," in Poona, Kirkee, &c., is 2 annas per copy. The rate for Subscribers is now Rs. 26 per annum in advance, post free.

AMUSEMENTS.

OLYMPIA PICTURE PALACE,
AND
HALL OF VARIETIES.

OUR GRAND STAR PROGRAMME, COMMENCING SATURDAY, 29TH MARCH.

SPECIAL ATTRACTIONS TO-NIGHT

First Appearance
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Son of the famous LEO DRYDEN of London Music Hall Fame.
CHARACTER ACTOR and COMEDIAN from THE PALACE THEATRE, LONDON.

Return of Bombay's Favourite
Mr. NORMAN BARRINGTON.
The Man who has, can and will make you forget your troubles,
SO CHEER UP! & Come Along.

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A beautiful film, in 3 PARTS, 3,000 feet long, full of genuine pathos, once seen, never forgotten.

SEE THE BEAUTIFUL DANCE IN IT.
A REGULAR VARIETY TURN IN ITSELF.

ELECTRIC VILLA ..... (Comic).
A ROYAL ROMANCE ..... (Drama).
BILLY'S STRATAGEM ..... (Drama).
WILLIE KNOWS HOW TO WEAR FURS (Comic).

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FIRST SHOW	6-30 to 8 P.M.
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THIRD SHOW	10-30 to 12 P.M.
MATINEES EVERY SAT. & SUNDAY,	5-15 to 6-15 P.M.

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GRUYERE, GORGONZOLA and PARMESAN CHEESE, the best obtainable.
PURE ITALIAN OLIVE OIL, unsurpassable for purity.
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EGGS MACCARONI, (a speciality) prepared with Eggs.
HOB'S D'OUVRE in glass jars and in tins of different varieties from the best Home Firms.
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ALMONDS and WALNUTS (Italian) in soft shell; MALAGA RAISINS, and DESSERT SMYRNA FIGS in boxes; and ITALIAN HAZELNUTS.
SINGAPORE CANE CHAIRS, SETTIES, EASY CHAIRS, and TABLES of various patterns and designs always in stock.
Our famous GRIGNOLINO CLARET (purely Grape Wine) in great demand.

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will become chronic if you neglect it. Stop it at once by taking BATLIWALA'S AGUE MIXTURE or PILLS.
Price Re. 1 each.

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For pale people, is a valuable remedy in all cases of overwrought brain work impotency weakness, early stage of consumption, and indigestion, etc., Rs. 1-8 each.

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Bombay Gazette.

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(REVISED AND ENLARGED.)

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THIRD EDITION.

"THE BOMBAY GAZETTE" OFFICE,

HOMJI STREET, ELPHINSTONE CIRCLE, FORT, BOMBAY.

1913

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Only advertisements for clerks, servants, &c., Goods for sale or wanted are accepted in this column.
RATES. (Cash Only.) Not exceeding 3 lines, Re. 1. Each succeeding line, annas 8. Minimum charge, Re. 1.
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PLATE POWDER.—Preserve your silver and electroplated ware by using the BATTLE-AXE PLATE POWDER. The finest preparation for producing a beautiful and lasting polish upon all articles of silver and electroplate. It contains no poison. We use it ourselves to make our stock of silver and plate to look always bright and fresh. PRICE ANNAS 8 PER TIN ONLY. MARKOS & Co., Ltd., JEWELLERS & SILVERSMITHS, BOMBAY & POONA.

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ENGLISH NURSE, lately from England, wishes ENGAGEMENT, Medical, Surgical or Maternity. Terms moderate. Apply K. S., Y. W. C. A., Bombay.

ELECTRICAL LAMPS, Cables, Fans, and Accessories.—OOMEDRAM JEEWABHAI & CO., Bankers and Government Contractors, Kalbedevi Road, Installation undertaken at moderate rates. All materials stocked.

ELECTRICAL PRINTING.—The "Bombay Gazette" Office is located at HOMJEE STREET, where a complete electric installation supplies the motive power for working of the machinery, thus economising labour and facilitating work. The management is therefore able to offer constituents expedition and economy in rates. Quotations given for all sorts of Printing Work, Binding, Stationery, etc.

GAZDAR & CO.—MERCHANTS AND CONTRACTORS, Churchgate St., Large stock of best English and Italian flooring, Dado Wall Tiles, Majolica Mosaic, Hand Brand Cement, Marble, Lavatory Basins, Closets, Bath Tubs, etc.

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PARISIAN DAIRY CO., Tamarind Lane, Fort.—Manufacturers and suppliers of the BEST TABLE BUTTER, to the Military Messes, Clubs, Hotels, etc. Pure cow's and Buffloe's milk delivered morning and evening.

ROOMS TO LET in Elphinstone Circle Buildings, for residence, with Verandah, Bath Room, Kitchen, and Servants' quarters. Rent Rs. 50 to Rs. 100. Apply to D. NANJEE 17, Elphinstone Circle

SAFE DEALERS.—GODREJ and BOYCE MFG Co., By appointment to H. E. the GOVERNOR, SAFES and LOCK MAKERS to H. M.'s Mint and Buildings, near Gas Works, Parel, Bombay.

TURKEY.—"Through Asiatic Turkey," Bombay to the Bosphorous. Two volumes. By Grattan Geary, Rs 10 Apply to Box No. 419, care of the "Bombay Gazette" Office.

V. MOOSA and Co., Money School Bdgs. Kalbadevi, are everywhere famous for their HIGH CLASS TAILORING of the latest fashion, and very moderate prices for all sorts of cloths, collars, ties, etc.

THE GREATEST PROBLEM OF LIFE

is how to keep it thoroughly fit and well and to attain the highest pitch of happiness. To make life and work a pleasure, it is of absolute necessity that the system should be so kept as to meet the demands made upon it. Are you aware of this?

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NOTICE.

THE FILE of the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" may be seen at the Office of the GENERAL MANAGER of "The Empire Ld.," at Nos. 25 and 26, Waterloo Street, and the File of "THE EMPIRE" may be seen at the Office of "The Bombay Gazette," Ld.

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WANTED.—An L. C. E. Apply with particulars and copies of testimonials-stating the least salary required to
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Dewan, Bansda State, BANSDA.

WANTED.—NIGHT SUB-EDITOR, for English Morning Paper. None but experienced, reliable men need apply.—Box No. 940, "Bombay Gazette" Office.

WANTED.—ONE MANAGER and one WEAVING MASTER for a large up-to-date up-country Spinning and Weaving Mills. The Manager should have a thorough practical knowledge of Carding and Spinning and should know sizing, weaving and finishing well to efficiently manage a large weaving shed. Only first class practical experts need apply. Handsome salaries. Efficient Indians quite eligible for appointment.

Apply with copies of testimonials, which will not be retuened, to
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EUROPEAN COUPLE REQUIRE small FURNISHED FLAT, near the Band Stand or Apollo Bunder, for a long period. Apply Box No. 924, care of this Paper.

WANTED.—12 GOOD JOBBING COMPOSITORS, required at once. Must be able to read English. Good salary to the right men. Apply to the MANAGER "Bombay Gazette," Homji Street, Fort.

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WANTED—By Englishman, FURNISHED BUNGALOW or FLAT, on Woodhouse Road or Colaba. Apply Box No. 921, care of this Paper.

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A EURASIAN MACHINE MINDER for night work required at once. Must be competent to take charge of the printing of a newspaper. Write, giving full particulars, salary required, etc., to Box No. 929, care of "Bombay Gazette."

WANTED to advance immediately Rs. 30 to 40 thousand on property, reasonable interest, brokers need not apply, write to Box No. 923, care of this Paper.

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FOR SALE.—A quantity of Furniture, including chairs, tables, curtains, almyrahs, dressing table, and beds, &c. Apply to Box No. 918, care of "Bombay Gazette."

FOR SALE.—A slightly used HAMMOND TYPEWRITER, original price Rs. 500, offered at Rs. 350. Apply Box No. 934, care of this Paper.

FOR SALE.—An EXCELLENT PROPERTY, situated near Colaba Causeway, suitable for office as well as residential purposes. For particulars apply to Box No. 919, care of this Paper.

FOR SALE.—UPRIGHT GRAND PIANO by Collard and Collard of London. In first rate condition. Price Rs. 345. Apply to Box No. 917, care of this Paper.

FOR SALE.—As a going concern, a DAIRY FARM. Apply Box No. 935, care of this Paper.

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TO BE LET.—TWO FLOORS of a Building, at Cawasji Patell Street, Fort, open on all sides. Rent Moderate. Apply Box No. 932, care of this Paper.

TO BE LET.—A Big BUNGALOW, on Neapean Sea Road, open on all sides. Apply Box No. 925, care of this Paper.

AIRY FLAT, Facing Apollo Pier Fittings up-to-date. Apply Box No. 930, care of this Paper.

TO BE LET.—A BUNGALOW, at Malabar Hill, beautifully furnished with up-to-date sanitary arrangements. Apply to Box No. 931, care of this Paper.

TO BE LET.—An EXCELLENT OFFICE, on Hornby Road, close to Victoria Terminus. Electric Lights, Fans and Lift. Apply to Box No. 933, care of this Paper.

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THE Cooperage nearly opposite the Bandstand TO LET, to English married couple as paying guests. Nicely Furnished Bedroom with Verandah, with overhead Fan and Electric Light. Private Bathrooms, Shower, and W.C. Use of Dining-room, etc. Overlooking sea and Improvement Trust Gardens. Telephone installation. Good English Table on the English principle. Terms moderate. Apply Box N. 928, care of "Bombay Gazette."

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SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

The B. I. S. N. Company's steamer Umta, 1 tons, Captain T. P. Babb, sailed on urday for Karachi, with a general and e same bottom Cargo.

The P. and O. S. N. Company's steamer Salsette, 2,391 tons, Captain H.G.H. Lewellin R. N. R., sailed from Bombay on Saturday for Aden with mail passengers and a general cargo.

The steamer Hild, 719 tons, Captain J. Salvesen, sailed on Saturday for Bangkok etc. with a general cargo.

The B. I. S. N. Company's steamer Vadala, 2,164 tons, Captain E. G. Cocklin, sailed on Saturday for Moulmein, with ballast.

The steamer Rags, 2,296 tons Captain, G. Gordon, sailed on Sunday for Hull and Dunkirk with a general cargo.

The steamer Abana, 2,709 tons, Captain R. Routledge, sailed on Sunday for Kobe etc. with a general Cargo.

The Asiatic S. N. Company's steamer Subadar, 3,087 tons, Captain H. J. Crebbin, sailed on Sunday for Calcutta via Coast ports with a general cargo and 1 deck passenger.

The Anchor Line steamer Circassia, 4,336 tons, Captain C. F. Osborne, arrived in Bombay harbour on Friday evening from Liverpool 4th March with a general cargo and passengers.

The B. I. S. N. Company's steamer Bankura, 1,905 tons, Captain P. B. H. Whytehead arrived in harbour on Saturday from Basrah 17th March, via Karachi and coast ports, with a general cargo and 38 deck passengers.

The German East Africa line steamer Kanzler, 1,865 tons, Captain F. Schapt, arrived in harbour on Saturday from Daressalam, 12th March via Zanzibar etc. with a general cargo and 11 cabin and 177 deck Passengers.

The Portugnes gun-boat Ris Sado, 645 tons, Commander A de Macedo Ortegas, arrived in Bombay harbour on Saturday from Nova Goa.

The Clan Line steamer Clan Macphee, 3,224 tons, Captain E. C. Day, arrived in Bombay harbour on Saturday evening from Durban, 15th March, with a cargo of coal.

The steamer Patella, 3,501 tons, Captain J R. Nashet, arrived in harbour on Sunday from New York, 21st February, with a cargo of petroleum oil.

The steamer Sutherland, 8,277 tons, Capt. A. Longstaff, in harbour on Sunday from Calcutta, 18th March with a cargo of coal.

The Steamer Stephonatis, 2,584 tons, Capt. R. A Goodridge, arrived in harbour on Sunday from Calcutta March 21st with a cargo of coal.

The steamer Hagen, 2,624 tons, Captain A. Wilson, arrived in harbour on Sunday from Adelaide, 11th February, with a general cargo.

MEN-OF-WAR AND R. I. M. VESSELS.

H M S Highflyer....Capt R A Nugento ..... R N Flagship
H M S Philomel.... ..Comdr Ballard ..... R Navy
H M S Sphinx .. .. ..Comdr Geo J Todd ..... Spl Scr St
R I M S Minto....Lieut G H Finnis ..... R I Marine
R. I. M. S. Duffe in...Comdr La Touche..... R I Marine

VESSELS IN THE HARBOUR.—MAR. 29.

Badr e.....1673 Fisher ..... Arab Strs Ld
Barca .....3794 Potter .....P & O Co
Clan Colquhoun...3760 Young...J Finlay & Co
Ismailia..... Egyptian .....M M & Co
Kanzler.....Schapp ... Durban . A S & Co
Kaveri .....553 Mahomed .. B. S N Co
Lindula..... ....2185 Walsh .....M M & Co
Marmaris.....Comdr Muhlis ..... Turkish G Boat
Mombassa.....2787 Lacock ....
Noor-el-Bahr.....215 Mahomed .....Nacoda
Nawab.....2041 Koes.....T M & Co
Pagenturm .....3160 Erbo Madras.....W & A Graham & Co
Robouria.....3420 Bishop.....M M & Co
Okara .....3439 Hirst..... M M & Co
Rio Sado.....Ortegeo .....Port Gunboat
Shah Jehan.....698 Nacoda .....Nacoda

VESSELS IN DOCK.—MAR. 29.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

Vessels.	Tons.	Capts.	Dest.	Date.	Agents
A Faris	757	Conies			Arab Steamers
B Dido	3127	Runton	30-3	J Finlay & Co	
C & B Strathesk		McPhee	2-4	W and A G and Co	
D & E Khosrou	2410	Hannah	Bo P S N Co		
F Romera	3938	Burns	30-3	J Finlay and Co	
K Shinyo Maru	3664	Okuma	N Y Kaisha		
M Luzon Maru	3968	Yannamati	K N & Co		
N. Clan Forbes	3109	Becket	Hull	N F J F & Co	
O Jerseymoor	2408	Barton	Philadelphia	5-4	W & A Graham & Co
P Imkinturm	3154	Carsten	W and A G and Co		
Q Umsinga	1863	Cox	Middlesbro		W & A Graham & Co

Offside L

Dumra .....762 Morrison...Busreh...3-4 ..... M M and Co

VICTORIA DOCK.

1 Barbargo...1831 Giacopello ..Venice SNCo
2 Circassia.....4315 Osborne ...L'pool..... W & A G & Co
3 Chupra...3597 Sullivan...Antwerp ...3-4 M M and Co
4 Maresfield...2635 McDonald.31-3 Ralli Bros
6 Dunrobin 2319 Carr Hamburg etc. T M & Co
7 Cleopatra.....2129 Obersich...Trieste ..1-4 A L S N Co
8 Patagonia ..3653 Davies ...Marseilles..... 30 3 ..K N & Co
9 Kt Errant... .... 4779 Jones ...Hull ..... K N & Co
12 & 13 Arabia ..4167 Palmer .....P and O Co
15 Capo Ortegal ..3136 M.Donald...29-3..... Kobe...T M & Co

H W P D

Mahanadi .....549 .....Ahmed ... ..B. S N Co

H W V D

Linga .....951 Butler ...Karachi...M M & Co

M W D D

Abydos .....1933 Daber ..... B. A Line Co

ARRIVALS

Mar	Vessels	Commanders.	From
28	Circassia	Osborne ...	Liv'pool, Mar 4
29	Linga	Butler	Karachi, Mar 27
	Bankura	Whytehead	Basreh, Mar 17
	T I M S Driade	La Touche.	Simpson Mar 5
	Kanzler	Schapp ...	Dar'salam, Mar 12
	Rio Sado(Port Guinea)...	Ortegeo ..	N Goa, Mar 27
	C Macpher ...	Day	Durban, Mar 5
30	Patella.....	Nashet ..	N York, Feb 21
	Angus	Dakers ...	Calcutta, Mar 15
	Sutherland ...	Longstaff..	Calcutta, Mar 18
	Stephanotis..	Goodridge .	Calcutta, Mar 21
	Hagen	Wilson.....	Adelaide, Feb 11
	Semiramis ...	Parissich..	Trieste, &c
	Delta	Martin ...	Shanghai, &c
	Kasara	King	Busreh, &c

DEPARTURES.

Mar.	Vessels.	Commanders.	Destination
29	Salsette	Lowdin ...	Aden
	Umta	Babb.....	Karachi
	Vadala....	Cocklin ...	Moulmein
30	Hild	Salvesen ...	Bangkok, &c
	Raga	Gordon	Hankirk, &c
	Abana	Routledge..	Kobe, &c
	Subadar	Crebbin ...	Calcutta, &c

The following vessels began to load on Saturday:—

Steamer Circassia, for Liverpool, &c.
" Hagen, for Dunkirk, &c.

STEAMER MOVEMENT.

The B I S N Co's steamer Golconda, left Suez on the evening of the 25th March.

The Ellerman line steamer City of Karachi, sailed from Port Said homeward bound on the morning of the 29th instant.

The Societa' Nazionale di Servizi Maritimi Co's steamer Sardegna from Genoa left Aden for Bombay on the 29th instant and is expected to arrive here on the 3rd of April night.

SUN, MOON, AND TIDES.

The following are the hours and heights of the tides in Bombay Harbour during the ensuing week. Hours stated in Bombay Mean Time; depth of water is at Prince's Dock sill.

HIGH WATER.

Day of week	Day of Month	Bombay Mean Time.		Depth on Sill.	
	March		h. m.	ft.	in.
Mon.....	31	m	6 5	22	5
	April				
Tues ...	1		8 41 a	24	11
		m	8 22	22	9
Wednes...	2		9 26 a	25	6
		m	9 21	23	8
Thurs....	3		9 55 a	25	11
		m	9 57	24	8
Fri	4		10 21 a	26	5
		m	10 28	25	8
			10 41 a	26	10

LOW WATER.

Day of Week.	Day of Month.	Bombay Mean Time.		Depth on Sill.	
	March		h. m.	ft.	in.
Mon.....	31	m	2 6	21	7
Tues.....	April		0 37 a	19	10
		m	3 0	20	9
Wednes..	2		2 7 a	19	8
		m	3 35	19	10
Thurs ...	3		3 0 a	19	8
		m	4 1	19	9
Fri..... ..	4		3 41 a	18	9
		m	4 25	18	2
			4 15	18	2

The following are the hours of sunrise and sunset according to Indian Standard Time, during the ensuing week:—

Mar.	Sunrise.		Sunset.	
31 (Monday)	do	6h. 34m.	do	6h. 52m.
1 (Tuesday)	do	6h. 33m.	do	6h. 52m.
2 (Wednes)	do	6h. 33m.	do	6h. 52m.
3 (Thurs)	do	6h. 32m.	do	6h. 53m.
4 (Friday)	do	6h 31m.	do	6h. 53m.

PHASES OF THE MOON.—Last Quarter, March 29th, 6h. 27-7m. p.m.; New Moon, April 6, 11h. 18-2m. p.m. First Quarter, 13th, 11h. 9-2m. a. m.; Full Moon, 21st, 3h. 2-7m. a.m.

ADVICE TO MOTHERS :—Are you broken in your best by a sick child suffering with the pain of cutting teeth? Go at once to a chemist and get a bottle of Mrs WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor sufferer immediately. It is perfectly harmless and pleasant to taste, it produces natural, quiet sleep, by relieving the child from pain, and the little cherub awakes "as bright as a button." It soothes the child, it softens the gums, allays all pain, relieves wind, regulates the bowels, and is the best known remedy for dysentry and diarrhœa, whether arising from teething or other cases. Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup is sold by Medicine dealers everywhere.

DAILY EXPORTS.—MAR. 29.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

Circassia s—4,500 cwts cottonseed Cokes K. Devchand and Co; 10.000 cwts wheat, Sanday and Co; 10,000 cwts wheat 500 cwts cottonseed, Ralli Brothers; 100 bales hemp H. Govindjee.

City of Lahore s—25 bales cotton P. Deoram, 110 bales cotton waste, G. Veerjee and Co.

FOR LONDON.

Arabia s—26 casks chutney, Framjee Nowrojee, 94 cwts condiments M. Poonjiajee and Sons; 94 cwts dry ginger M. A. Kajum; 22 tons Cottonseed Cake, The Indian Cotton oil Co. Ld; 31 cwts fishmaws, E. Moledina; 6 bales hemp, D. M. Doongajee and Co. 125 cwts deer horns, J. M. Rahimtoola; 50 bales hemp R. Muncherjee; 100 bales hemp P Mathoordas and Co; 46 cwts cutlefiish, H. Visram.

FOR GLASGOW.

Circassia s—9,000 cwts wheat, 1,980 cwts mussoor, 6,000 cwts cottonseed, Ralli Bros.

FOR PHILADELPHIA.

Circassia s—623 casks skins, Enrico N. Stein.

FOR NEW YORK.

Jerseymoons, s—377 casks, Indian condiments, 1 cwt. currypowder, 1 cwt. Bombay ducks, M. Poonjiajee and Sons, 100 cwt. gum, R. Damjee and Co.

FOR MARSEILLES.

Circassia s—15,740 cwt, wheat, 10,100 cwt. castorseed, 6,138 cwt. groundnuts, Ralli Bros.

Patagoniass—3,001 cwts groundnuts, 4,004 cwts linseed, 2,001 cwt. gingellyseed, 9,000 cwts. castorseed, E. D. Sassoon and Co.

FOR HULL.

Clan Forbes s— 4,000 cwts cottonseed, Sanday and Co., 660 cwts. hoofs, Hollingshurst and Co.

Kt. Errant s—2,137 cwts. cottonseed, T. Toolseedas.

FOR DUNKIRK.

Hogen s—13,060 cwts. linseed, 2,000 cwts. rapeseed, 3,996 cwts. groundnuts, Ralli Bros; 4,002 cwts. groundnuts, C. Boggiano and Co.

Kt. Errant s—9,000 cwts. linseed, 8,000 cwts. rapeseed, Ralli Brothers, 110 bales cotton, Prier de Saone and Co.

FOR ANTWERP.

Chupra 110 bales cotton, Gaddum and Co; 220 bales cotton, N. Rajaram and Co; 310 cwt. linseed K. Devchand and Co.

Dunrobin s—180 bales hemp Sewaram Ramrickdass.

FOR. HAMBURG.

Inkenturm s—114 bales cotton, Ralli Bros; 440 bales cotton, The Bombay Co; 4,500 cwts. castorseed, 2,499 cwts. groundnuts, 7,000 cwts. linseed, 9,000 cwts. mowraseed, Ralli Bros; 119 bales cottonfly, H. E. Bode and Sons: 210 cwts. gum, B Damjee and Co.

Dunrobin s—165 bales cotton, Gaddum and Co; 54 cwts. myrabollams, Kalliandas Bros.

Strathesk s—1 bale cotton, Ralli Brothers; 100 cwts. gum, A. H. Mawjee and Co; 207 cwts gum, D Jethabhoy.

FOR BREMEN.

Inkenturm s—2,000 cwts. gingellyseed, K Devchand and Co.

FOR SMYRNA.

Cleopatra s—25 bales twist, Tata Sons and Co.

FOR PORT-SAID.

Maresfield s—1,000 cwts teelseed, 4,000 cwts linseed, 2,000 cwts gram, 2,000 cwts. wheat, Ralli Bros.

FOR TRIESTE.

Cleopatra s—220 bales cotton, The Bombay Co.

FOR VENICE.

Cleopatra s—200 bales cotton, The Bombay Company; 200 bales cotton, J Finlay and Co.

FOR KOBE.

Luzon Maru s—1,100 bales cotton, Ralli Bros.

Shiny Maru s—500 bales cotton, G. G. Kaisha; 1,000 bales cotton, Japan Cotton Trading Co.; 500 bales cotton, G Dossa.

Cape Ortegal s—300 bales cotton, Ralli Bros; 100 bales cotton, N Fatchally and Co; 175 bales cotton, G.G. Kaisha.

FOR YOKOHAMA.

Cape Ortegal s—503 bales cotton, Ralli Bros; 252 bales cotton, The M B Kaisha

Luzon Maru s—250 bales cotton, The M B Kaisha; 700 bales cotton, Ralli Bros.

FOR MOJI.

Cape Ortegal s—1,117 bales cotton, the M. B. Kaisha,

Shinys Maru s—1,000 bales cotton, The Japan cotton T. Coy.

FOR OSAKA.

Cape Ortegal s—250 bales cotton, Ralli Bros.; 300 bales cotton, The M B Kaisha.

Shinys Maru s—1,000 bales cotton, The Japan cotton T. Coy.

C. M. S. GIRLS' SCHOOL.

PRIZE DISTRIBUTION.

The annual prize distribution ceremony of the C. M. S. Girls" School was held on Saturday evening in the Church Mission Hall in Proctor road, with Mr. A. H. S. Aston, Chief Presidency Magistrate presiding. That the Hall was packed, with a large gathering of ladies and gentlemen.

The report of a progressive year was then read. There are 27 pupils in the Boarding Day-school and three more admissions are expected. The number on the rolls of the day school is 263. The results in the examination have been highly satisfactory and the Inspectress of Schools has spoken highly of the progress of the institution.

Mrs. Peirse, having distributed the prizes, thanked them for their kind reception and said she was very pleased with their report. She congratulated the prize-winners and spoke in encouraging words to those who were not fortunate enough to win prizes, and impressed on them the truth of the proverb "If you don't at first succeed, try, try, try again." The speaker said that as she saw all the students there, she wondered, to what use they were going to put their lives and the splendid education they received. They had a great field before them—a field amongst their less fortunate countrymen.

The president, Mr. Aston, then spoke a few words. He told them that the art of conversation was one of the chief qualities to be acquired by ladies. He hoped they would make their education useful to this great country and to the vast number of peoples inhabiting it.

After a vote of thanks to Mrs. Peirse and the president, the meeting terminated with a prayer.

An Etawah correspondent writes to a Lucknow paper: "A young man, by caste, a dyer, who had been ailing for some time, died. As soon as he breathed his last, his relatives made arrangements for his burial. When the body was put into the grave, a relative noticed that the eyes were moving, on which the body was removed, taken home and a doctor was sent for. It was found that the man was alive, but he could not articulate distinctly. All attempts to revive him failed, and eventually the man died, and the usual ceremonies were then performed."

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

THE charges for announcement of BIRTHS, MARRIAGES, DEATHS and MEMORIAM NOTICES, which must be authenticated by the name and address of the sender, are Rs. 2 for six lines or less, and 8 as. for every additional line. CASH strictly in ADVANCE.

OTHER PRESIDENCIES

DEATH.

BARNARD.—On the 22nd March, at Chichian, Kangra, Henry J. Barnard, in his 78th year.

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Laying the Foundation-stone of the Gate of India, by H. E. the Governor, Apollo Bunder, 6 p. m.

H. E. the Aga Khan Hockey Tournament, begins, 5-40 p. m.

Wilson Philological Lecture, University Library, 5-45 p. m.

Mr. T. D. Kapadia's lecture at the Framjee Cowasjee Institute, 6-30 p.m.

Olympia Picture Palace, Sandhurst-road.

Cinema De Luxe, 6-30 and 10 p. m.

"Maidania," Esplanade, 5-30 p.m.

America-India Cinematograph, Charni-road.

Excelsior Cinematograph, 6-30 to 8; 8-30 to 9-30; and 10 to 11-30.

Maxim: The wealth of learning saves and endures, and the wealth of money destroys and vanishes.

RAILWAY TIME-TABLE.

[In force from 1st March 1913.]

The following are the hours of arrival and departure of the principal Mail and Express trains at and from Victoria Terminus and Colaba daily. Standard time is given in all cases:—

G. I. P. RAILWAY.

	Arr.	Dep.
Punjab Mail	12-35	19-14
Calcutta Mail (via Jubbulpur)	13-20	21-0
Calcutta Mail (via Nagpur)	8-45	14-0
Madras Mail	6-0	22-0
Poona Mail	11-10	14-45
Delhi Express (3rd and inter. class)	6-50	7-30
Poona Express	19-35	8-0
Manmad Express	12-20	14-20

The Calcutta Mail (via Jubbulpore) leaves Victoria Terminus, 15 minutes ealier, from the 1st March.

Postal Express for Punjab ...	*
do do for Calcutta ...	*
do do for Madras ...	*

* Four hours after Mail steamer is signalled on Fridays only.

B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY.

	Arr.	Dep.
Northern Express	7-30	21-0
Guzerat Mail	8-35	21-50
Third Class Express ...	6-45	17-0

MUSIC AT THE PRINCESS V. MARY GYMKHANA.—By kind permission of Lt.-Col. R. F. Pigott, C.I.E., V.D. and Officers, the Band of the 1st Battalion, B. B. and C. I. Ry. Vo's., will play the following programme of music under the direction of Mr. Geo. W. Salter, commencing at 6 p.m., to-day:—

March	Purgoyne .....Collier
Valse	Nights of Gladness, Anglina
Overture ..	Lestocq .....Auber
Cornet Solo...	Musica Prohibita ...Gastaldon
Selection ...	The Balkan Princess .....Rubens
Dance	Maypole .....West
Selection ...	The Toreador.....Monkton
Two-Step ..	Silver Heels .....Moret

THE CHIEF OF BHORE.—The Chief of Bhore, with a suite of sixty followers arrived in Bombay on Saturday and is staying in a bungalow at Mahalaxmi.

THE ISRAELITE SCHOOL.—The annual prize-giving to the students of the Israelite School, Mazagon, was held yesterday afternoon. The Hon. Mr. Prabhashankar Pattani presided, and gave away the prizes.

RESULT OF ELECTION SUIT.—Mr. Khimji Hirji Kayani has been declared, by the Chief Judge of the Small Causes Court, to be a duly-elected Councillor of the new Municipal Corporation, in place of Mr. Saraf ali Mamuji, whose election has been set aside by the said Judge.

LORD SYDENHAM MEMORIAL FUND.—We would invite attention to the notice appearing in our advertisement columns regarding this fund, which is now open for the receipt of subscriptions, which may be sent to any one of the persons whose names appear at the foot of the announcement.

GATE OF INDIA.—The stone-laying ceremony of the new building to be erected on the Apollo-bunder, to commemorate the landing of H. I. M. the King-Emperor in India, will be performed by H. E. Lord Sydenham, this evening. A police notice in our advertisement columns announces that the bunder will be reserved for public purposes, from 5 to 8 p.m.

THEFT IN PRINCESS-STREET.—One Vinayakrao Gangarao, a clerk in the Royal Insurance Company, and who resides on the first floor of a building in Princess-street, has reported that his house was broken into on Friday night, and property worth Rs. 981 carried away.

A UNIVERSITY EXTENSION ADDRESS.—The second of the three lectures by Prof. G. Anderson of the Elphinstone College, on "India's three great rulers," in the series of University Extension Addresses arranged by the Social Service League, will be delivered on 1st April at 6-30 p. m. (S. T.) at the Prarthana Samaj Hall, Girgaum.

THEOSOPHICAL SOCIETY.—Mr. Thomas Prime, of California, U.S.A., will lecture in English at the hall of the Theosophical Society (21, Hornby-road), this evening, at 6-30 p. m. (S.T.). Subject:—"Hidden Side of Things." Mrs. A. E. Powell will preside. The lecture is open to the public, and seats will be reserved for ladies.

POSTAL NOTICE.—A mail for Egypt and Europe, consisting of letters and packets specially marked for transmission per Austrian Lloyd's s.s. "Cleopatra" will be made up at the Bombay General Post Office for despatch to destination at 2 p. m. on Tuesday. the 1st April, instead of on Monday, the 31st March. Letters etc., for Aden and Berbera will also be despatched by this steamer.

MR. T. D. KAPADIA'S LECTURE.—The sixth lecture of the season under the auspices of the "Dnyan Prasarak Mandali" will be delivered in Gujarati at the Framjee Cowasjee Institute at (S.T.) 6-30 p.m., to-day, by Mr. Tehmuras Dorabji Kapadia; L.C.E., M.S.E. The topic selected for the evening is "The History of Delhi and some of its Ancient Architectural Works." The lecture will be illustrated by lantern slides and is open to public. Front seats being reserved for ladies and members of the Mandali as usual.

LADY NORTHCOTE HINDU ORPHANAGE:—The following donations have been received—Director of Public Instruction, as a grant to the Anglo-Vernacular School, Rs. 711: Schools' Committee, as a grant to the Vernacular School, Rs. 235; in memory of Sheth Purshotam Pranvallabh, Rs. 107-4-9; Sheth Hansraj Pragji Thakarshi, every year, Rs. 101; Sheth Mavji Govindji, Rs. 101; Sheth Thakarshi Hirji, Rs. 59-3; Sheth Murarji Madhavji, Rs. 51; Sheth Pragji Vandrawan, Rs. 51; A Lohana gentleman, Rs. 51; Sheth Laxmidas Ravji Tershi, Rs. 50; Sheth Pragji Surji, Rs. 42; Bai Kesherbai, Rs. 33; Sheth Damodar Bapuji Padwal, Rs. 25; Sheth Ranchhoddas Haribhai Aga, Rs. 25; Sheth Valji Shamji, Rs. 25; Sheth Tulshidas Kesheodas, Rs. 25; Mr. R. S. Purshotham Odhavji, Rs. 25; a gentleman, through Sheth Kashinath, Rs. 25; Miscellaneous donations less than Rs. 25 Rs. 137-6-9.

BOMBAY GAS CO., Ld.—A farewell entertainment was held on Friday evening at the Company's club, in honour of Mr. Rustomji Nowroji Kootar, the chief clerk, who is retiring on 31st. March 1913, from the Company's service, on a pension. Mr. A. R. Burch, the General-Manager and Engineer, presided, and in a neat little speech referred to the devotion and fidelity with which he (Mr. Rustamji) had served the Company for the past twenty-nine years, and presented him with a gold chain on behalf of the staff. Mr. Rustomji, in acknowledging the gift, said he had joined the Company when there were a few consumers, and was glad to leave it in a flourishing state. The marked improvements everywhere, in high pressure and economical lighting and heating, the erection of two additional huge holders to meet the increasing demand for gas-supply, and the enlargement of the mains right up from Colaba down to Mahim, was due to the able and efficient management of Mr. A. R. Burch and his lieutenants. He had the gratification to learn, as has been assured by Mr. Burch, that the Company's prospects were never more marked, or the outlook more hopeful than to-day.

CATHOLIC LIBRARY.

GOLDEN JUBILEE.

The golden jubilee of the Catholic Library was celebrated last night at the library hall at Cavel. The members of the library and several friends and well-wishers attended the function. His Grace the Archbishop of Bombay graced the occasion with his presence.

The report for the last year shows that there are at present 82 members on the rolls, which is more than double what it was in 1906. The library is now self-supporting; and through the munificence of the late Mr. Louis Gonsalves, has now a building of its own.

The Rev. Dr. B. DeMonte, President of the Library, then thanked his Grace for having graced the occasion with his presence. He then spoke about the usefulness of an institution like the Catholic Library in the dissemination of good and useful literature. He spoke about the trashy reading, subverting the cause of religion and morality, that was being spread in light novels and reptile new storiers. In conclusion he requested the Archbishop to unveil the portrait of Dr. Leo Murin, the founder of the library.

His Grace, after unveiling the portrait, referred to the many-sided activities of Dr. Murin, one of his predecessors, and the founder of the library. He also mentioned the munificence of Mr. Gonsalves, and hoped the library would live to see not only its centenary, but further than that. The Archbishop also spoke in the same strain as Dr. DeMonte had done—about the poisonous literatare disseminated by means of cheap novels and bad newspapers, and hoped the library would make its usefulness more and more felt.

His Grace then proposed the health of the Rev. Dr. DeMonte, and after light refreshments, the function terminated.

SEQUEL TO DRUNKEN FROLIC.

On Friday noon, a labourer named Gunpat Luxman, with some companions, went to a liquor-shop in Parel and drank some liquor. After this, Gunpat Luxman got into a cart belonging to one of the party, and drove towards the B. B. and C. I. Railway workshops. As the cart was entering the main gate of the workshop, one of the wheels struck against a peg in the middle of the gateway, and the man was thrown down by the impact. One of the wheels passed over him, causing serious injuries. He was carried to the Sir J. J. Hospital, where he died the same evening.

"A postmortem" examination was held and showed that the liver had been ruptured. The jury returned a verdict of accidental death.

HINDU GYMKHANA.

At the annual meeting of the Hindu Gymkhana which was held on Saturday, under the presidency of Mr. Chunilal V. Mehta. The business was confined to a formal naure. Among other things, the annual reprt was adopted; suggestions as to the increas of membership fees, in order to meet the increasing expense, were discussed; and also the subscription fees of billiard players and the question of their age were also a matter of discussion. The Executive Committee for the ensuing year, was formed, with Sir N G. Chandavarkar, as President, and Sir Jumohandas Varjivandas as Vice-President.

The repot of the Gymkhana has already been published in these columns.

HINDU GIRLS' SCHOOL.

At the annual prize distribution of Chanda Ramji Girls High School, last evening, Mrs. Sakhai presided. The bi-annual report submitted, showed considerable progress during the past two years. The authorities of the Educational Department vouchsafe in their very satisfactory reports to the fact. The financial affairs could not be considered to be soundf as the expenses had gone over the income and he Committee had appealed to the public generosity. A lengthy programme of English and Indian songs, recitation, drills, and dialogues were gone through by girls, and they were greatly appreciated by the large and fashionable gathering that was present. After the distribution of prizes, the president red a very lengthy speech in Gujarati on the advantages of education, which seemed to have interested the audience

Mr. Bashual P. Chandnani, L. M. and S., who has been practising at Sukkur as a medical practioner for the last two years, has been apointed one of the party to conduct investigations in malarial districts in Sind, in connection with the scheme recently recommended by the Sanitary Board and approved of by the Government. He has first been ordered to Delhi to receive some trainingor a month or so, after which he will be sen back to Sind to carry on his work of investigation.

THE POLICE COURTS.

ALLEGED CRIMINAL BREACH OF TRUST.

WARRANT AGAINST A EUROPEAN.

On Saturday, at the Esplanade Police Court, before Mr. A. H. S. Aston, Chief Presidency Magistrate, Superintendent Sullivan of the Criminal Investigation Department, applied for a warrant of arrest against Mr. William Frewren Scott, lately an assistant of the De Laitte Lighting Co., Bombay, on a charge of alleged criminal breach of trust in respect of a sum of Rs. 6,000 of the firm's money.

The facts alleged are that the accused, who was empowered to sign in the name of the Company, drew from the National Bank of India, on the 15th February last, a sum of Rs. 6,000, from the account of Col. Oldershaw, one of the directors of the Company, and absconded, without crediting the amount in the firm's books. Information was received from the Secretary of State for India that the accused had arrived in England, and hence the application.

His Worship granted the application.

MOTOR COLLISION.

On Saturday, at the Esplanade Police Court, before Mr. A. H. S. Aston, Chief Presidency Magistrate, Inspector Chaplin charged a Parsi taxi driver named Nadirsha Ardeshir with rash driving. Mr. R. Solomon defended the accused. It appeared that early in the morning at about 12-30 a. m., a car driven by one Mr. George Frederic Weston, was proceeding from the Alcazar Theatre in Kalbadevi-road, towards the Esplanade-road. At the Dhobie Talao junction, the accused's car, which was coming from the Cruickshank road, at a very fast speed, ran into the complainant's car on the broadside and damaged its tires and mudguard.

The accused said that he was only driving at a moderate speed and tha he stopped his car when he saw the other approching, but the complainant's car went past his car, the mudguard shaving the front of his car.

His Worship fined the accused Rs. 40.

INQUEST IN BOMBAY.

SUICIDE BY OPIUM.

An inquest was held at the Morgue on Saturday, on the body of one Kashinath Krishnaji, an employe of the Port Trust.

It appears that about three weeks ago the deceased sent his wife and children to his native village, as they were not in good health. On Friday evening the deceased came home, got a cup of milk, and putting something in it, drank the mixture. Sometime after he was observed to be drowsy and breathing heavily. He was taken to the Sir J. J. Hospital, where he died some hours later. It was assertained that he was suffering from the effects of opium poisoning and the jury returned a verdict of suicide by opium.

LADY CHANDAVARKAR.

HONOURED BY THE LADIES' SOCIAL CLUB.

Members of the Hindu Ladies' Social Club met at the Chanda Ramji Schools' Hall on Saturday evening, to congratulate and honour Lady Chandavarkar on the eve of her departure to Indore, to which State Sir Narayen Chandavarkar has been appointed the Dewan.

Mrs. Gangubai Bhandare presided on the occasion and she and several other members of the club, including Mrs. Maneekbai Nanu Kothare, Miss Sherene Maneckji Cursetji, Mrs. Jamnabai Sakai and Mrs. Luxmibai Ranade spoke of the good work done and valuable services rendered by Lady Chandavarkar to the club and the Indian women in general.

Lady Chandavarkar thanked the ladies for all the kind words thay had spoken about her. She said that when her husband consulted her as to their going to Indore, she readily agreed, remarking that it was the duty of every person to do what he or she could to serve the country by encouraging education and introducing desirable reforms.

"JACK STRAW" AT THE OPERA HOUSE.

The last of the three performances of Somerset Maughan's "Jack Straw," given in aid of the fund for the dependents of the men lost in the cutter of H.M.S. "Perseus," in the Persian Gulf, by a company of Bombay amateurs, was presented on Saturday night. Mrs. Beckett again excelled in the part of Mrs. Parker-Jennings and kept a large audience roaring with laughter whenever she made her appearance. The ease with which Capt. C. T. Davis (Jack Straw) went through his part provedaga in that he is equal to the best amateurs. The performance closed with a shower of bouquets, which were tendered to see the principal ladies of the company or those taking part, and the audience left feeling that they had witnessed one of the most sucessful amateur productions which Bombay has ever known.

IMPERIAL UNION.

GOLD MEDAL FOR SCIENTIFIC INQUIRY.

An interesting announcement is made in the new number of "United Empire," which is the monthly journal of the Royal Colonial Institute. The Council have decided to offer annually a gold medal for the best research monograph on some subject, which they will select, bearing directly upon the practical problem of the closer and permanent union of the Empire. The medal is to be accompanied by a hundred guineas and also Honorary Fellowship of the Institute, for life—a privilege ordinarily to be obtained only by paying twenty-three pounds. Monetary rewards may also be given for unsuccessful contributions of merit. The subject set for the present year is that of the inter action, if any, between trade and foreign policy, with a view to ascertaining whether Imperial co-operation in defence need involve any measure of Imperial co-operation in trade. The confusion, which exists in regard to this fundamental question, appears in connction with recent official proposals of Imperial union, which are cited in "United Empire," where all the particulars of the competition may be found. The address of the Institute is Northumberland Avenue, London.

LITTLE SPELLS of fever, Little Chills so bland,
Make the mighty graveyard and the angel band,
SQUIBB'S AGUE SPECIFIC taken now and then,
Keeps a man healthy in a fever den.
Of all chemists and stores India—MADON, SONS and Co., Bombay.

BABY CONSTANTLY CRIED WITH ECZEMA

Would Scratch Until Face Bled. Had to Watch Him Night and Day. Uses Cuticura Soap and Ointment, Face Clears, Scars Come Off, Sleeps Peacefully, and Is Cured.

"When my baby was five weeks old I noticed something on his face like a dry scurf which soon spread all over his head. The doctor said it was dry eczema and gave me some salve. He told me to bathe it freely with olive oil. This I did but it gradually got worse. We got no rest night or day, it was so itchy. He would scratch his face until it bled. At last I took him to an infirmary. They said it was a very bad case of dry eczema and gave me a jar of salve, told me to put it on linen and put on his face and head. I continued this for some weeks but all to no good. He got so bad someone had to watch him night and day and he had his hands tied so he would not make his face bleed. He was constantly crying with the pain.

"I tried many other ointments but they were all no use. My friends advised me to try Cuticura Soap and Ointment. This I did and before I had finished the first box of Cuticura Ointment his face cleared, the scars came off his head and left no marks whatever. He was able to sleep peacefully which he had not done for months. Baby is now nearly two years old, and there has never been the least signs of it return since he was cured some eleven months ago. It was all gone before I had finished the second box. Whenever I hear of anyone suffering with eczema I always recommend Cuticura Soap and Ointment. I am very grateful indeed for them." (Signed) Mrs. A. Wilson, 12, Pease St., Hartlepool, Durham, Eng., Dec. 15, 1910.

Although Cuticura Soap and Ointment are sold throughout India, a liberal sample of each, with 32-p. book on skin and hair, will be sent post-free on application to Muller, Maclean & Co., Calcutta or Bombay, or Newbery & Sons, 27 Charterhouse Sq., London.

Cures Back-Ache.

All external aches and pains can be cured by the application of that wonderful remedy known as Little's Oriental Balm. For back-ache it has no equal. Well rubbed in, it eases the pain—brings almost instant relief. A few applications are usually enough to effect a complete cure.

**Thousands of letters have been received from thankful men and women, whose aches and pains have been banished by this healing Balm. Among them are many

MARKET REPORT.

BOMBAY MARKETS.

LONDON, Mar 28. BOMBAY, MARCH 29.

FINANCIAL.

	Rates.	Pins.	Minus.
2 1-2 per cent. Consols	71 1-2	1-16	
3 do. Rentes.	57 2-4		unchgd
3 1-2 do. Sterling Loan ...	90	1-4	
do. do. Gov. Securities.. ...	53 1-2	1-8	
Bar Silver in London Spot	26 9-16	3-16	
do. 2 months' bences ...	26 7-8	3-16	
Bar Silver in New York	57 2-4	1-2	
Exchange on London at Paris ...	25·26 1-2		unchgd
do. do. at Berlin.	20·44 1-2		01
do. do. New York	4·87 1-8		unchgd
Discount Bank of England Rate ...	5	since	
do Short London Bills	17th Oct		
3 months' sight...	4 5-8		1-8
do. Indian Bank Bills 6 months' sight ...	4 3-16		unchgd
do. 3 months' Fine Trade Bills ...	5 1-8		unchgd
do. 6 months' Fine Trade Bills ...	5 1-8		unchgd
Interest day-to-day Loans. ...	4 1-2		1-8
do. 7 day Market Loans ...	4 3-4		unchgd

Bar Gold. ...77·9 unchgd.

Exchange on India 30 days' sight (Bank buying rate) 1 3 13-16 unchgd

Closing tone of silver—Rise caused by China bear covering.

The sum of £1,200,000 previously earmarked for Indian Paper Currency Reserve has been released and £1,150,000 has been earmarked for Gold Standard Reserve.

SPECIE SHIPMENTS.

Silver to Bombay	£	90,000
Gold to Bombay.....	£	190,000
Gold Coin to Bombay	£	10,000
Silver to Calcutta	£	Nil.
Gold to Calcutta.....	£	Nil.
Silver to Ceylon.....	£	Nil.

COTTON.

LIVERPOOL—

Spot	Easier.	Quiet.
Futures	...	Steady.
Manchester	Steady with a fair demand.	
Total Sales	...	6,000 bales.
Sold on Speculation and for Export	...	700 "
Imports	...	Nil
Mid-Americans	...	6 94—05
Egyptian F. G. F. Brown	...	9·95 unchgd

FUTURE DELIVERY PRICES:—

Mar.-Apl.	Apr.-May.	May-June.	June-July.
6·66 —01	6·64 —01	6·63 —02	6·61 —01
July-Aug.	Aug.-Sept.	Sept.-Oct.	
6·36 —01	6·45 —01	6·31 —01	
Oct.-Nov.	Nov.-Dec.	Jan.-Feb.	
6·22 —01	6·19 —01	6·17 —01	

New York 11 a.m., May. 11·27 July 11·29.

New York official Noon call May 11·28 July 11·29.

New Orleans 10 a.m. May 12·13 July 12·15.

NEW YORK— Bales.

Day's Receipts at U. S. Ports ...	10,000
" Receipts at " last year...	34,000
" Exports to Great Britain ..	2,000
" Exports to Continent ...	7,000
Spot Cotton	12·70 unchgd
Futures—Month of May	12·47+12
Futures—Month of July	11·98+12

Advanced on Foreign buying and on bullish private crop reports.

NEW ORLEANS—

Spot cotton ...	12 7-16 unchgd
Futures month of May ...	12·32+15
Futures month of July ...	12·25+14
Tone of Spot Cotton ...	Quiet.

	Bales.
Week's Receipts at U. S. Ports ...	100,000
Do. Exports to Great Britain ...	30,000
Do. do to France & Continent.	52,000
Do. do to Japan	5,000
Stock of cotton at U. S. Ports.....	733,000
Do. do. at Interior Ports.....	587,000

LIVERPOOL COTTON STATISTICS—

	Bales.
Total Actual Exports.....	11,000
Do. Forwarded	64,000
Do. Imports	53,000
Do. Stocks	1,231,000
Stock of Cottonn in London	4,790
Cocconada Fair Red G.I.F. London...	d 5 5-16
Cocconada Ginned " " ...	d 5 3-8
Western Good " " ...	d 5 7-8

Liverpool, March 25.

Tone Dhooties and Shirtings—Quiet and not much doing.

Tone Cloths. Fair business at steady rates.

Weft American " 54" ...	11 7-8
Weft Egyptian " 80" ...	18 5-8

Tone—Yarn—Market quiet.

Weft Egyptian " 32" ...	12 3-8
Twist " 32" W T C...	10 1-2
Twist " 32" B ...	11
Cloth Gunni's 20 36inch ...	13 9
Twist " 36" W T C ...	10 3-4
Twist " 36" B ...	11 1-4
Twist " 42" ...	12 3-8
Twist American " 60" ...	16 7-8
Twist Egyptian " 60" ...	17 1-2
Twist Egyptian " 80" ...	22
Grey shirtings 39 in. by 37 1-2 88 yds 16 by 12 8 lbs Red Heading	7 10
" " 44 in. by 39 yds 14 by 13-8 lbs ...	8 6
White Nainsooks 28 in. by 18 yds 16 by 13 to 16-15 Range ...	3 1 1-2
" Mull 28 in. by 18 yds 14 by 12 Green Ends ...	2 3 1-4
" Shirtings 32-36 in. by 48 yds Liepmans No 1500 ...	12 9
40s Banner Mill Twist ...	10 3-4
Geo Mayall's Yarn ...	11

F. G. F. Tinnevely C I F—Liverpool 6 7-16

Buyers or Sellers ...	...Nominal
months	...Mar.-Apr
Water Twist American 30s.	10 1-2 pence
" " " 40s.	11 1-2 "
Mule " " 40s.	11 1-8 "
" " " 50s.	12 7-8
" " " 60s.	15 1-8
" " Egyptian 40s.	16 1-2 "
" " " 50s.	17 "
" " " 60s.	18 "

WHEAT.

Wheat White Delhi ...	Nominal.
Do. Months— ...	.....
Do. Name of Ports— ...	.....
Wheat White Karachi ...	37 1-2unchgd
Do. Months ...	May-June
Do. Name of Ports—London—Sellers.	
Wheat Red Karachi ...	37 1-2unchgd
Do Months— ...	May-June

Tone—Firm.—London—Nominal.

SOUTH AMERICAN WHEAT.

Rosario Santa Fe-62lbs. ...	35 1-2 unchgd
do Months—April. ...	Sellers.

Buyers &c

Tone—Quiet but steady.

Barletta Rosso—62 1-2lb ...	35 5-8 unchgd
	Mar.-April.
do Buyers &c	Nominal.

Tone—Quiet but steady.

SOUTH AUSTRALIAN.

South Australian ...	37 1-4+1-8
Do Months	March—Sellers.

SEEDS.

RAPESEED—

Yellow Cawnpore per 416 lbs 85 p.c. ex-ship. ...	48 1-4—3-4
Do. Months— ...	April May.
Do. Name of Ports—	Dunkirk—Sellers.
Yellow Gujarat, per 416 lbs. 85 p. c. ex-ship ...	51 1-4—3-4
Do. Months— ...	April-May.
Do. Name of Ports.—	Antwerp—Sellers.
Brown Cawnpore ...	43 1-4—1-2
Do. Months— ...	April-May.
Do. Name of Ports.—	Antwerp—Sellers.

Tone—Easier.

LINSEED—

Bombay, per 416lbs ex-ship ...	46—1-2
Do. Months—	...March-May.
Do. Name of Ports—Antwerp—Done.	

Tone—Quiet.

Linseed Calcutta	Not received
Do. Months— ...	.....
Linseed Argentine—La Plata ...	41 1-2+1-2
Do. Months— ...	April-May.
Do. Name of Ports—Hamburg—Done.	
COTTONSEED.— Bombay Cottonseed Market £ 6-14-9—0-1-0	
March-April—Hull—Done—Firm tr	

MISCELLANEOUS.

COFFEE—

In New York Fair Rio (No. 7 quality) ...	12 unchgd

RUBBER—

Para Rubber ...	3 9 1-2—1-4.
	March.-April—Sellers—Easier

METALS—

Standard Copper G M B ...	£ 66 3-4+1-2
Copper Brazier ...	£79 1-2+1-2
Yellow Metal ...	d 7 unchgd

Tin Plates I. C. Coke 14 by 20 112 sheets per box weighing 90 lbs c. i. f. Liverpool .. ..

Bar Iron, Belgian No. 2 ordinary sizes F.O. B. Antwerp. 5 17 6

Iron Corrugated Sheets 24 gauge G.O.B. 4 per cent. F. O.B. Liverpool ... 11 15 0

Basic steel Bars Belgian C.I.F. India 6 12 6

FREIGHTS—

Coals:—Cardiff, to Bombay 13s. 6d.—Value

SUGAR—

German Granulated Sugar O&F India(Double bags)... 13 6 3-4unchgd

Do. Months of Shipment... May-Aug.— Sellers.

Tone—Little doing.

Hungarian Crystals Sugar C & F India 12 8 1-4—unchgd

Do Months of Shipments—April-August Sellers.

German Beet-root 50 p.c. ... 10 0 1-4+1-2d.

Months of Shipments ... May—Sellers. 10 1 +1-2d—Oct.-Dec.—Sellers.

E A B & Similar Crystal C & F India 14 3 3-4 unchgd

Months of Shipments...April-Aug.—Sellers.

Mauritius Crystals C & F Calcutta and Bombay ... 12 3 unchgd

Month of Shipments ... March—Value.

Tone—Quiet.

JAVA SUGAR.

Raw Java Nos. 16 x 18 C and F Calcutta—	
Do.	No quotation—April
Raw Java C and F Bombay and Karachi—	
Do.	No quotation—April.
Fine White Java C & F Calcutta—	
Do.	12 10 1-2—April.—Value.
Fine White Java C and F Bombay and Karachi—	
Do.	13 —April—Value.

Tone—Very slow.

BOMBAY MARKETS.

SATURDAY EVENING.] [29TH Mar. 1913

IMPORTS OF TREASURE.

Packages.	Value.	From	Importers.
	Rs.		
1 Box Govns	16,500	Alexandria	H'kong Bank
2 Boxes Gold Bolns	1,53,600	London	do
1 Box Gold Bolns	37,500	do	Russo A. Bank
259 Bars Silver	5,25,000	do	do
3 Boxes Govs	2,25,000	Port Said	M'cantile Bank
816 Bar Silver	15,12,500	London	do
37 Bars Silver	75,000	do	National Bank
248 Bars Silver	5,25,000	do	Eastern Bank
1 Bar Silver	5,25,000	do	do
201 Bars Silver	4,12,800	do	International Bk
669 Bars Silver	13,50,000	do	Yokohama Bank

EXPORTS OF BAR SILVER FROM BOMBAY BY RAIL on 27th March 1913.

By	Bars	Ounces.
G. I. P. Railway.....	282	333,6·9
B. B. and C. I. Rally	134	175,731

FINANCIAL.

MONEY :—

Bank of Ben. rate since 13th Feb 1913		7 p.c.
Bank of Bom. "	" 27th Dec. 1912	8 "
Bank of Mad. "	" 31st Dec. "	8 "

EXCHANGE—

The market opened steady and 1s. 4d. T. T. was obtainable early in the day, a moderate business resulting. Few private bills have been offering. Far Eastern rates are steadier.

We quote.—

T.T. on London	...1s. 3d. 31-33
Demand Draft	...1s. 4d.
Credits 8 months' sight	...1s. 4d. 1-4
Do. do forward	...1s. 4 . 7-32 June.
Do. do Francs	...171
Do. do Marks	...139 1-2
Hongkong 60 days' sight	...143
Shanghai "	...192 1-2
Japan "	...148 1-2

GOVERNMENT PAPER.—

The market opened at 95 1-2 for cash and the near settlement, and after declining 1-16, recovered to the opening rate. A fair business was done, rates closing as under.

We quote.—

Cash ...	Rs.	95 8 0
1st Settlement ...	"	95 8 0
2nd " ...	"	95 10 6

BULLION.—

Bar silver in London was 3-16 up both for ready and forward at 29 9-16 and 29 7-8 respectively. New York was 1 2 higher at 57 3-4. The local market opened steadier at 66 15-16 ex duty for the first settlement, and advanced 1-4 during the day. A moderate business has been done and rates close as sender for all positions. Bar gold is steady.

We quote.—

English Bar Gold ...	Rs.	23 15 9
Australian " ...	"	23 15 0
Sovereigns " ...	"	15 0 0
Silver (ex duty) Ready	"	67 3 0
1st Settlement ...	"	67 3 0
2nd Settlement ...	"	67 14 0
Silver (cum duty) Ready	"	76 9 0
1st Settlement March ...	"	76 9 0
2nd Settlement ...	"	77 4 0

COTTON.

MARKET REPORTS.—

The American markets closed with an advance of 12 to 12 points in futures. The local market opened firm with a sharp advance in prices all round. There has been a good demand for April and May, but sellers are very scarce and only a small business has been practicable. Fine Khamgaon Akola May was done at Rs. 300, an advance of about Rs. 17 in three days. The aspect of the market has entirely changed, and instead of free sellers and no buyers, it has become free buyers and no sellers. The market closes firm with a rising tendency.

There has also been a good demand for ready cotton and prices are higher, but holders are not disposed to part with their stocks except at a further advance.

QUOTATIONS.—

		Nominal.
Fine M. G. Broach ...	Rs. 328	May
Fine M. G. Wardha-Hinganghat ...	" 313	"
Fine M. G. Nagpur ...	" 310	"
Fine M. G. Yeotmal ...	" 303	"
Fine M.G. Dhamangaon-Pulgaon ...	" 304-5	"
F. M. G. Khamgaon-Akola ...	" 300	"
Fine M.G. Khandeish ...	" 278	"
Fine M. G. Bengal ...	" 266-7	"
Sawginned Dharwar ...	" 315	Apl.-May
Good H. G. Westerns...	" 303	"

LIVERPOOL OPENER.—

Opening Tone ...	Firm
Estimated Sales ...	4,000
Total Imports ...	15,000

FUTURE DELIVERY PRICES :—

Mar.-Apr.	Apr.-May.	May-June.
6·69 +03	6·67 +03	6·66 +03
June-July.	July-August.	Aug.-Sept.
6·64 +03	6·59 +03	6·48 +03
Sept.-Oct.	Oct.-Nov.	Nov.-Dec.
6·34 +03	6·25 +03	6·22 +03

SEEDS AND WHEAT.

LINSEED :—

The market is quiet and easier.

We quote :—

Ready	... Rs.	7 8 0 B.T.
Apl-May	... "	8 5 6 B.T.

RAPESEED:—

The market is quiet. We quote:—

Brown Delhi Apl-May	Rs.	8 2 9 B.T.
Yellow Cawnpore Apl-May	"	8 6 6 B.T.
Yellow Gujrat Apl.-May ...	"	8 7 0 B.T.

LINSEED:—

Tone—Quiet.

Bold White 85 p.c.	Rs.	57 0 0
Small White ...	"	55 8 0
Black Kutni ...	"	48 8 0
Yellow Higenghat	"	60 8 0

POPPYSEED :—

Tone—Quiet. We quote :—

April-May ...	Rs.	13 6 0 B.T.

CASTORSEED:—

Tone—Quiet We quote :—

Ready ...	Rs.	35 0 0
Forward ...	Rs.	35 8 0

COTTONSEED :—

Tone—Quiet. We quote :—

Ready ...	Rs.	26 0 0

GROUNDNUTS :—

Tone—Quiet. We quote.—

Bold ...	Rs.	49 8 0
Small ...	"	47 0 0

WHEAT :—

The market is steady.

We quote :—

White Pissi 85 p.c. ready	Rs.	5 7 0 B.T.
White Delhi Apl.-May	"	5 10 0 B.T.

SHARES.

BANKS.

Bank of Bombay ...	1,675
Bank of India ...	64
Eastern Bank ...	86
Indian Specie ...	61 1-4

MILLS.

David ...	480
Kohinoor ...	760
Manockji Petit ...	3,120
New Great Eastern ...	247 1-2
Standard ...	1,297 1-2

PRESSES.

New Beraz ...	520

MISCELLANEOUS.

Bombay E. S. & T. C. Ord	184 1-2
Bombay E. S. & T. C. Pre	174
Colaba Land and Mill ..	1,420
Shivrajpur M. Syndicate	20
Treacher and Co ...	495

RAILWAY.

Tapti Valley ...	585

DAY'S RECEIPTS.

The following are the receipts of produce into Bombay, during the 24 hours ended at 6 p.m., yesterday :—

Cotton	6,111	bales.
Wheat	15,091	cwts.
Linseed	27,674	"
Rapeseed	9,711	"
Gingellyseed	4,015	"
Poppyseed	1,972	"
Groundnuts... ...	4,993	"
Castorseed	7,05	"
Rice	43,58	"
Myrabollams.	3,52	"
Cottonseed	13,86	"
Mowraseed	ni	"
Gram	1,32	"
Joowar	2 50	"
Maize	ni	"
Barley	nl	"

LONDON MARKETS.

[LONDON MAR. 29.] [BOMBAY, MAR. 30.]

FINANCIAL.

	Rates.	Pins.	Minus.
2 1-2 per cent. Consols.	74		
3 do. Rentes...	57 3-4		unchgd
3 1-2 per cent. Sterling Loan. ...	90		unchgd
do. Govt. Securities	53 1-2		unchgd
Bar Silver in London..	26 13-1	1-4	
do. 2 months hence	27 1-8	1-4	
do. in New York	58 1-4	1-2	
Exchange on London at Paris.	25·23 ·2		unchgd
do. do at Berlin	20·45 ·2		01
do do at New York	4·87 2		unchgd
Discount Bank of England Rate	5	since	
do. Short London Bills, ...	17th ct.		
3 months' sight	4 9-1		1-16
do. Indian Bank Bills 6 months' sight	4 3-1		unchgd
do. 3 months' Fine Trade Bills ..	5 1-8		unchgd
do. 6 months' Fine Trade Bills ..	5 1-8		unchgd
Interest day-to-day Loans	4		1-8
Interest 7 day Market Loans	4 5-8		1-8

Closing tone of Silver—China buying.

Bar Gold ...77·9 unchgd.

Exchange on India, 30 days' sight (Bank buying rate) 1 3 13-16 unchgd.

COTTON.

LIVERPOOL—

Spot	Steady.	Small business.
Futures		Quiet.
Total Sales	...	5,000
Sold on Speculation and for Export	...	300
Imports	...	15,000
Mid-Americans	...	6·98+04
Egyptian F. G. F. Brown	...	10·00+05

FUTURE DELIVERY PRICES :—

Mar.-Apl.	Apl.-May.	May-June
6 63 +02	6·66 +02	6 65 +02
June July +03	July-Aug. 6·58 +02	Aug Sept. 6·47 +02
Sept.-Oct. +03	Oct.-Nov. 6 25 +03	Nov.-Dec. 6·22 +03

NEW YORK— Bales.

Day's Receipts at U. S. Ports ...	10,000
" Receipts at U. S. last year...	39,000
" Exports to Great Britain ...	Nil
" Exports to Continent ...	7,000
" Spot Cotton	12·90+10
Futures—Month of March	12·17+09
Futures—Month of May	12·5+07

Declined early owing to unfavourable cables and advanced later on bull support and shorts covering.

NEW ORLEANS—

Spot cotton	...12 1-2+1-16
Futures month of Mar.	...12·10 +07
Futures month of May	...12·30+05
Tone of Spot Cotton	...Steady.

LIVERPOOL WEEKLY COTTON REPORT.

		Bales.
Total into Sight ...	...	12,320,000
Egyptian Visible Supply	...	353,000
East Indian do	...	121,000
American do	...	2,742,000
Other do	...	144,000
Total Sales ...	...	32,000
East Indian sales ...	...	100
Total Speculation...	...	3,000
Do. Exportation ...	...	.....
East Indian Export	...	.....
Do. Indian Stock	...	4,000
Do. Forwarded Consumer ...		800
Do. Actual Exports	...	.....
Do. Week's Imports	...	2,000
Do. Speculation ...	...	.....
Americans Afloat ...	...	90,000
East Indian ...	...	3,000
Total afloat ...	...	122,000

WHEAT.

Wheat White Delhi ...	Nominal.
Do. Months— ...	.....
Do. Name of Ports— ...	.....
Wheat White Karachi ...	37 2-4
Do. Months—May-June.	
Do. Name of Ports—London—Sellers	
Wheat Red Karachi ...	37 1-4
Do. Month—May-June—London—Nominal.	
Tone—Steady.	
Australian Wheat ...	Unchanged.

SEEDS.

RAPESEED—

Yellow Cawnpore per 416 lbs., 85 p.c. ex-ship ...	48 1-4
Do. Months— ...	Apr-May.
Do. Name of Ports—Dunkirk—Sellers	
Yellow Gujerat, per 416 lbs, 85 p. c. ex-ship ...	51 1-4
Do Months	...April-May.
Do Name of Ports	...Antwerp—Sellers.
Brown Cawnpore	...43 3-4
Do. Months—April-May.	
Do. Name of Ports—Antwerp—Done.	
Tone—Quiet.	

LINSEED—

Bombay per 416 lbs ex-ship....	46 1-4
Do. Months—Mar.-May.	
Do. Name of Ports—Dunkirk—Done.	
Tone—Quiet but steady.	
Linseed Argentine—La Plata ...	41 1-2
Do. Months— ...	Apl.-May.
Do. Name of Ports—Hamburg—Value.	

COTTONSEED—

Bombay Cottonseed Market	£ 6-15-3
Mar.-Apl.—Hull—Done—Firm.	

MISCELLANEOUS.

COFFEE—

In New York Fair Rio (No. 7 quality).... ...	12 unchgd

RUBBER—

Para Rubber ...	3 9-9—Mar.-Apl. Sellers—Easier.

SUGAR—

German granulated sugar C & F India double bags ...	13 8 1-4
Do. Months of Shipment...	May-Aug.—Sellers.

Tone.—Very little offering.

Hungarian Crystal Sugar C & F India ...	12 8 1-4
Do. Months of Shipments...	Apl.May—Sellers.
German Beet-root 88 p.c. ...	10 1 1-4 —Sellers.
Months of Shipments ...	10 1 1-2 Oct.-Dec.—Sellers.

Tone—Opened steady, closed quieter.

E A B & Similar Crystals C & F India ...	14 4 1-2
Months of Shipments Apl.-Aug.—Sellers.	
Tone—Steady, sellers asking higher prices	
Mauritius Crystal C & F Calcutta and Bombay ...	12 1 1-2
Months of Shipments ...	Apl.—Value.

Tone—Quiet.

Java Sugar—Quiet. Slightly easier.

GRIFFITHS' COMMERCIAL TELEGRAMS.

NEW YORK, Mar. 28.

Day's Receipts at U.S. Ports.	10,000 Bales
Exports to Great Britain ...	8,000 do
Exports to Continent ...	6,000 do
Spot Cotton at New York ...	12·70
Future Cotton at New York May	12·07+12
Future Cotton at New York July	11·98+12
Tone Market at closing Spot...	Steady
Tone Market at closing Futures	do

General Tone of Market :—Advanced on foreign buying and bullish private crop report.

NEW ORLEANS, Mar. 28,

Spot Cotton at New Orleans...	12 7-16
Future Cotton at New Orleans—May	12·33+15
Future Cotton at New Orleans—July.	12·23+14
Opening tone of Market—	Steady
Closing tone of Market—	.....

LIVERPOOL, Mar. 28.

COTTON.

Cotton.—The Liverpool market opened for spot— ...	Quiet and closed quiet
Do. The Liverpool market closed for futures ...	Quiet but steady
Do. The Liverpool market closed for East Indian ...	do
Tota Day's Sales ...	6,000 bales
Sales on spec. and export ...	700 do
Total Sales of Surat ...	.....
Total Day's Imports ...	1,000
Egyptian F. G. Fair Brown ...	9·95
Mid American at Liverpool ...	6·91—5
Cotton Daily Mid Uplands Liverpool.	G O C
Mar.-Apr. ...	... 6·66—1
Apr.-May ...	... 6·64—2
May-June ...	... 6·63—2
June-July ...	... 6·61—1
July-Aug. ...	... 6·56—1
Aug.-Sept. ...	... 6·45—1
Sept.-Oct. ...	... 6·31—1
Oct.-Nov. ...	... 6·22—1
Nov.-Dec. ...	... 6·19—1

Manchester Piece goods market—Firm with rather improved enquiry—There is fair inquiry for Shirting Dhooties.

LONDON, Mar. 29.

WHEAT AND SEEDS.

Linseed, 4 p. c. Refraction, Landed Terms (per 410 lbs)...Apl.-June—Ldn.	43 9 Tone
Do. Bombay exhip (per 416lbs) ... Mar.-Apl.—Hamburg	46 6 Seller
Do. La Plata ...Mar.-Apr.—Hamburg— ...	41 6 Done
Do. Tone of Market at close.	.....
Do. Tendency of the Market—	.....
Linseed Oil Spot Pipes...Mar—	£ 23-15-0
do ... May-June—	£ 23- 5-0
Do. Tone of Market at close.	Steady
Do. total afloat for U. K. ...	.....
Do. River Plate exports ...	.....
Poppyseed Canal...Apl-May.—Hamburg...	69 6 "
Do. Tone of Market at close.	Steady
Rapeseed Calcutta Brown Canal	.....
Do. Yellow Cawnpore, per 416 lbs 85 p.c. exship Mar.-Apr.—Antwerp ...	49 "
Do. Yellow Guzerat, per 416 lbs. 85 p. c. exship Mar.-Apl.—Antwerp ...	51 9 "
Do. Ferozepore usual bold Mar.-Apl.—Antwerp ...	Nom'l
Do. Jamba Red—Mar.-Apl. Antwerp... ...	Nom'l
Do. Tone of Market at close.	Quiet
Cotton seed. Bombay parcels. Mar.-Apl.—Hull ...	£6-13-0 "
Do. Tone of Market at Close..	Quiet
Gingelly Seed. Bombay 15 p.c. Mar.-Apl.—London.	.....
Wheat. Choice white Karachi Mar.-Apl.—London...	40 3 "
Do. F A Q Red Karachi (per 492 lbs.) Mar.-Apl.—London...	40 "
Do. Club No. 2.. Mar.-Apl.—London ...	40 3 "
Do. Choice white Delhi March-Apl.—London—	Nom'l
Do. Tone of Market at Close.	Steady
Do. South Australian March....	37 9 Sellers
Do. Rozario Santa Fe. 62 lbs.	35 6 "
Do. do Tone of Market at Close ...	Quiet
Do. Red Graded American per central—May. ...	.....
Do. Afloat to U. K....	...3,510,000 qrs
Do. Stock at U. S. Ports ...	.....

LONDON, Mar 28.

SUGAR.

German Beet-root 88 per cent F. O. B. Hamburg...Mar	10 " Sellers
German Beetroot. 88 per cent F. O. B. Hamburg...Apr.	10 1 1-2 "
" Closing Tone of Market.	Steady.
German Granulated C. and F. India. (double Bags) Mar.-Apr. ...13 3	"
German Granulated C. and F. India. (double Bags) Apl.-May—13 3	"
German Closing Tone Market—	Steady
Austrian Crystals B. R. B. C. and F. India .. Mar.-Apl.	12 7 1-2 "
Austrian Crystals B. R. B. C. and F. India...Apl-May	12 8 1-4 "
Do. Closing Tone of Market.	Quiet
Mauritius Crystals ...	Mar. 12 2 1-4 "
Do. Closing Tone of Market..	Steady
E. A. R. and Similar Crystals C. and F. India (double Bags)— Mar.-Apr.	13 9 3-4 "
E. A. R. and Similar Crystals C. and F. India (double Bags— Apl.-May...	13 10 1-2 "
Do. Closing Tone of Market..	Steady

LONDON, Mar. 28,

JAVA SUGAR.

	Value
Java Sugar 16-18 (Average 17) C. I. F. Calcutta Mar.-Apl...	12 9
Java Sugar 16-18 (Average 17) C. I. F. Calcutta ...June.	11 3
Java Sugar 16 18 (Average 17) C.I.F. Calcutta.July-Dec.	11 10 1-2
Java Sugar 16-18 (Average 17) Bombay or Karachi Mar.-Apl....	12 10 1-2
Java Sugar 16-18 (Average 17) Bombay or Karachi,June	12 4 1-2
Java Sugar 16-18 (Average 17) Bombay or Karachi July-Dec...	12
Java Sugar 26 T. M. O. (or Similar) Calcutta...Mar.-Apl...	13 1 1-2
Java Sugar 26 T. M. O. (or Similar Calcutta...June..	12 3
Java Sugar 26 T. M. O. (or Similar) Calcutta July-Dec....	12
Java Sugar 26 T. M. O. (or Similar Bom. or Karachi Mar.-Apl. ..	13 3
Java Sugar 26 T. M. O. (or Similar) Bom or Karachi June...	12 4 1-2
Java Sugar 26 T. M. O. (or Similar Bom. or Karachi July-Dec...	12 1 1-2
Closing Tone of Market	Quiet
Special Feature ...	) and unchanged

LONDON, Mar. 28.

METALS.

	£	s.	d.
Copper, Standard G M B ...	66	15	0
" Best English Selected.	72	10	0
" Brasiers	79	10	0
" Tone of Market ...	Firm		
Hard Spelter	21	0	0
Tin Block F O B Liverpool ...	208	0	0
Yellow Metal	7	0	0
Galvd. Corrugated Sheets, 24 G. G. O. B 1, p.c. F O B L'pool	11	15	0
Belgium Iron Bar No 2 ...	5	17	6
Tin Plates, I C Coke 14 by 20 112 Sheets in box C I F L'pool	.....		
Pig Iron, No 3 Cleveland ...	3	5	0
Pig Iron No 3 Clarence F O B Middlesboro. ...	3	7	6
Pig Iron Garbaherrie ...	4	1	6
Lead Pig English	16	13	9
Tone of Steel Market ...	Steady		
Silver, Spot	26 9-16		
" 2 months hence ...	26 7-8		
" Tone of Market— ...	Firm for higher prices.		

LONDON, Mar. 28.

FINANCIAL.

Silver Spot	26 9-16
Silver 2 months	26 7-8
" Closing Tone of Market—	Firm
" Tendency, etc., of the Market ...	for higher prices.
Rentes 3 per cent ...	... £ 87 7-8
Consols 2 1-2 per cent	... £ 74 1-2
Indian Stock 3 1-2 p. cent.	... £ 89 3-4
Sterling loan	... £ 89 3-4
Govt Securities, 3 per cent	... £ 75 3-4
Rupee Paper 3 1-2 per cent ..	£ 63 3-8
Bar Gold per oz ...	77·9
Opening Tone of Finance Market—	Steady.
Closing Tone of Finance Market—	do
Bank of England Rate of Discount	5 p. c.
Exchange on India 30 Days Sight	1 3 13-16
London at Paris Fcs ...	25·27
Berlin cheques on London Mks	20·45 1-2
Newyork (Demand Bills) Dols	4·87 1-8
Interest day to day loans ...	4 5-8
Interest 7 days Market loans.	4 3-4
Discount Bank Bills 3 months Sight	4 3-4
Discount Bank Bills 6 months Sight	4 1-4
Fine Trade Bills 3 months ...	5 1-8
Fine Trade Bills 6 months ...	5 1-8

LONDON, Mar. 28.

WOOLLEN GOODS.

General Tone of Market—Steady

Merinos—Steady and no likelihood lower prices—Crossbreds firm and prices generally unchanged.

RUBBER.

Fine Hard Para Rubber—Mar-Apl— 3 9 1-2 Sellers

General Tone of Market—Quiet

LIVERPOOL, Mar. 29.

OPENING COTTON.

Days Estimated Sales ...	6,000 Bales.
Tone of Market ...	Steady.
Cotton Da

MOTORING.

BOMBAY-CALCUTTA RECORD.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

IGATPURI, Mar. 30.

Mr. Sawyer who left Bombay this morning on attempt to make a motor run to an Calcutta, wiring from Igatpuri, at 9 a.m., says :—"Left Bombay, 4-10 a.m. Arrived at Kolsett, 5-20 a.m. Took 20 minutes to make up and collect ferrymen, crossed and got off at 6-30. Morning air perfect, pleasant, and nippy. Arrived Igatpuri, at 8-54 a.m.

The arrival at Igatpu i is six minutes in advance of scheduled time.

Messrs. Sawyer and Smith, who left Bombay on Saturday morning, in a motor-car, on their third attempt to create a record between Bombay and Calcutta, wire from Mhow as follows :—

MHOW, Mar, 30.

"Left Igatpuri 9 and 5 a. m. (Saturday), arrived at Dhulia, 2 p.m., Tapti River 3 p. m., pulled through by coolies, started from the other side at 4-2, p.m. crossed Nerbudda River, and arrived at Mhow at 11-40 p.m. Splendid run, very pretty and intersting country, climbed four ghats ; breeze very hot, like a blast from a furance. Had three punctures. Both feeling fine ; leaving here (Mhow) immediately."

In a later telegram from Goona, they state :—"Left Mhow 2-20. a.m. (Sunday), arrived Goona 10-43 a m. All quiet, no buffaloes ; Indore roads very uneven and surface covered with loose stones ; we lost one hour in finding roads out of the city. Drove in turn all night, with four large acetylene lamps ; each fell asleep for a few seconds while driving. Gwalior roads perfect, enabling us to make up some lost time, treat for car but not for drivers. Coldest night ever experienced. Tyres and car perfect during night."

At Ghoona Messrs. Sawyer and Smith were one hour and forty-three minutes behind their schedule time.

LATER.

In a further wire just received, Mr. Sawyer says : "Left Goona 12-23, and arrived Jhansi 4-10."

AMUSEMENTS.

CINEMA DE LUXE.

SIR MARK ANTON.

That the management of the Tivoli intend to leave no stone unturned to provide the public with a really good class of entertainment is amply proved again by the abundance of talent, presented on Saturday and Sunday. Scarcely ever has the old Gaiety had so many people packed into it before, while the throng in the vestibule made it a matter of difficulty to reach the ticket-box at all. This bears out our contention that it is always advisable to book in advance, and this can be done daily at the theatre from 10 to 5.

Sir Mark Anton's peformance was a veritable triumph. He appeared in a blue costume and before you could count two had changed into a red one, and then into white—a human chameleon. A snap of the fingers, and he appears in evening dress to impersonate several of the leading composers and musicians of the day. Last evening the ones he selected were Mendelsohn, Lizst, Herr Leo Fall (conducting his Eternal Waltz), the great march king John Ph. Sousa, Signor Mascagni conducting his own orchestra at the Hippodrome and Suppe. His caricatures were admirable and the several eccentricities peculiar to each, must have entailed much close study. Taking it altogether, it was a most marvellous performance, and judging by the manner in which he was received by the audience, we shall have the pleasure of seeing him for some weeks to come, provided it will not interefere with his bookings on the Continent. During the interval, Sir Mark conducted a piece of his own composition, "An Aeroplane Valse." Next week he will play a drama, taking the parts of no less than eight characters (male and female). Mr. Nat Clifford is justly entitled to his description of himself, Prime Minister of Mirth. His first number, "The Grand Hotel," was great. His success is only what one may expect of a man who was understudy to Dan Leno and the Star turn at the Tivoli and Oxford, and London for years. His bullfighter song and his descriptive song, "The Vagabond" (written and composed by himself) evoked rounds of applause. Next week Nat has an exceptionally good number, "The Convict," and states that in this scena, he has a real fall of 12 feet off a high wall. His acrobatic dances are really marvellous. Melrose and Franklin in their screaming absurdity, "Washing the Baby," fairly brought down the house. As to the pictures, suffice to say that they are all up to the usual high standard of excellence of this popular hall. It is a most satisfactory entertainment which has practically aroused public interest and should command large audiences throughout the week.

THE ALHAMBRA.

The customary crowded audiences assemble at the Alhambra in Bhendibazaar. The Malagas from the Cinema de Luxe have very quickly won the hearts of the people down in that part of the city. Each of their items met with a great reception. Their dances were A. 1. and the scena, "Le Bal Marque," provided plenty of amusement. A more varied and interesting programme of pictures one could not wish for than those shown last evening. At the top of the bill was a heavy drama, entitled, "The Lust for Gold" which kept the audience spellbound during the whole time it was on the screen. Another powerful picture was "The Prospector and the Indian Maid." The "French Artillery Manoeuvres" was another interesting item. The comics were good and Foolshead as a Poisoner caused sidesplitting laughter.

THE ALCAZAR.

The popularity of the Alcazar Variety Cinema Hall is gradally increasing. On Saturday and Sunday large audiences were present to witness the performance of "Alvaro' magician and illusionist. His several tricks were accomplished with consummate ease with perhaps a single exception, but this is probably due to his gear not arriving till late on Saturday, which left him very little time to make arrangements. Anyhow, it is an excellent show and well worth a visit His Fleets and Devil's Casket and Mysterious Incubator, perhaps bearing the palm. The effort of the management to put on the best films is amplified this week, and from the reception accorded them, was abundant proof that they gave great pleasure. "A Woman of Impulse," a very fine dramatic picture with a pathetic them was well received. "In Freedom's Cause" was a stirring military drama of the American War of Independence. "The Young Terror School Rebellion," "A Nocturne" and Pathe's Gazette, were other features of a fine two hours' performance.

SPORTING NEWS.

R. B. Y. C.

ANNUAL REGATTA.

Saturday's racing brought a very successful week's sailing to a close. The breezes were a little disappointing as we had hoped for a good stiff one on one of the general racing days.

With the ordinary Regatta was combined the return match with the Naini Tal Yacht Club for the Challenge Cup presented by the Lieutenant-Governor of the United Provinces who is Commodore of the Club. The N. T. Y. C. is now a recognised Yacht Club and we hope soon to see the blue ensign on the lake.

This match consists yearly of three races at Naini Tal and three at Bombay, teams of three in Tom Tits with Corinthian Crews. The first boat in counts one point the second two and so on, the lowest score holding the Cup. At Naini Tal in September the local Club led by 23 points. At Bombay last week the Naini Tal boats were: Fenella, Capt. Stack; Hetuke, Colonel Carr, and Curlew, Major Carey, the Bombay team being Jenny Wren; D. Goldsmith ; Maud; Mr. Hewett; and Mavourneen, Mr. Newman Taylor.

On Monday our hopes were high, as Mavourneen, Jenny Wren and Maud took the first three places, our visitors being baffled by a very strong ebb tide. On Wednesday, however, Jenny Wren was disqualified at the start and Curlew at N.N.W. buoy which although Mavourneen and Maud came in first and second, gave the Cup to Naini Tal. On Saturday the latter made quite sure of it by taking first place with Curlew.

It was a mistake having another C Class race on this day as the temptation to avoid a little sacrifice and serve as crew instead of sailing in this other race proved too strong for some of our sportsmen, and Mavourneen and Jenny Wren were badly off in consequence.

On Monday the Curzon Cup was won by Maya, Mynona being second Nelta might have done better, in spite of the wind being given as moderate, if she had not stood out so a'ter rounding the Committee Vessel.

On Tuesday the Third Challenge Cup race was won by Maya who thus ties with Corrie. The tie will be sailed off on Saturday next. C Class Handicap was won by Curlew, Clutha getting the gun and second prize. Lylie won in B Class and Eileen in A, Melody being second.

A launch followed the racing, very kindly lent by the P and O. S. N. Co. It was very poorly patronized on Tuesday, but quite a number took advantage of it on Saturday. Mr. Burn very kindly acted as showman and an excellent view of the racing was obtained.

On Wednesday there was only the Naini Tal race.

Thursday was Ladies' Day and the Captain and officers of H. M. S. "Highflyer" were "At Home." A large number went on board and a most enjoyable afternoon was spent in watching the races, drinking tea, and another more celebrated concoction and various amusements. The Naini Tal yachtsmen raced in Tom Tits for a cup presented by Major Muter early in the afternoon and the ships boats for one give by Captain Gloster and Mr. Beadel. The former was won by Captain Tahourdin in Mavourneen and the latter by Commander Ballard in H. M. S. Philomel's 26 foot cutter.

A class was won by Mrs. Stokes in Turquoise, Mrs. Frank Watson being second in Eileen.

B. Class was won by Mrs. Street in Lylie, Miss Woolcombe in Trixie being second. Mrs. Sandford in Maya won the Metre Class and sailed excellently. Miss Street in Jenny Wren won C Class, Miss Hughes in Mavourneen being second on time, a very praiseworthy effort for an absolute novice. Mrs. Hewett in Curlew got the gun but had had to concede too much time, which was, however, only just as she is a first-class Tom Tit sailer. The prizes were presented by Mrs. Peirse on board the "Highflyer."

On Friday Mr. Wardlaw Milne, the Commodore, was At Home on board the Committee Vessel and there was quite a large gathering. The tindals C Class race was won by Mavourneen, Curlew being disqualified as her own tindal did not steer. The half hour before the race was very amusing, the tindals all manœuvring on the line regardless of rule 30, and one or two owners on board the Comittee Vessel sighed with relief when the starting gun went. The Tonies were collected at 2-30 p.m. waiting for their race at 5-30 and they started regularly with every gun and were recalled again and again.

The B Class Corinthian Race was won by Erin, the two cups presented for this race by Mr. Parker being taken by Mrs. Sandford, who steered, and Mrs. Russell. The single-handed C Class race for Mr. Holme's prize was won by Captain Welch in Clutha, Mr. Hewett in Curlew being second.

Owing to the sad death of Sergeant Gray of H.M.S. "Highflyer," the ships' boats pulling races had to be postponed and will be pulled at 6 p. m. on Tuesday.

An amusing event was the Sahibs' Tony race, won by a crew of weight with experience at the helm. Messrs. Hawkins, MacBeth, Hughes, and Hopkins, Naini Tal, were second, having bad luck with a mark.

The Saturday's results were as follows :—

NAINI TAL YACHT CLUB.

"C" CLASS HANDICAP RACE.—Sailed at 2-30 p. m.

Names of Boats.	Time Allnces M. S.	Entered by	Time round Spit Buoy H. M. S.	Corrected Time. H. M. S.
Fenella ...	.....	Capt Stack	3 47 3	5 13 32
Jenny Wren...	.....	Dr. Goldsmith ...	3 47 48	5 13 15
Maud	...	Mr B Hewett	3 48 12	5 12 32
Mavourneen		Mr N. Taylor	3 43 40	5 10 15
Y Tuxy..	.....	Col Carr....	.....	5 22 36
Curlew....	.....	Mj. Carey...	3 44 45	5 6 0

Course :—Committee Vessel—Mark Buoy Port—Black and White Buoy Starboard—N. Karanja Port—Committee Vessel—Short Course. Length 10·2 miles. Wind N W Strength moderate. 1st. prize won by Curlew, 2nd prize won by Mavourneen, 3rd prize won by Maud.

CROWN PRINCE'S CUP.

Names of Boats.	Time Allnces M S.	Entered by	Time of Arrival. H. M. S.	Corrected Time. H. m. S.
Mays.....	3 47	Mr. J. N. Parker...	4 27 3	1 41 33
Corrie.....	3 47	Mr. N. B. Macbeth	4 29 12	1 43 42
Cynthia...	3 47	Officers, H. E.....	4 27 54	1 42 24
Mynona...	3 47	Mr D Fraser.....	4 32 22	1 46 52
Nelta ...	Scr	Mr H R Sandford	4 25 23	1 45 23

Course :—Committee Vessel—N Karanja Starboard—S. Karanja Starboard—Committee Vessel. Length 3·4 miles. Wind N W. Strength moderate. 1st prize won by Maya.

IRENE CUP —Sailed at 2-50 p.m.

Names of Boats.	Time Allnces M. S.	Entered by	Arrival. H. M. S.	Time of Corrected Time. H. M. S.
Eileen IV	Scr	Major Muter & Mr J F Watson	4 17 38	1 27 38
Turquoise	19 0	Messrs. Stokes & Preston ...	4 23 51	1 23
Isca.....	15 50	Mr T S Kennedy...	4 33 8	1 29 1
Mahshuka	12 40	Mr W H Hughes ...	2 27 47	1 25 45
Melody ...	9 30	Officers, R. A ...	4 31 16	1 29 52
Ranzo ...	3 39	Mr R H Hopkins	4 27 15	1 18 15

Course :—Committee Vessel—N Karanja Port—P and O "B" Buoy Port—Committee Vessel—Short Course. Length 7·6 miles. Wind N. W. Strength moderate. 1st prize won by Ranzo, 2nd prize won by Mahshuka.

PIXIE CLASS RACE—Sailed at 3-0 p.m.

Names of Boats.	Time Allnces. M. S.	Entered by	Arrival. H. M. S.	Time of Corrected Time. H. M. S.
Trixie ...	3 36	Mr J W Milne. ...	5 1 39	1 58 3
Erin	4 56	Mr. M Magill ...	4 59 28	1 54 32
Lylie.....	Scr	Col Street and Mr E. Watson ...	4 23 15	1 54 15

Course :—Committee Vessel—N Karanja Starboard—Mark Buoy Starboard—Committee Vessel—Short Course. Length 7·9 miles. Wind N W. Strength moderate. 1st prize won by Lylie.

"C" CLASS HANDICAP RACE.—Sailed at 3-10 p.m.

Names of Boats.	Time Allnces M. S.	Entered by	Arrival. H. M. S.	Time of Corrected Time. H. S.
Pam	10 37	Mr. A. G. Holmes...	5 13 12	1 52 35
Cricket ..	9 22	Mr T Gregson	5 18 53	1 59 30
Marie-Louise..	6 52	Mr K Mc-Iver	5 17 48	2 0 56
Anna.....	13 45	Officers, Mint	5 20 47	1 57 2
Jean 12 30	.....		5 25 17	2 2 47

Course :—Committee Vessel—P and O "B" Buoy Starboard—Mark Buoy Starboard—Committee Vessel Length 7·5 miles. Wind N W. Strength moderate. 1st prize won by Pam, 2nd prize won by Anna.

The A Class had a wonderfully good start and Ranzo scored a good win. Mr. Holmes in Pam is to be congratulated on getting the gun in C Class.

We have learnt something about "the man or the boat' question this week. Clutha for instance in the Tindals' race last, Mynona on Monday, second, and several other cases too numerous and invidious to mention but very interesting.

It was very nice to find some interest taken in the sailing, there being quite a few on board the schooner each day. At the same time this interest is confined to a very small circle, and compares very unfavourably with that taken in yacht racing elsewhere, which in a Royal Yacht Club is a pity.

About a hundred and twenty attended the Regatta dinner on Saturday night which brought an excellent week to a fitting finish.

CALCUTTA RACING.

BARRACKPORE FIRST PICNIC MEETING.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, Mar. 29.

Thanks to the energies of Major Winter, racing has been resuscitated here after about fifteen years. There was a large attendance, and all the events were well filled. There were three firms of bookmakers doing business. On the whole they fared very well. The following are the details :—

ARTILLERY CUP.—2½ furlongs.

Driver O'Shea's Energy, 11st. .....Owner 1
Driver Smith's Flatfoot, 11st.....Owner 2
ALSO RAN :—Ethel, 11st. ; Councillor, 11st. ; Emily, 11st. ; Carrots, 11st. ; and Fitful, 11st.

BARRACKPORE ST. LEGER.—1 mile
Haj Winter's Runaway Girl, 10st. 8lbs. Owner 1
Manuk's Grace, 9st.....Masoomdin 2
ALSO RAN :—Obo, 9st. 12lbs.; Confideration, 11st. 2lbs.

MATCH.—4 furlongs.

Mr. Linton's Pink Lady .....Owner 1
ALSO RAN :—Paddy.

CHARGERS' PLATE.—5 furlongs.

Mr. Orr's Foxglove, 11st. 7lbs. Mr. Walker 1
Mr. Anderson's Sheepshanks, 11st. 7lbs. Mr. Bealle 2
ALSO RAN :—Ajax, 11st. 7lbs. ; Thomas, 11st. 7lbs. ; Bolivar, 11st. 7lbs. ; Barmaid, 11st. 7lbs.

GOVERNOR'S CUP.—4½ furlongs.

Mr. Taylor's War Cry, 10st. 9lbs....Owner 1
Mr. John's Leota, 10st. 12lbs.....Maj. Winter 2
ALSO RAN :—Stop Thief, 10st. ; Harlin, 10st. 12lbs. ; Bobs, 11st. ; Dora, 9st. 5lbs.

ALL-COMERS' STAKES.—6 furlongs.

Mr. Dass's Politesse, 10st. 5lbs.....Mr. Dudley 1
Capt. Hon. Thellusson's Airman, 11st. Thakur 2
ALSO RAN :—Convent Girl, 12st. 5lbs. ; and Kamala 8st.

POLO IN MADRAS.

VENUGOPAL CUP WON BY 7th HUSSARS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, Mar. 29.

In the final of the Venugopal Polo Tournament yesterday, the 7th Hussars beat Government House by 5 goals to 2.

Lord and Lady Pentland were present throughout the match, and watched the game with keen interest. Her Excellency gave away the magnificent challenge cup to the skipper of the winning team, presenting each member with a handsome miniature cup.

GOLF IN BOMBAY.

THE GOLFERS CUP.

The following matches were played off on Sunday morning in the first round of the competition for the Golfers Cup.

Adair —1 beat Robertson —2 two up and one.

Dawson had a walk over Talbot scratching.

McNeill —3 beat Lockhead —3 two up and one.

Barlee —5 beat Huffam —8 two up and one.

Payne —2 beat Owen —7 four up and three.

Harrington —9 beat Aitken —1 four up and two.

RAWALPINDI RACES.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

RAWALPINDI, Mar. 29.

The following are the details of to-day's events :—

HORSE HURDLES,—3 miles.

Capt. Patt's Bury Black, 10st. 13lbs. Capt. Wood 1
Capt. Furnell's Bright Metal, 12st. 12lbs. T. Williamson 2
Mr. Sopper's Rosebery, 11st. 4lbs....Owner 3

PONY PLATE.—5 furlongs.

Mr. Sopper's Mesalliance, 9st. 2lbs. Owner 1
Mr. Thomas's Maori King, 11st. 5lbs. Ruiz 2
Major Bailey's Joybell, 8st. 3lbs. Melsom 3

PERSIAN PLATE.—7 furlongs.

Mr. Methuen's Arabiyeh, 6st. 5lbs. Harrison 1
Mr. G. Thomas' Prince Charlie, 10st. 5lbs. Ruiz 2
Mr. G. Thomas' The Nut, 10st. 3lbs. Trahan 3

RACE CLUB CUP.—2½ miles.

Mr. G. Thomas' Trathroy, 11st. 2lbs. T. Williamson 1
Capt. Wood's Marconi, 11st.....Owner 2
Mr. Sydney Smith's Adalina, 10st. Mr Doyle 3

DIVISIONAL PLATE.—6 furlongs.

Mr. G. Thomas' Granite, 9st. 10lbs....Ruiz 1
Col. Chesney Cook and Mr. Coventry's Jacchus, ...Capt. Steel 2
Thakur Sripal Singh's East Pool, 11st. 5lbs.....C. Northmore 3
Messrs. Fraser and Smith's Good Girl, 10st. 7lbs.....T. Williamson 4

RAWALPINDI PLATE. —round the course.

Mr. G. Thomas' Mingo, 11st. Ruiz
and (dead heat)
Mr. Coventry's and Necklace 9st. 6lbs.....Owner

Capt. Lee's Ringatte 8st. 5lbs. C. Northmore 2

CONSOLATION PLATE, (2nd Division).—5 furlongs.

Mr. Methuen's Arabiyeh, 6st. 5lbs. Harrison 1
Capt. Bruce's Sahoon, 8st. 10lbs. Mr. Sopper 2
Capt. Lee's Veto, 7st. 7lbs.....Melsom 3
Major Wood's Moosahad, 9st. Capt. Steel 4

CONSOLATION PLATE, (1st Division) —5 furlongs.

Hon. John Bigge's Beldaba, 8st. 4lbs. (carried 8st. 5lbs.) 1
Mr. Hornby's Superiority, 8st. 9lbs. T. Williamson 2
Mr. Sydney Smith's May Queen, 7st. 9lbs. Melsom 3

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVAL OF R. I. M. S. "DUFFERIN."

The Royal Indian Marine steamer Dufferin, Commander G. H. S. La Touche, arrived in harbour on Saturday from Southampton, which port she left on the 5th March and called at Port Said, Suez and Karachi.

She brought details for different regiments, consisting of 23 officers, 11 ladies and 3 children ; 8 warrant officers, 5 women and 5 children ; 118 non commissioned officers and men, 14 women and 10 children.

The following are the names of the officers :—

From Southampton.—Capt. Middleton, 2nd Dorset Regt.; Captain and Mrs. Hill and child, 2nd. E. Yorks; Capt. Woodmans, 2nd E. Yorks; Capt. Bois, 2nd R. Lancs.; Capt. Lanyon, 1st Irish Rifles ; Capt. and Mrs. Mackay, A. and S. Hussars ; Capt. and Mrs. Wilkinson, 2nd E. Yorks ; Capt. and Mrs. Stainforth, 2nd E. Kents ; Lieut. and Mrs. Considine, 1st. R. Muns. Fus. ; Lieut Lyons, 1st. R. Irish Regt. ; 2nd Lieut. Harrison, R. F. A. ; 2nd Lieut. Adeley, R. I. Regt ; 2nd Lieut Denny, A. S. Hussars ; 2nd Lieut. Sanford, 7th Dragoon Guards ; and 2nd Lieut. Keays, L. N. Lancs.

From Karachi.—Miss Dunwoodie and Miss Stronghill, Q. A. N. S I.; 2nd Lieut. Thomson, R. F. A.; Capt. and Mrs. Lamb and child, R. G. A.; Lieut. Fox, R. E. ; Capt. and Mrs. Hawtrey, R. E. ; Lieut. and Mrs. Hallilan and child, R. A. M C.; Lieut. Ratnagar, I. M. S. ; Family of Col. Johnstone, I. A.; Rev. Irvine, Church of England Chaplain; Rev. Lloyd-Thomas, R. C. Chaplain.

STATION ORDERS.

By Brev.-Col. W. R. Marshall.

The undermentioned Officers will form a Standing Committee to consider questions relating to the Moral and Spiritual Welfare of British Troops:—President: Colonel W. R. Marshall, 1st. Bn. the Sherwood Foresters; Members: the Officer Commanding, Royal Garrison Artillery; the Officer Commanding, Station Hospital, Colaba ; the Church of England Chaplain, Colaba; and the Roman Catholic Chaplain, Colaba. Meetings will be held quarterly, at such time and place as the President may appoint, and a report submitted by the President to the Station Staff Officer. The meeting for the current quarter will be held as soon as possible, and the report submitted, so as to reach the Station Staff Officer by the 10th April, 1913.

Lt.-Col. W. E. Jennings, I.M.S. is authorised to proceed from Bombay to Quetta, for military training at that station.

A committee will assemble at the office of the Officer in Charge of Supplies, Town Barracks, Fort, at 12 noon, on Wednesday, the 2nd. April, 1913, for the purpose of selecting and sealing samples of foodstuffs, for transmission to the Civil Authorities for calculating the compensation for dearness of food to fighting-men and followers of the Bombay Brigade, for the Official year 1913-1914.

APPOINTMENTS, POSTINGS, ETC.

Lieut. P. J. R. Wigley, 90th Punjabis, is appointed Probationary Assistant Political Agent, Bombay Government.

Major M. P. Hancock, 2nd Bn. Royal Fusiliers, assumed duties of officiating Deputy Assistant Adjutant General 5th Division on 15th March 1913, vice Major Sir G. N. Stirling, Bart., proceeded on leave.

Major H. H. Jones, Supply and Transport Corps, is posted to the 6th (Poona) Division.

Capt. H.C. Hawtrey, Royal Engineers on arrival in India, is posted to the Bombay Brigade.

Lt.-Colonel C. F. T. Murray, M.V.O., Supply and Transport Corps, is posted to the 6th Division.

Lt.-Colonel G. B. H. Rice, 31st Punjabis, assumed command of 2nd Quetta Infantry Brigade on 12th March 1913.

Captain L. G. B. Harrison, 125th Rifles, to be officiating Aide-de-Camp to the General Officer Commanding 5th Division, vice Captain Yates granted leave.

Lieut. A. R. Thomson, 7th Rajputs, to be Station Staff Officer Ahmedabad.

REGIMENTAL.

121st Pioneers.—Captain W. B. P. Tugwell to be officiating Double Company Commander.

Captain G. G. Cooper to be officiating Quarter Master.

10th Jats.—Lieut. J. B. Haines to be Quarter Master.

80th Infantry.—Captain E. C. Pythian-Adams to be officiating Quarter Master.

98th Infantry.—Captain J. P. Mitford, to be officiating Quarter Master.

67th Punjabis.—Lieut. T. Reed to be Adjutant.

6th Jat Lt. Infy.—Lieut. A. B. McPherson to be Quarter Master.

His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief has approved of the tenure of Lt.-Colonel W. C. Walton, as Commandant 104th Rifles, being extended to the 5th February 1914.

67th Punjabis.—Lt.-Colonel H. W. Johnston, 2nd-in-Command, to be Commandant, vice Colonel A. W. Newbold vacated.

The undermentioned officers have been posted as noted.

The Queen's Own Cameron Highlanders.—Bt.-Major the Hon. R A. Campbell to the 2nd Battalion.

The Royal Dublin Fusiliers.—Lieut. T. L. M. Mansfield to the 1st Battalion.

R. F. A.—Major S F. Stallard from 65th Battery to 92nd Battery.

R. F. A.—Major J. H. Pattison from 40th Battery to 26th Battery.

R. F. A.—Major H. W. A. Christie from 26th Battery to 12th Battery.

The undermentioned officers have been granted leave :—

Major W. S. Prentis, 89th Punjabis, 8 months, ex India ; Captain W. A. Stewart, Adjutant Rangoon Volunteer Rifles, 6 months, ex India ; Captain S. J. Lowe, 2nd Bn. Royal Fusiliers, 8 months ex India.; Lieut. R. L. Lemon, 30th Punjabis, 3 months, in India.; Major J. R. Kennedy, 96th Infantry, 7 1-2 months, in India ; Lt-Colonel R. E. Sullivan, Supply and Transport Corps, 3 months, in India ; Lt-Colonel A. R. Burlton, Supply and Transport Corps, 8 months, ex India ; Captain W. Macdonald, 31st Punjabis, 7 months, ex India ; Captain H. N. Colan, 67th Punjabis, 1 year, ex India ; 2nd-Lieut. B. C. Hutchison, 7th Hussars, 3 months, 17 days, ex India ; Captain H. W. Paxton, 97th Battery, R. F. A., 6 months, ex India. ; Lieut. R. B. Shubrick, 1st Bn. Royal Inniskilling Fusiliers, 2 months, in India; 2nd-Lieut. E. W. H. Raymond, 1st Bn. Royal Inniskilling Fusiliers 2 months in India ; Captain G H. Vaughan-Sawyer, 83rd Wallajahbad Lt. Infantry, 8 months, ex India on Medical Certificate; Major P.S.O. Reilly, R.A.M.C., 8 months, ex India ; Lieut. R. C. C Liston, 102nd Grenadiers, 7 1-2 months, ex India; Captain C. H. Standbridge, 117th Mahrattas, 8 months, ex India; Captain H. A. Case, 2nd Bn. Dorsetshire Regiment, 3 months, in India; Lt-Colonel J. H. Anslep, 2nd Bn. Loyal North Lancashire Regiment, 8 months, ex India ; Major H. Harvey Jones, Supply and Transport Corps, 12, months, ex India: Captain E. G. Lewin, R. F. A., 140 days, ex India; Captain H. R. Sandilands, 1st Bn. Northumberland Fusiliers, 6 months, ex India; Lieut C. T. S. Cogan, 1st Bn. Northumberland Fusiliers, 3 months, in India; 2nd-Lieut. R. T. Vachell, 1st Bn. Northumberland Fusiliers, 6 months, ex India; Colonel F. C. Muspratt, 30th Punjabis, 3 months, in India; Major A. H. Thomson, 30th Punjabis, 3 months, in India; and Captain C. D. Webster, 30th Punjabis, 3 months, in India.

The undermentioned officers have been granted extensions of leave :—Lt.-Colonel E. H. Jackson, 88th Infantry, 6 months, Medical Certificate; Major E. A. W. Slotherd, 30th Lancers till 4th July, pending retirement; and Major M. H. B. Geddes, 64th Pioneers, 6 months, Medical Certificate.

Permitted to reside out of India:—Lt-Colonel H. J. Jones, D.S.O., 14th Sikhs, 25th August 1913.

RAILWAY RETURNS.

B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY.—Metre Gauge System.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 15th Mar. 1913, on 1827·66 miles open.

	Coaching Traffic Receipts.	Merchandise and Mineral Traffic Receipts.	Other Earnings (estimated)	Total Earnings
Total Traffic for the week ...	Rs. 26200	Rs. 330000	Rs. 7000	Rs 593000
Or per mile of Ry ...	143	181	4	323
For previous 10 weeks of half-year	0 20580	3863000	67000	5083000
Total for 11 weeks ...	232000	4193000	74000	6587000
Comparison.				
Total for cor. week of previous year..	0 210597	4199·3	7630	668170
Per mile of Ry do..	132	230	4	366
Total to cor. date do...	2 2669 4	1612338	87213	7026240

Decrease for the week ...Rs. 69,170
Do. to date .....Rs. 4,39,240

B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY.—Broad Gauge System.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 15th Mar., 1913, on 945·61 miles open.

	Coaching Traffic Receipts.	Merchandise and Mineral Traffic Receipts.	Other Earnings (estimated)	Total Earnings
Total Traffic for the week	Rs. 224000	Rs. 470000	Rs. 4000	Rs 698000
Or per mile of Ry	237	497	4	738
For previous 10 weeks of half-year.	0 203400	4734000	38000	6800000
Total for 11 weeks ...	225800	5204000	42000	7504000
Comparison.				
Total for cor. week of previous year..	0 216140	439020	14760	669920
Per mile of Ry. do...	229	464	15	708
Total to cor. date do..	230409 9	5177607	6319	7549898

Increase for the week ...Rs. 28,080
Decrease to date .....Rs. 45,898

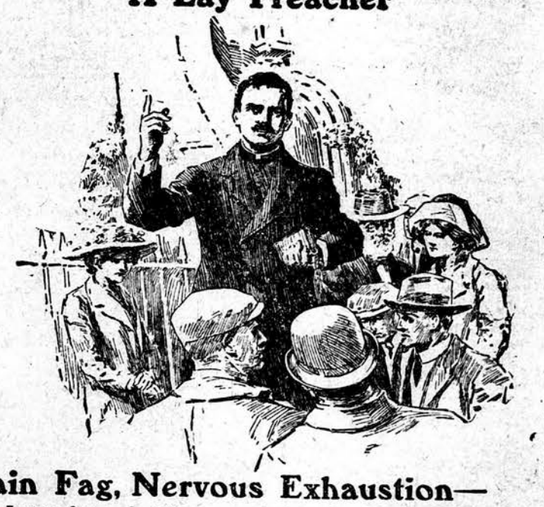
The following vessel obtained port clearances on Thursday :—

BOMBAY PORT TRUST.

PILOTAGE STATEMENT.

	For week ending 7th Mar. 1913.	Total from 1st April 1912 to 7th Mar 1913.	For week ending 7th Mar 1913.	Total from 1st April 1911 to 7th Mar. 1912.
Vessels piloted into harbour.	35	1,202	23	1,148
Vessels piloted out of harbour.	24	1,194	29	1,162
Vessels transported	23	885	14	765
Vessels attended to	3	89	1	70
Vessels warped...	1	67	3	54

A Lay Preacher



Brain Fag, Nervous Exhaustion—

Just a *change of opinion* was enough to give Mr. W. King his present prosperity, for he realised in the nick of time that *his* way was *not* curing his brain fag and nervous exhaustion, so he tried the Phosferine way. Mr. King's method was to *ignore* his despondency and feeling of collapse, and persuade himself there was nothing unusual in the painful fatigue the lightest effort to work cost him, until, as he steadily *got worse*, he resolved to drop his own opinion and see what Phosferine could do. The result was so astonishingly beneficial, even after a *few* doses, that the brain fag and nervous exhaustion ceased entirely, enabling him to do *more* work than before and yet not feel the strain. This remarkable advantage is seen in the extraordinary energy and vigour of Mr. King's public speaking, and so amazingly have his prospects improved since his speedy recovery, that he declares he *had* to come forward with the evidence of the magnificent benefit he derived from Phosferine.

Quite Gone—Never Return.

Mr. W. J. King, School House, Trumpington Rd., Forest Gate, London, E., writes:—"I am writing to add my name to the list of those people who have found Phosferine to be the Greatest of all Tonics. Some time back I was very much run down through overstrain brought on by incessant bodily exercise and mental application. The usual tendency of mankind is to give up some of their work, have a rest, and at the same time take medicine, so I endeavoured to *keep going on without seeking advice*, but as I was *getting worse* I found *that* policy would not do. Having heard many friends speak about Phosferine, and one in particular offering me some, I decided to give it a trial. Purchasing a 2/6 bottle, I began to doctor myself. The result not only astonished me, but others also noticed how much better I was, even althongh I had only taken a *few* doses. I found I could do the same amount of work *easier*, and at present am able to do *more* than before and yet not feel the strain. I have a good deal of public speaking, and I find an occasional dose of Phosferine is a great benefit."—May 28, 1912.

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Influenza	Premature Decay	Neuritis	Rheumatism
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And all disorders consequent upon a reduced state of the nervous system.

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Karachi	Mandalay	Nakuru
Lahore	Colombo	Kisumu
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Cawnpore	Aden (Camp).	Eurebbe
Tuticorin	Aden (Steamer point).	

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White Camelia 125° (in tins)	4	4	0	per 2 tins.
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We cannot guarantee to insert advertisements in their proper position if received after 7 p.m.

Postal letters and covers should be addressed Box No.209, General Post Office, Bombay.

THE
Bombay Gazette.
Monday, 31st March, 1913.

PARTIES AND POLITICS IN AUSTRALIA.

WHILE South Africa is confronted with a political crisis arising from racial jealousies, and the naval question in Canada has reached the acute stage signified by quotations from the American Declaration of Independence, the Australians are preparing to challenge the dominancy of the Caucus which has had three years of office with results that are unsatisfactory to the general body of the electors. There are no racial or naval problems involved in their contest, as the sole issue at stake is the shifting of the political fulcrum from extreme socialism to moderate forms of democracy which were the national creed of belief when the Commonwealth was proclaimed eleven years ago. But even if this transfer should be affected in the House of Representatives by the general elections a few weeks hence, there is a prospect of trouble with the Senate which may produce in a minor degree a situation comparable with the historic quarrel between Lords and Commons, still to be adjusted by a verdict of the British electorate. The members of the Australian upper House are chosen for a period of six years, and half the thirty-six seats become vacant at the triennial elections for the Federal Parliament. On the last occasion, three years ago, the Socialists captured the whole of the eighteen seats which were vacant; and, as six of their party were already in the Senate, they have had a working majority which has enabled them to make many striking additions to the Australian Book of Statutes. Of the eighteen seats now offered for competition, they are certain to win the West Australian group where the party influences have not suffered an eclipse, and possibly one or two of the Queensland seats. Those additions to the eighteen stalwarts, already in the Senate, will enable Caucus to block all useful legislation, even if the majority in the lower House disappears, and the leaders of the party make no secret of their intentions if the decision of the electors is addressed to Socialist interests.

There are thus grounds for the presumption that a Liberal success, even if it occurs, will not be an unalloyed victory as the Senate will vote according to Caucus mandates, and refuse to pass any bills conflicting with the ideals set out in the Labourite programme. But, fortunately for the Australians, their constitution has anticipated and provided for differences of this kind, and it will not be necessary to meet them with unpopular measures like Mr. Asquith's Parliament Bill. When a deadlock arises between the two Commonwealth Chambers, a period of three months is to elapse for mutual reflection, and the application of such solvents as may appear likely to bring about an acceptable compromise. Should that not occur, the contentious measure may be sent up to the Senate for a second time, and, if again rejected, the Governor-General may command a dissolution of both Houses with a view to serving the judgment of the electorate on the point at issue. And, if the new Senate is still obdurate, the constitution declares that "a joint sitting of the two Houses shall be held, the question in dispute being finally decided by an absolute majority." Hitherto the upper House has made no use of its powers of veto or revision as the majorities, which have supported successive Cabinets, have accepted and passed all legislative measures sent to the Chamber; and the Australians doubt its value as a check on extravagant law-making. But, if the Sobrunts use it as a means of obstruction, as they threaten to if the electorate evicts them from office, collisions will result that can only be adjusted by the Constitutional procedure described above.

Mr. J. A Bryce, the historian of democratic forms of Government, who visited the Commonwealth a few months ago, believes that its "Constitution is above any other in existence, and that its range of power is "wider than those of the United States, Canada, or Switzerland," an authoritative tribute which ought to discourage attempts to tamper with it. But one of the principal objections of the Socialists is the evolution of an industrial millenium which shall supersede capitalism and trusts, and transform Australia into a happy and contented country, free from strikes and all kindred manifestations of unrest. They, therefore, proposed to nationalise all firms of industry by acquiring and working them on behalf of the State, and to centralise all arbitration matters in the Federal High Court instead of the separate tribunals existing in each of the Colonies. They have not hitherto disclosed how they propose to find funds for a gigantic scheme that will cost millions to realise, and, at present, the Federal income and expenditure are about equally balanced, while there are large commitments to national defence, and the railway policy which is a logical corollary to it. The six partners in the coalition anticipate that an attempt may be made to divert to the Federal Exchequer the twenty-five shillings per head of population, now assigned to them from the customs and postal revenues, a proposition that would meet with the most strenuous resistance as it would mean additions to an already high standard of taxation. But, apart from financial obstacles, there is the paramount difficulty that the constitution does not provide for the devolution of these extensive powers to the Federal Government; hence the demand for its rectification, which is the real question at issue between the Caucus and the electorate. Sagacious politicians and economic experts, who have considered the idea of State-owned trust and a central arbitration Court as antidotes to industrial unrest, are convinced that it would preface greater disasters than the occasional strikes which now occur. And they also perceive that the amendments suggested would be followed by others openly derided against the administrative independence of the States which is specially protected by clauses in the Charter. Consolidation on the South African plan is an unthinkable heresy to all patriotic Australians for reasons which, in their estimation, are above argument or persuasion; hence, there are cleavages in the proletariat which have not been heated by maternity bonuses and a prodigal system of old-age pensions. Mr. Andrew Fisher, who is the most astute leaders the party has had since its evolution, discerns the dangers of the situation; and, if his advice had been followed, there would, for the present, be no repetition of the constitutional question to an electorate which has already vetoed it and is prepared to do so again. But the inter-State Labour Convention, from whom the Caucus has to take its policy, met a few months ago, and decided that there should be a fresh referendum. There is consequently much wrath among voters who are to be asked to stultify themselves by reversing a well-considered decision at the mandate of the Labour leaders, and it will probably find expression at the general elections a few weeks hence by the rejection of those who are reponsible for this form of coercion. But whatever happens, the Socialists will still command a majority in the Senate, and will be able to block Liberal legislation if that party is victorious at the polls. If these tactics are adopted by the Caucus as a means of resenting its deprivation of office, there will be a prolonged squabble, followed by the dissolution contemplated by the Constitution when the two Houses are in absolute disagreement, and the Australians will then have an opportunity of freeing themselves finally and conclusively from the bondage of Socialism and its irrational methods of Government, while preserving the democratic principles which are the true basis of the prosperity of their great heritage.

ANTIQUITY OF POONA. MR. DEVADATTA R. BHANDARKAR of the Archæological Survey of Western India has recently discovered in an old copper-plate grant, the name of Poona, which shows that already, as far back as the eighth century of our era, the famous place in the Deccan was the headquarters of a district as at present, and what is more important, this district was called by the same name which it now bears. We know that Poona is an ancient place, but what was not known is that the name also is ancient and that it has adhered to it for nearly twelve centuries. Less than thirty years ago it was officially stated in the early history of this district that not a single stone of copper-plate insertion had been found in the Poona district, dating from the sixth to the thirteenht centuries; but of recent years some stray copper-plates have been found, and of these a set discovered at Talegaon is most important as it has been found to contain the name in the form of Punaka or Poonaka. The copper-plate grant was issued by Krishna I of the Rashtrakuta line of kings which ruled the Deccan from 760 to 973, and relates to villages which are expressly stated to have been comprised in the Poonaka district. These villages have been identified with modern localities in Poona. Even the well-known River Mula which joins the Mutha near Poona city is mentioned as the northern boundary of the villages, only with this slight difference that this name Mula also refers to the conjoint river now known as the Mutha-Mula. Krishna reigned in the third quarter of the eighth century from 753 to 775; and was a powerful ruler; among his great works being probably the famous Kailas temple among the Ellore caves. There are other proofs that the present site of Poona is as ancient as the seventh and eighth centuries, but as Mr. Bhandarkar says in his epigraphic notes in the "Indian Antiquary," it was never dreamt that the name Poona was also equally ancient, and that it was the headquarters of a district in those early times as it is now. But this fact is now quite clear because Poonaka cannot stand for anything else but our Poona, and it is mentioned expressly as the district which contained the villages named in the grant, a topographical fact exactly borne out at the present day. The name Poonaka is another form of Poonyaka, and very likely means cleanser of sins from the holy meeting of the two rivers Mutha and Mula, close by it, such junctions being well-known in Hinduism as places renowned for the cleansing of sins by bathing in their waters.

APPEAL FOR A FAMOUS SHRINE. IT is not often that one finds the Hindu Community backward in supporting a worthy cause connected with their religion, and it is surprising to find that a committee, which was formed with the object of restoring the famous shrine at Kangra, in the Punjab, has met with great difficulty in raising the needed funds. The temple of Devi, which stood on the northern slope of this ancient Rajput stronghold, and which was one of the oldest and wealthiest shrines in India, was destroyed eight years ago, in an earthquake. The committee now states that there seems little prospect that the money needed to complete the restoration within a reasonable period will be raised. This body, of which Sir P. C. Chatterjee is President, and Dewan Krishna Kishore, of Lahore, is Secretary, began with an ambitious design to rebuild the temple wholly of marble, the cost being estimated at four lakhs. Zealous efforts to collect subscriptions showed there was little chance of a large sum being realised and a more modest scheme was framed at a cost of Rs. 2,10,000. Now the committee have to confess that at the end of February last the total sum at their disposal was only Rs. 58.000, this including gifts of Rs. 16,000 from the Maharaja of Kashmir and Rs. 15,000 from the Maharaja of Darbhanga. The work, however, was begun in the hope that more money later would flow in, and at the present moment Rs.37,000 are urgently needed. More of course will be required later, but considering the importance of the temple, the whole sum needed is not a large one; and it is indeed remarkable that it should be so slow in forthcoming. The committee are making a strong appeal for assistance.

The P. & O. Co's s.s. "Syria" arrived in London, on the afternoon of the 26th inst.

The P. & O. Co's s.s. Arcadia arrived at Suez from Bombay, on the morning of 28th instant.

The P. & O. Co's. s. s. "Simla" arrived at Suez from Colombo on the morning of the 28th inst.

FOREIGN AFFAIRS.

PEACE PROSPECTS.

GERMANY'S WAR TAX.

FRENCH PATRIOTIC ARDOUR.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

PARIS, Mar. 15.

The statements on foreign affairs contained in the King's Speech and in Mr. Asquith's statements in Parliament on Monday have attracted much attention abroad, and have apparently given satisfaction to all the Powers. In Berlin, the references were all the more welcome as they came on the very heels of what appeared to be a concerted movement to paint the international situation in the blackest colours. An exaggerated philippic against France published by the irequently semi-official and generally cautious "Kolnische Zeitung" together with unnecessarily pessimistic reviews of the situation in France and the Balkans, had a regrettable effect on the Bours which a fuller consideration of Mr. Asquith's explanations, the King's Speech, and the announcement of the impending visit of the Prince of Wales happily countered. The Chauvinist "Tagliche Rundschau" is the only organ of importance to suggest that Mr. Asquith's presentment of the situation is too rosy, which seems to corroborate the suggestion of the "Vossische Zeitung that the "Kolnische Zeitung's" article and other "war whoops" are intended much more for home consumption than anything else.

The Premier's denial of any military convention between England and France, is the point given the greatest prominence. In this connection Count Reventlow writes in the "Tageszeitung" readily accepting the denial, a fact all the more noticeable since Count Reventlow is never in the slightest degree Anglophile.

"We were quite convinced," says Count Reventlow, "that such a proposal involved greater risks for Great Britain than for Germany. Great Britain certainly does not desire war, which holds no promise of a certain profit, but which, on the other hand, might be attended by great risks and possible reverses. Mr. Asquith's words have much the same meaning as those recently uttered by Herr von Jagow" (the German Foreign Secretary), "but they have a greater importance coupled with the denial of a military convention."

The French Press expresses general satisfaction with the Speech from the Throne, and Mr. Asquith's commentaries in reply to questions. The "Gil Blas" writes:—"Mr. Asquith's words sum up the strong parallelism of the views of our own foreign policy in the Eastern question." And again:—"We may affirm that the Royal silence observed concerning the Triple Entente finds its explanation in the wish to avoid irritating the country in relation to the increase in the British Army so urgently demanded by far-sighted military chiefs." Mr. Asquith's declaration that England is not under any obligation to send a large force to the Continent is perfectly understood and pretty clearly interpreted by the "Echo de Paris" as follows: "It simply means that England has not undertaken any general engagement, but reserves the right to act in each case according to necessity. This is what distinguishes an entente from an alliance. But, during the seven years that the entente has existed, there has never been a Franco-German crisis without an assurance of British military co-operation having been given. Because the Entente Cordiale has never received other than an analytical definition. because it has never been synthetically defined. it is none the less vigorous and efficacious. We way add that this logical attitude is quite in keeping with the British character."

GERMANY'S WAR TAX.

It is stated that the German Government is considering a proposal to incorporate the principle of the payment of an indemnity for non-service in the proposed Inheritance Tax, so that the estates of persons who have not served in either the army or the navy will be subjected to a surtax. According to the "Kolnische Zeitung," the war contribution will not be levied on the property of foreigners. The "Tagliche Rundschau" understands that the exact amount of the non-recurring war contribution occasioned by Germany's increased military preparations is £49,700,000, while the "Morgenpast" places the sum at £49,800,000. The permanent annual additional cost of the army will total £9,740,000.

The over-subscription of loans recently reported refers to the Imperial and Prussian loans. The £20,000,000 of Prussian Treasury notes have not been so favourably received. According to the "Berliner Tageblatt," £3,000,000 of them have been subscribed, and about £5,200,000 of Treasury notes expiring on the 1st prox. have been offered for exchange against new notes. It is expected that, in the course of the month, another £2,000,000 of expiring notes will be sent in for exchange. It is remarked by the "Vossische Zeitung" that it was hoped that the foreign markets would take an interest in Treasury notes, which are an unpopular form of investment in Germany; but, owing to the general tightness of money, the foreign support was disappointing. After the conclusion of the second reading of the estimates for German Protectorates by the Reichstag, the President recalled the glorious time of a hundred years ago, which inwardly liberated the people at home and evoked the first blaze of the German idea. Continuing, the President said:—"It was a hard and thorny road to the founding of the German Empire, but now it is an established fact that we are living under the black, white, and red, banner which protects us (applause). The German Empire cheerfully celebrates with the Prussian people and the Prussian King the anniversay of the great beginning of National Regeneration."

FRENCH PARTIOTIC ARDOUR.

The temper of the French is proving itself daily to be one of quite resolution simply to uphold their own position. Voluntary engagements for the three years' service are being registered in numbers not only unprecedented but unexpected, and even in careless Paris all the bureaux at the various gates are receiving volunteers at the rate of seven or eight to one as compared with any previous year. The same thing is going on throughout the provinces, and there is every appearance of the army being raised to full company strength on the frontiers within a month or two. A significant instance of the prevalent feeling was seen, when M. Jaures, the Socialist member of the Chamber of Deputies, and opponent of the three years' proposal, attempted to address a public meeting at Nice against the three years' Bill. As soon as the doors were opened the hall was filled, but when the Socialist leader surrounded by a band of friends, appeared on the platform, he was greeted with such a burst of shouts bidding him "Go to Berlin to preach," mingled with yells and hisses, that he was unable to make a word heard. After struggling for more than half an hour amidst a babel of din and an audience growing more excited every moment, M. Jaures finally sought refuge in flight by a back door, being pursued through the streets to his hotel by the inhabitants, who struck up the "Marseillaise" before the doors, and afterwards paraded the town with flags and band till midnight. It is not surprising that such a reception should be given at a frontier town like Nice, and it is strange that M. Jaures should have ventured to challenge a foregone defeat by endeavouring to proclaim ultra-pacificist theories before such a patriotic population.

SPAIN SEEKING ALLIES.

The "Paris-Nidi" has lately suggested the advisability of transforming the recent Franco-Spanish agreement, which put an end to the differences between the two countries, into an alliance, and that idea seems gradually to be gaining ground. In the present day it is natural that Spain should seek to emerge from her present isolation, and should feel the danger of remaining without support in the councils of the world. This was borne in upon her, when she wished to put forward a claim to take part in the Franco-German deliberations concerning the future of Morocco, and Germany declined to admit her without the substantial quid "pro quo" of a coaling station in the Canary Isles and lands in Teneriffe. In many other ways, Spain has been made to understand the disadvantage of standing alone, and there is every reason for her to seek allies, but it is not quite so easy as it might appear. The choice is practically limited to the Triple Alliance and Triple Entente, or an Anglo-French as against an Italian alliance. Spain is more or less united to Italy by ties of race, and religion, and ancient friendship, and they have no conflicting interests in Africa. And an alliance with Italy, would give Spain the indirect, if not direct, protection of the mailed fist. But, perhaps, there would be more immediate benefits to be reaped from a Franco-British alliance, since Gibraltar and Morocco are necessary points of perpetual contact between the three Powers. Spain is not only "Mediterranean," but also "Atlantic," and might find greater security with the political group that rules the ocean. There is also the money side, which is becoming more and more important in politics every day, and Spain knows that a great deal of French capital is already invested in the Peninsula, especially in railways, which it would be very inconvenient to see withdrawn Senor Sanchez Toca, the Conservative ex-Minister, said in a speech delivered at Madrid:—"We are obliged to have an active international policy found on an alliance. One of the principal factors in favour of such an alliance is the geographical position of the nation. In spite of our good relations with France, the latest treaty has led to important infringements on the rights conferred on us by the agreement of 1909 and the Act of Algeciras. It is advisable to disperse the clouds which arose in consequence of the lamentable incidents which followed the Algeciras Conference and to disregard as baseless the statement that the Spanish Government could not conclude an alliance without consulting France.

"The necessity of France's sheltering herself behind the Great Powers forces her to give more than she receives for that privilege. She is one of the greatest nations, but she is the least mistress of herself, and she requires from lesser nations guarantees which may be valueless when the moment arrives for carrying out bargains." Referring to Great Britain, Senor Toca said: "It is with England, more than with any other country, that our interests most agree. Advantageous to both nations, these interests also correspond to the highest interests of Europe. It is well to consider the question of the equilibrium in the Mediterranean and a free highway for all nations. Italy, according to Bismark, is united by land with the Triple Alliance and by sea with Great Britain. A hundred tokens go to show that our Government is harbouring some great diplomatic secrets. Such action is contrary to the expectation and opinion of the nation in determining the choice of an alliance."

HUNGARIAN CHAMBER SCENES.

Two hundred police were called for in the Lower House of the Hungarian Parliament on Thursday to expel members of the Opposition, new standing rules to check obstruction were on the paper, and the Opposition, under M. Juth and Count Apponyi, took part in the debate for the first time for many months. They refused, however, to obey the President, Count Tisza whom they accused of having himself violated the rules, and after they had insulted him and disturbed the debate one member using a motorhorn, the President summoned the police to remove the worst offenders and the Opposition then walked out in a body. The new orders were then unanimously passed by the majority.

THE SOUTH INDIAN RIOT.

ARRESTS AND RECOVERIES OF JEWELLERY.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, Mar. 29.

A correspondent writes from Ayyampet Camp:—

"Reserve constables are coming in to guard the temple and streets. The enquiry is being pushed through and four more Mahomedan arrests have been made. All these four have been sent to Kumbakonam under proper police escort. The missing jewels and images have not yet been traced. The ringleaders are reported to have absconded. It has transpired that on the day of the riot some Mahomedan houses were also looted by Hindus, the latter (according to one version) carrying away quantities of paddy, poultry, etc. Several years ago similar riots took place in the same village under similar circumstances.

MADRAS, Mar. 29.

The idol of a goddess used in the procession was recovered on Thursday evening from the tank.

In one of the mosques arrests and searches still continue to be made, the total number of arrests made up to date being 32, and the persons arrested being all Mahomedans.

The estimated value of the jewellery missing, varies, but it is certain the loss is something very large, verging upon Rs. 50,000. All the jewellery came from the Tiruvavaduthorai Mutt.

The P. & O. Co's s.s. "Persia," arrived at Plymouth on the morning of the 27th inst.

No. 2 Green-street premises recently acquired by Mr. Pheroze Sethna, next to the Bank of Bombay, partially collapsed yesterday afternoon. No loss of life resulted. The building was undergoing alterations.

THE ALBANIAN BOUNDARIES.

SOUTHERN FRONTIER QUESTION.

MONTENEGRO'S ESPAIRING APPEAL.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, Mar. 29.

Representatives of the Powers have made representations in Cetinje and Belgrade, communicating the Powers' decision on the question of the frontiers of Albania, and demanding the abandonment of the siege of Scutari.

The Montenegrin Government has made an appeal to the British people through Reuter's Agency, saying that Europe proposes to kill Montenegro to create Albania. Montenegro cannot accept the decision, and will continue hostilities, till there are signs of peace with Turkey. Thereafter she will seek expiration in despair.

It is stated in Belgrade, that by order of King Nicholas, the bombardment of Scutari has been renewed in the fiercest fashion.

DIFFICULTY OF GREEK CLAIMS.

LONDON, Mar. 29.

The Ambassadors in London have been discussing the southern frontier of Albania, which is a subject of great difficulty owing to the Greek claims. Austria and Italy propose that even the mainland opposite Corfu shall be incorporated in Albania. Greece strongly objects.

A telegram from Cetinje says that the Powers' demands also include the withdrawal of the Servian and Montenegrin troops from the districts to be incorporated in Albania, and guarantees for the religious freedom of Catholics in the occupied territories.

TAKING OF ADRIANOPLE.

AN IRRESISTIBLE SERVIAN ASSAULT.

SOFIA, Mar. 29.

General Ivanoff, reporting the fall of Adrianople, says that only the Bulgarian troops, of the eastern section, took part in the final assault. The operations of the Servians were of a purely demonstrative character.

BELGRADE, Mar. 29.

It is semi-officially stated that the thirteenth column of Servian infantry sustained the heaviest fire in the fighting at Adrianople. They were ordered, with the second Bulgarian column, to make a night attack on the Fort Jout Tepelar. The Bulgarians retired before a heavy Turkish fire, but the third and fourth battalions of the Servian column were ordered to take positions near the fort at all costs. They not only did so but took the fort, losing a thousand killed and four thousand wounded.

Two Servian divisions, totalling 64,000 took part in storming the western and north-western forts, which were of the most modern construction. The Servian cavalry was the first to enter the town.

Disappointment is expressed that Bulgarians hardly mention the Servian sacrifices.

BULGARIA'S TERMS.

THREATENED FURTHER ADVANCE AT CHATALJA.

LONDON, Mar. 28.

Reuter learns that Bulgaria will not cease hostilities, until Turkey has signed the conditions of peace. Bulgaria considers that an advance against Chatalja lines may expedite peace by compelling Turkey to acknowledge defeat. Bulgaria, meanwhile, has communicated to the Allies, her reply to the proposals of the Powers. She demands a frontier from the Gulf of Saros to Midia and an indemnity, if she has to meet a portion of the Turkish Debt.

BRAVERY OF THE DEFENDERS.

SOFIA, Mar. 29.

Chukri Pasha, seven Turkish generals, and officers of the Staff, arrived here to-day, accompanied by Bulgarian officers in attendance. The Ottoman officers were received by the Commandant at Sofia, who praised the bravery of the defence of Adrianople and cordially welcomed them. Chukri Pasha and others were conducted to the residence, which has been allotted them during captivity.

The bridges which the Turks destroyed are being rapidly repaired, and trains are now running to within a mile of Adrianople. The Turks also set fire to a grain store, blew up the ammunition depots, and destroyed big guns, rifles, wireless stations, and searchlights. The condition of the people was apparently not so desperate as was expected. Only a few of the buildings had been damaged by the bombardment, and there had been no epidemic during the siege. Both the Bulgarian and Servian troops are quartered in the town.

OTTOMAN PRISONERS OF WAR.

BELGRADE, Mar. 29.

It is semi-officially stated that when the 20th Servian Regiment took Hadurlu Fort at Adrianople, Chukri Pasha, two generals, 22 field officers, and 150 junior officers, were in the fort. They were allowed to remain, and military honours were accorded them. Next day Chukri Pasha and two generals were handed over to General Ivanoff.

Hitherto 17,000 Ottoman soldiers have surrendered to the Servians, who have taken also enormous quantities of war stores. The Bulgarian headquarters has intimated that the withdrawal of the Servians from Adrianople will begin to-day, their co-operation being no longer necessary.

BULGAR AND SERB LOSSES.

LONDON, Mar. 30

According to information received at the headquarters at Sofia, the Bulgarian losses in the fighting around Adrianople on March 24th, 25th and 26th, numbered eleven thousand killed and wounded. The Servian casualties were twelve hundred killed and wounded. The prisoners taken by the Bulgarians numbered sixty thousand including eight hundred officers. The trophies include 650 guns of different calibres and 68 machine guns.

RE-CAPTURE BY TURKS.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Mar. 30.

It is officially stated that the enemy occupied the advanced position of Buyukchekmedje, but were driven off with considerable loss and the position was recaptured by the Turks.

"HESITANCY OF EUROPE."

SOFIA, Mar. 30.

The semi-official journal *Mir* says that the chief obstacle to peace was not the resistance of Adrianople but the hesitancy of Europe. It says that, unless Europe cuts short Turkish illusions, fresh recourse to arms is inevitable.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, Mar. 29.

The *Statesman* publishes the following cablegrams, dated London, March 29:—

"King Nicholas has sent a message to the English people, denouncing as a crying injustice, the attempt to filch Scutari from the Montenegrins. He declares that in order to create an artificial and unstable autonomy for Albania, the Powers are asking Montenegro to make a sacrifice which she owes to her brave dead. Never to think of, the King concludes, by appealing to the sense of justice of Britain and of the world."

The *Pall Mall Gazette* says:—"It is enabled authoritatively to affirm that the Powers are all agreed to take vigorous action, if necessary, to end the war. It declares that unless the siege of Scutari is immediately raised, the Montenegrin coast will be effectively blockaded.

AMERICAN FLOODS.

FIVE MILLIONS STERLING DAMAGE TO RAILWAYS.

NEW YORK, Mar. 28.

Daring investigators, who have penetrated the flooded zone, bring hopeful news and revised estimates of the fatalities. They found hundreds safe, who were believed to be dead. Motor-boats are rescuing the survivors and conveying necessities.

News from Columbus is less favourable. Six hundred dead are reported at Piqua, 20 at Hamilton, 50 at Troy, (due to the collapse of a hotel), 25 at Middletown, and 30 at Zanesville. Fifteen hundred persons are homeless.

In the United States, the districts most affected are Ohio, Indiana, West Virginia, Pennsylvania, New York, Kentucky and Illinois,

The railways are paralysed, and damaged to the extent of five millions sterling.

LONDON, Mar. 29.

It is now believed that the dead at Dayton, Ohio, in consequence of the floods, do not exceed two hundred.

CINCINATTI'S DELUGE.

NEW YORK, Mar. 30.

The flood conditions are slowly improving. The subsidence of rivers in Indiana and Ohio has increased the floods of the Ohio and Mississippi rivers. Cincinatti is confronted with one of the worst inundations in its history.

The conditions at Dayton (Ohio) have greatly improved.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, Mar. 30.

The *Statesman* publishes a cable, which states :—

The disastrous floods in America now cover the enormous area of 3,200 square miles.

STAFFORD HOUSE.

WITHDRAWAL OF SIR WILLIAM LEVER'S OFFER.

LONDON, Mar. 29.

Sir William Lever has withdrawn his offer to present Stafford House to nation, on ground that there were suggestions in the House of Commons during his absence in Congo, that he was actuated by mercenary motives.

FOOTBALL IN ENGLAND.

SEMI-FINAL ROUND OF THE ENGLISH CUP.

LONDON, Mar. 29.

The semi-final round of the English Cup competition was played to-day.

The match between Sunderland and Burnley, at Sheffield, ended in a draw, neither side scoring.

Aston Villa beat Oldham Athletic, at Blackburn, by one goal to nil.

RAILWAY MEN COMBINE.

LONDON, Mar. 29.

The National Union of Railwaymen, which is an amalgamation of the three principal railway trade unions, was inaugurated at Kentish Town at midnight.

FRENCH AVIATOR KILLED.

VERDUN, Mar. 28.

Lieutenant Bussard, the military aviator, fell 2,500 feet to-day, and was killed.

CHINA AND TIBET.

MORE INDIAN TROOPS FOR PIENMA.

RENEWAL OF OFFENSIVE BY TIBETANS.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

PEKING, Mar. 28.

On August 17th last, Britain required China to come to an agreement regarding Tibet, on lines laid down by England, as a precedent to recognition. At first China argued that no agreement was necessary, but on January 10th, wrote to the British Legation desiring a harmonious arrangement. No reply was received, and China now proposes to send Went-Sung-Yao as a special envoy to London, to arrange an agreement with the Foreign and India Offices.

Went-Sung-Yao was formerly Assistant Amban in Tibet, and came into conflict with the Chinese authorities owing to his fearless criticism of the former Chinese administration in Tibet. He was one of the leaders of the revolution at Shanghai, but refused high office. The Government believes that if Britain accepts the appointment it will lead to a solution.

REPORTED RENEWAL OF FIGHTING BY TIBETANS.

CHENGTU, Mar. 29.

The newspaper *Kuehminkongpao* states that India is increasing her military forces in Pienma, where she controls the customs and refuses to recognise Chinese officials. The paper suggests that the provinces of Szechuan, Yunnan, and Kweichau, consult together regarding the situation.

The paper adds that the Tibetans in Kiangka and Pantung have resumed offensive operations. The Chinese are quietly strengthening their forces, which already amount to nine thousand. The Tibetans are probably of equal strength.

MARCONI INQUIRY.

PEEVENTS CHANCELLOR MAKING HIS BUDGET.

LONDON, Mar. 28.

At to-day's sitting of the Marconi Committee, the examination of Sir Rufus Isaacs, lasting altogether eleven hours, was concluded. The evidence contained no new facts beyond complicated details of his share transactions, and the announcement that Mr. Lloyd George and the Master of Elibank, each bought 1,500 shares in the American Marconi Company, quite apart from those, which Sir Rufus Isaacs had sold them.

Asked why he had not mentioned the American transaction, when he spoke in the House of Commons, Sir Rufus Isaacs said he had not come with a prepared speech; he had come for the purpose of saying that the statements regarding him were lies.

Mr. Lloyd George then gave evidence. There was a large attendance of the members of the House of Commons, who stood on the benches behind the Chairman. Mr. Lloyd George confirmed the statement that he had bought a thousand shares in the American Company from Sir Rufus Isaacs, and had since, with the Master of Elibank, purchased three thousand more shares. He said that the Master of Elibank, Sir Rufus Isaacs, and he were on the closest possible terms. He declared emphatically that he had never had any interest of any sort in the British Marconi Company.

Mr. Lloyd George referred humorously to his supposed wealth. He had a substantial salary, he said but was a comparatively poor man. His entire investments produced only four hundred a year. He had only one house, which was in Wales. The house at Walton Heath was not his. Surely, he said, a man of fifty was entitled to have one house of his own. He concluded by proffering his pass-books, and appealed to the Committee to release him as soon as possible, as he could not prepare his Budget with this inquiry worrying him.

OBITUARY.

EX-LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR DEAD

LONDON, Mar. 28.

The death is announced of Sir Norman Baker, at Cheltenham, after a lingering illness.

LONDON, Mar. 29.

The death is announced of Father Stanton of St. Alban's, Holborn.

LONDON, Mar. 29.

The death is announced of Lord Archibald Campbell.

[Sir Edward Norman Baker, K.C.S.I. was born on the 23rd of March, 1857. He was a member of the Bengal Legislative Council, and later became Financial Secretary to the Government of India. He was an ordinary Member of the Council of India from 1905 to 1908, at which time he obtained the Lieut.-Governorship of Bengal. In 1884 he married Miss Mildred Marion, daughter of Colonel Salisbury Trevor, R.E; by whom he had two sons.]

[The Rev. Arthur Henry Stanton was the son of Charles Stanton, Upfield, Strong, Gloucestershire. He was educated at Rugby and Trinity College, Oxford (M. A.). He was curate of St. Albans ever since the Church was opened in 1862.]

[Lord Archibald Campbell, J.P., Deputy Lieutenant of Argyllshire, was a partner in the banking firm of Messrs. Coutts and Co., London. He was born in 1846, the son of the eighth Duke of Argyll, and educated at Edinburgh Academy, Eton, and Gottingen, commencing his business career at the age of 18. He had been a captain in the 5th Battalion, Argyll and Sutherland Highlanders. The deceased was the author of several works on subjects connected with the Scottish Highlands.]

MR. MONTAGU.

TRIBUTE TO INDIAN ADMINISTRATION.

ANSWER TO CHARGES OF CORRUPTION.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, Mar. 29.

Addressing a gathering of his constituents at Histon, Mr. Montagu referred at some length to his visit to India. He had had, he said, a great opportunity for investigation. The result must be largely for use inside his office, not for the platform, but he was confident of the complete success of his journey.

"I met," he continued, "with splendid hospitality, characteristic of those brave men and women, upon whose shoulders rests the heavy responsibility of a task of increasing difficulty and increasing demand. I was honoured with the confidence of British and Indians, and met great leaders of Indian opinion as well as officials. I cannot sufficiently thank them for all they did for me. If I can show them that we, at the India Office, are anxious to appreciate the difficulties and problems of Indian administration, both from the British and Indian points of view, in a personal sense as well as by despatch and replies to petitions, I hope to offer them some return for their confidence and welcome.

"Courage is the attribute of the Government of India, which I would place first; courage and single-purposed strength begotten of a confident belief in humanity and the essentiality of British government. What better example of this is possible than the splendid courage of Lord and Lady Hardinge at Delhi? I do not think that history records greater physical courage than was shown on that day, or greater honesty of mind than was shown in the great speech I heard in January, with which the Viceroy, still with pieces of the miscreant's missile in his back, announced his unfaltering confidence in the people of India."

"Some people thought fit to bring against his personal honour charges of corruption. They were based upon the fact that Lord Crewe had purchased silver, to the great gain of the taxpayers in India, in the normal course of business, and without his knowledge, (for it was not his department), and through his brother's firm, with which he had no personal connection. He had a certain amount of family pride that his brother's firm had been successful in carrying out the wishes of the Government of India, and after the speeches of Mr. Asquith, and the answers to the questions in the House, no respectable person believed there was anything in the charges".

A MEXICAN MURDER.

EXTRAORDINARY AFFAIR AT A PRISON.

MEXICO CITY, Mar. 28.

An extraordinary affair is reported from Belem prison. It appears that General Zepeda, a nephew of General Huerta, with a squad of mounted men, went to the prison and ordered the warden to produce four ex-Governors, whom he desired to kill.

The warden refused, whereupon Zepeda threatened to fire, unless ex-Governor Hernandez, who had formerly dismissed him, were produced. Eventually Hernandez was brought out and shot. Zepeda then ordered the body to be placed on a pyre and burnt.

A military court-martial has sentenced Zepeda to death.

Zepeda's friends affirm that he was intoxicated.

CHINESE REPUBLIC.

AMERICAN RECOGNITION DEFERRED.

WASHINGTON, Mar. 28.

President Wilson, after conferring with the Cabinet, has decided to defer the recognition of the Chinese Republic, until the meeting of the Chinese Assembly on April 7th, when the new President will be proclaimed.

CHINESE PETROLEUM.

STANDARD OIL CO.'S OFFER FOR SOLE RIGHTS.

LONDON, Mar. 29.

As an instance of the temptation to which the Chinese Government is exposed, the *Times* prints an extract from a letter, received by a well-informed house from Peking, showing that the Standard Oil Company offered a loan of thirty-five million dollars for the sole rights of exploitation of petroleum in China for a term of years.

THE SUFFRAGETTES.

ANOTHER INCENDIARY ATTEMPT

LONDON, Mar. 29.

An attempt was made to-day, to set fire to an unoccupied house in Hampstead. Three persons, who went to investigate the matter, saw two canisters with burning fuses attached, and rushed out just in time to escape the explosions. The attempt is attributed to the Suffragettes.

BOSTON (MASS), Mar. 30.

The Birmingham Suffragette, Ward, has arrived here on a visit to her relatives. She has, however, been debarred from landing, on the ground that she has been sentenced to imprisonment for windows-mashing in London.

GERMAN ARMY BILL.

DETAILS OF INCREASED EXPENDITURE.

FEDERAL STATES TO SHARE THE BURDEN.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

BERLIN, Mar. 29.

The Federal Council has passed the Army and Finance Bills.

The total permanent increases in expenditure for the next three years, amount to £ 19,800,000 sterling, and non-recurring increases to £44,900,000 sterling. The peace footing of the Army will be increased by 136,000 men, making a total of 805,665 men. The federal princes will participate in a special levy of 1-2 per cent. on this property. There will also be a special contribution of 2 per cent. on incomes above fifty thousand marks. Existing taxes and duties will be increased; the stamp duty on company contracts and insurance receipts will be raised; and the rights of the State to the estates of intestates will be extended.

An unexpected feature of the financial proposals is the announcement that the new permanent burden is so large that it cannot be covered from Imperial sources of taxation: hence a considerable share must be shifted to the shoulders of the Federal States, which after April 1st, 1916, will contribute annually to the Imperial Exchequer, a sum equivalent to 1.25 marks per capita of population, in addition to an annual matricular contribution of 80 pfennigs per capita. This money the States may only raise by direct taxes on property, income, profits, or inheritances. The Imperial tax on the increment value of property will come automatically into force in any State, failing to introduce one of the foregoing taxes. This is designed to prevent the States from imposing an additional burden on the poor. It is expected that the new matricular contribution will bring in eighty-seven million marks.

NON-RECURRING ITEMS.

BERLIN, Mar. 30.

The text of the Army Bill has been published. It says that, in view of their urgency, all increases and changes will be carried out in October. The chief items in the non-recurring expenditure of millions of marks are 79 millions for the airship and aeroplane service, 210 millions for fortresses, chiefly those of Koenigsberg and Graudenz, 230 millions for barracks, 71 millions for artillery and other weapons, 45 millions for manœuvring grounds and rifle ranges, 38 millions for clothing and equipment, 31 millions for horses, 28 millions for military stores, 23 millions for the engineer and transport corps, and 14 millions for the medical service.

These are all exclusive of Bavaria.

Cuxhaven will be the home station for the naval airship squadrons.

GERMANY'S AIRSHIPS.

PROVISION IN THE GOVERNMENT PROGRAMME.

BERLIN, Mar. 29.

The German Government's programme of naval aircraft has been published. It provides two airship squadrons of five airships each, with head quarters consisting of four double revolving sheds and two fixed sheds. In addition there will be a central station and six outlying stations for aeroplanes, of which fifty will be constructed.

The staff will consist of 452 non-commissioned officers and men.

The total expenditure from 1914 to 1918 will be fifty million marks.

THEIR MAJESTIES.

CEREMONIAL VISITS ON THE CONTINENT.

LONDON, Mar. 29.

According to the papers, Their Majesties will make ceremonial visits to Paris, Berlin and Vienna, probably in May.

LORD WOLSELEY'S FUNERAL.

LONDON, Mar. 29.

The Duke of Connaught has sent a wireless message intimating that he will attend the late Viscount Wolseley's funeral on behalf of the King.

LONDON, Mar. 29.

The late Viscount Wolseley's remains arrived at Victoria station to-day. The coffin was placed on a gun-carriage, covered with the Union Jack, with a wreath from Lady Wolseley.

A detachment of the Horse Guards escorted the coffin to the War Office, where it lies in the beautiful central hall till Monday. All along the route crowds had gathered, who paid every mark of respect and sympathy.

LOST FROM THE "CAMPHILL."

CAPE TOWN, Mar. 30.

Those drowned in the disaster to the Macbeth liner, "Camphill," include the engineers, Ross and Heywood, and a Chinese foreman.

The wreck was due to a fog.

THE STRANDED "EASTWELL."

LONDON, Mar. 30.

The Dutch authorities at Ymuiden notify that they will remove the wreck of the "Eastwell" without regard to the underwriters' interests, unless salvage firms agree to co-operate by to-day.

[A message, dated London, March 18, stated that the steamer "Eastwell" with a Burmese cargo of rice, had gone ashore at a pier at Ymuiden on the coast of Holland, about 15 m. W. by N. of Amsterdam. The interests involved are estimated at £130,000. The authorities threatened to blow her up, because she lay in the fairway. They gave 48 hours' grace for salving operations.]

BOMB SENSATION.

HOIST WITH HIS OWN PETAR.

ATTEMPT TO MURDER OFFICIALS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MOULVI BAZAR (SYLHET), Mar. 29.

Yesterday the dead body of a youth of about 25 was found lying within the compound of the bungalow of Mr. Gordon, I. C. S., Sub-divisional Officer. The corpse has not yet been identified. A few marks of wounds on the breast, face, thigh, and hand, were seen. Nothing is known as to the cause of his death. Two loaded revolvers were found on the dead man.

The Commissioner, the Deputy Commissioner, and the District Superintendent of Police, are holding an enquiry.

LATER.

On Thursday night a dastardly attempt was made upon the lives of Mr. Hennikar, Commissioner of the Surma Valley, and Mr. Gordon, Sub-divisional Officer of Moulvi Bazar. Fortunately the mission was unsuccessful.

At about 7-30 that night, a loud report like that of explosion of a bomb was heard, but no one seemed to have taken any notice of the incident thinking the report was that of an ordinary cracker.

Early yesterday morning the dead body of a respectable-looking young man was found lying near the gate of Mr. Gordon's house with his legs and hands totally shattered. There were marks of a burst bomb about the body and the face. Iron pins were found embedded all over the body. Evidently death had been caused by the explosion of a bomb.

Two loaded revolvers were found on the person of the deceased, also an electric torch-light, a knife, a few stamped envelopes, and some silver coins. The body was not identified. One of the pistols is quite new and the other is of a very old pattern.

On Thursday night, there was a dinner-party at the house of Mr. Gordon to which Mr. Henniker and other Europeans had been invited. From the position in which the dead body was found it is surmised that the man came to Mr. Gordon's bungalow, and not finding anyone in the hall, hurried to the Circuit House. While crossing the wire fencing of the compound in the dark he fell down, and the bomb exploded, causing his death.

A photograph of the dead body was taken.

A post mortem examination will be held to-day.

The Deputy Commissioner and the District Superintendent of Police have arrived, and a police enquiry is proceeding.

It is believed here that the dead men belonged to a village named Baniachong.

A HOUSE RAIDED.

CALCUTTA, Mar. 30.

Yesterday afternoon, the Calcutta Police raided the house of Mr. J. C. Mozumdar at Dixon's lane with a search warrant, directed against a young man named Sailendra Nath Dutt, who was first heard of in connection with the Howrah Political Gang case. The police officers, it is said, gave the inmates of the house to understand that the search was of a political nature. It is believed, however, that the search was made in connection with a recent explosion in Calcutta. Dutt could not be found in the house, and no one could give any information as to his whereabouts. No incriminating article is believed to have been seized.

POLICE ACTIVITIES.

BARISAL, Mar. 30.

Regarding the eight arrested persons in connection with Nagalband political dacoity, one has been released on bail, another has been sent to Dacca, and the remaining six were brought before the Magistrate. The police having stated that there was "prima facie" evidence against them, they were remanded to gaol for another fortnight.

CALCUTTA, Mar. 29.

In connection with the outrage at Moulvi Bazar, it is stated here that two political suspects were missed from Calcutta a few days ago, and that two officers of the Bengal C. I. D. have gone up to Moulvi Bazar to ascertain if the deceased was one of the missing suspects.

ANOTHER BENGALI BOMB.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, Mar. 29.

A report reached Calcutta last evening of a fatal bomb explosion at Jagatsi Asram. Particulars are lacking, but it is stated that a Bengali boy on Thursday night was carrying a bomb, for what purpose can only be conjectured, when it exploded, killing the youth on the spot. It is suspected this was an attempt on the life of Mr. Gordon, Magistrate of Moulvi Bazar (Sylhet).

The Chemical Analyser to the Government of Bengal has forwarded his report regarding the substance, which exploded in the bath-room of Dr. Nilratan Sircar's house the other day. It was not the same as was used in the letter-bombs which exploded in the General Post Office.

HUMOURS OF CALCUTTA.

CASES OF SODA-WATER IMITATE A BOMB.

CALCUTTA, Mar. 29.

No little commotion was caused among the pedestrians passing by the Currency Office yesterday afternoon when a loud explosion was heard as if a bomb had exploded. In view of recent incidents it was imagined that an attempt had been made to blow up the Currency Office. A small crowd quickly collected.

Two European sergeants came up, and ascertained that a coolie, who was carrying a case containing three dozen bottles of soda-water on his head, had collided with a pedestrian, the case fell to the pavement, and the whole three dozen soda-water bottles burst with a loud report. Nobody was hurt excepting the coolie, who was badly cut in the legs by the fragments of the bottles.

GOVERNOR OF MADRAS.

APPROACHING TOUR IN MALABAR DISTRICT.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, Mar. 29.

His Excellency the Governor of Madras pays a three days' visit to Malabar next month, arriving at Calicut on the 12th April.

The programme includes addresses from the public, the Malabar District Board, and the Calicut Municipal Council. Probably His Excellency will inspect only the local medical institutions, but this does not appear to have been fully decided yet.

Mr. C. A. Innes, Collector, will give a garden party at East Hill, Calicut, in honour of His Excellency, on the 14th April.

Lady Pentland will join his Excellency here on the 15th April, and accompany him on a short visit to the Laccadive Islands.

A public meeting of the citizens of Calicut will be held on Monday to concert measures for giving their Excellencies a fitting reception.

I. C. S. PROBATIONERS.

A correspondent, who was not invited to give evidence before the Public Services Commission, sends us his views on the above subject, which are as follows:—

Whatever may have been said or left unsaid by the cloud of witnesses before the Commission, one fact remains unrefuted, and that is that the gentlemen who annually come out into the I. C. S. very often lack that elusive but desirable quality which may be described as social tact. Excluding the exceptions which there always must be in any generalization, it cannot be denied that there is a definite I. C. S. type and a definite army type, and that the latter is distinctly the most attractive. It is the difference due to training, and it is a question between mess-life with early development, and varsity life with late development. The subaltern of 20 is socially of the same age as the I. C. S. probationer of 26. The varsity system is beautifully adopted to the development of temperament, individuality, and one-sidedness, the very characteristics which the life of the "Shop" or the R. M. C. is very well-suited to curb and control. In the varsities almost everything is tolerated. The community is so large that every individual can find his likes and can avoid his opposites, with the result that he remains as he is and becomes more so. That is why the varsities produce alike the most perfect gentlemen, the most arrant bounders, and the most abject worms. We do not for a moment mean that the I. C. S. type is either a worm or a bounder. It is what one might describe as an intellectualist or an intellectual egoist. Among this type of men at the University there is no such thing as pose or as laying-down the law; that is to say such qualities and characteristics are not observed and remarked upon because they are in that set universal: Life is one long pose and a man is considered uninteresting if he does not lay down his opinions as law freely and fully on every conceivable topic. All this is what Woolwich or Sandhurst taken at the age of 17 or 18 is so ideally adapted to remove. The cadet finds himself faced with the necessity of either adapting himself to a certain standard of dress, manners, and conversation, suited to make him attractive in the society of older persons in the great world, or of remaining an oddity. His little weaknesses pass away in later life, and from the first must be kept within the bounds of commensence. He pursues actresses in a taxicab, and then forgets all about them at a race meeting. The intellectualist of the varsity, on the other hand, either ignores the existence of actresses, or papers his walls with their photographs and writes sonnets to them. As for race courses, he probably despises them or condemns them. If he does go to them, you will find that he knows the pedigree of every race-horse that ever ran, and bets inordinately and always unsuccessfully; for the intellectualist never takes a general interest in all phases of social life as the thorough gentleman should. He specialises in one particular phase and cultivates it "ad nauseum."

What we want in the Indian Civil Service is the best men of the army type, men who are always clean and well-groomed, able to keep their end up in a conversation on any topic, whether they know about it or not, are good listeners when others talk, and possessed of quick social perception; and this type could be best secured by an examination at the age of 18 and subsequent training at an institution run on the lines of the R. M. A. Woolwich.

THE INCOMING MAIL.

ADEN, Mar. 30.

The P. and O. steamer "China" left here to-day with the outward mails of the 21st. inst., for Bombay.

THE following telegram from his Majesty the King-Emperor of India, received in reply to the telegram from his Excellency the Governor, dated the 20th March 1913, is published for general information :—"I sincerely thank you and the people of Bombay Presidency for your message of sympathy in the sorrow which has befallen me through the wicked assassination of the King of Greece."

Gas is now in use in Bombay for gold melting, soap boiling, brazing and every conceivable purpose, for which heat and power are required, since it is found the heat can be regulated to a nicety impossible with solid fuel.

SEDITION IN INDIA.

CHIEF'S PATRIOTIC SPEECH.

MEETING OF BRITISH INDIAN ASSOCIATION.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, Mar. 28.

At the annual meeting of the British Indian Association, yesterday evening, the Maharajah of Burdwan presided.

In the course of a lengthy speech he said :—

Unfortunately we have neither heard nor seen the last of anarchical activities in Bengal ; for, only very recently outrages of a new kind have been brought to light, and I think, therefore, it is the duty of our leaders and thinkers to seriously consider what steps we should take to restore the fair fame of this beautiful land, over which hangs a mist of humility and shame, brought on by the diobolical actions of a handful of mischievously mad men. Whatever we may or may not have gained by constitutional agitation; or, however much we may have advanced intellectually as a race or community during recent years, by recent events we have lost two things, which none can deny. In the first place direct contact with, and I further venture to remark, the confidence of the Government of India ; and secondly, the loss of prestige to Bengal by the lowering of Calcutta to a provincial capital, from the proud position of the Imperial Capital of British India. What we have now got to do is to help to make the new form of Government, in Bengal, a success, and thereby to make up for the lost prestige and privileges so far as that may be possible.

Referring to the rejection of Mr. Chakravarti's resolution at the Bengal Council, asking for the postponement of the Municipal Loans Bill, the Maharajah said : "The attitude of the Government towards the resolution was not quite what it should have been. It is that attitude of Government, which I frankly admit, I failed to appreciate. It is the duty of our Councillors not to harass the Government by unnecessary resolutions, divisions or otherwise, but it is equally the duty of the Government to meet us halfway in a measure like this, if the Council's are to be successes. Co-operation must be the key-note of all administration in this country now, and particularly in this province.

JUDICIAL CHANGES IN THE U. P.

(FROM OUR LADY CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, Mar. 30.

The important reconstitution of the arrangements for the judicial administration in these provinces comes into effect from the 1st of April. The principal feature of it is the union of groups of districts (generally two to a group) under a divisional sessions judge, on the Punjab model. Various notifications necessary for giving effect to the changes, which will have important effect on the Provincial Judicial Service, are published. A large number of appointments, promotions and postings in this connection have been made. Effect is being thus given to the recommendations of the Greeven scheme for the recognition of the judicial administration in the United Provinces.

MALEES IN CONFERENCE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SATARA, MAR. 29.

The fourth conference of the Malee community was held at Satara, under the presidentship of Sakharam Daryaji Patil, on Saturday and Sunday. About six hundred delegates from different parts of Maharastra assembled and great enthusiasm prevailed.

Dnyanoba Ganpatrao Shinde, Chairman of the Reception Committee, and the President, in their eloquent address, expressed abhorrence of the Delhi outrage, and thanks for the Viceroy's recovery, and exhorted their brethren to be loyal to the British raj, and to have prefect confidence in the British Government. Their further advice was to secure education and abandon vices and evil habits. Well-to-do people should help to awaken in their poor brethren a love of knowledge, and help them to acquire it. They should make organized efforts to spread education in modern agricultural and porticultural methods. Scholarships and personal help should be devoted to this object. Economy in all things should be practised and something saved for educating their own children and others in their community.

BENGAL COUNCIL.

CALCUTTA, Mar. 30.

At the meeting of the Bengal Legislative Council on Wednesday, the Bengal Gambling Bill will come up for final discussion. The non-official members have given notice of eight amendments after which the Bill will be passed.

The Calcutta Municipal Loans Bill has been postponed till next the session.

After the Legislative business, the Budget will be discussed.

A PRECEDENT.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LAHORE, Mar. 29.

Kanwar Raghbir Singh, Extra Assistant Settlement Officer, Ferozepur, has been selected to officiate for three months as Under-Secretary to the Punjab Government in the Revenue Department, in place of Mr. G. Worsley. This, says the *Civil and Military Gazette*, is the first occasion on which a Provicial Service Officer has been appointed to the listed post of Under-Secretary in the Punjab.

THE NEW DELHI.

MOGUL INTERIOR FOR PALACE.

ARCHAEOLOGICAL WORK IN PROGRESS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, Mar. 29.

At the instance of Mr. Hailey, Chief Commissioner of Delhi, old carpets, ornaments, furniture, etc., of Mogul pattern, such as were in use in Emperor Shahjehan's time, are to be placed in one of the rooms of the palace in Delhi Fort, with the idea of presenting an exact reproduction of the interor of a palace in the 17th century.

The improvements that are being carried out at Kutab and Indrapat, in the neighbourhood of Delhi, under the direction of Mr. G. Sanderson, of the Archaeological Department, are making good progress. Recently the houses and huts in those localities, which are such a disfigurement, will all be cleared away. These changes are being most carefully made, and they are all in the direction of leaving these monuments in proper setting.

DIRECTION OF EXPANSION.

One of the questions engaging the attention of the Delhi authorities is the direction in which the expansion of the present city can best take place. It has been decided that the present vacant ground outside the walls, near the Lahore Gate, in the neighbourhood of the railway, is best suited for shops and houses.

A SUPPOSED "MIRACLE."

SENGALESE WORSHIP A TAMARIND TREE.

A representative, of the "Time of Ceylon," who visited the tamarind tree in Hendela, which has caused a tremendous sensation among Christian natives, writes as follows;—

The tree which is the subject of so much attention grew in a place known as Palliawatte (which means "church garden") about a quarter a mile from the Roman Catholic Church in Hendela, where the cut-up trunk is now on view on a platform in an open shed. There are no traces to-day of a Church in Palliawatte, but tradition has it that a band of Roman Catholics who were persecuted by the Dutch, used to meet under a tamarind tree in Palliawatte for devotion about the beginning of the last century or just before the British occupation of Ceylon. If the tree, in question, is idential with the traditional one, it must be at least 120 years old, but nothing definite can be gathered on this point.

The trunk has been cut up into tenor twelve logs of varying lenghths, on eight or nine of which there are the mysterious markings (in a rich brown of different shades) quite distinct from the surrounding natural bull shade of the wood.

The second section from the bottom of tree, about three feet in diameter, has a cross, (about 10in. by 9in.) very clearly defined, as if rudely painted, in the centre of the face of the wood. On the corresponding section is a smaller representation of a cross. The first section nearest the root has a very faint suggestion of a cross. There are other markings in other sections which a very imaginative brain could convert into a foot, a hammer, or a nail. On the eighth log is a crude representation of a hand and wrist.

There are fissures in the trunk, in most cases running into the figures, but in two slabs the fissures are inches, removed from the figures and are thus said to exclude the theory that accumulations of rain water for years in the fissures darkened the wood and formed the representations.

It is estimated that on an average 3,000 people visit the spot daily, some of them coming from outstations by train, and others on foot from long distances. All these people have already accepted the henomenon as a mircle and they flock to Hendela as pilgrims to shrine. A tub of water stands handy, with a man in charge, and one often sees a pilgrim, get a handkerchief or a rag soaked in the water by the man in charge, who then applies the wet cloth to the four points of the cross and returns the cloth to the man or woman who applies it to his or her forehead or head. Less often may be seen the water of the saturated cloth being squeezed into the mouth of one who has no doubt of its power to heal him or her of some internal disease. The water obtained in this way is also poured into sores and wounds and bruises. Bottles of the water are also taken away from the tub into which a rag applied to the cross is immersed.

Several "miracles" are already reported! One of the men who cut down the tree related to me that he had been miraculously cured from snake bite by using a chip of the tree. This he munched and applied some to the wound, with the result that all pain ceased and he was cured. There are other stories. One woman was cured of bad eyes by the application of the cross-washed water—eyes which had troubled her and perplexed physicians for three years.

AMERICAN SUFFRAGISTS.

A Washington message says :—General Rosalie Jones and her Suffrage army have marched triumphantly into the capital. Dr. Woodrow Wilson will be fortunate if he gets a warmer welcome than the bedraggled company, headed by an escort of perticoat cavalry, received as they marched through the thronged streets. Traffic was demoralised for more than half an hour, and the capital was stunned by what seasoned reporters describe as one of the most remarkable street demonstrations ever seen here. The band of pilgrims in seventeen days have marched from New York, a distance of 250 miles, through the alternating blizzards, zero temperatures, and torrential rains characteristic of the American wintry weather. A grand stand, erected for the inauguration of the President, was jammed with people. "General" Jones harangued the crowd opposite the Treasury building. It is announced that the Lower House of Congress has appointed a sub-committee to inquire as to whether equal suffrage should be considered by a constitutional amendment, or left to the action of the various States. Several Committees of Congress have, for years, considered this question, but no report has ever been made. The exceptionally orderly character of the agitation in this country is having its effect upon public opinion.

BIG BOMBAY BLAZE.

COTTON PRESS BURNT DOWN.

EIGHT LAKHS OF RUPEES INVOLVED.

On Saturday evening a fire broke out in the Akbar Manufacturing Company's Press, situated at the foot of the bridge opposite Carnac Bundar. A strong breeze helped the fire to spread quickly and the whole premises and a chawl owned by the Company on the main road were destroyed, in spite of the vigorous efforts of the Fire Brigade.

The mill was working on Saturday and closed in the evening at the usual time. Soon after the employes came out, dense smoke was seen issuing from the roof of the main building. Police Inspector Solway was the first to give the alarm and ring up the Fire Brigade and with the assistance of others, the Inspector succeeded in saving the lives of a number of poor people, who lived in the chawl, which was then in imminment danger of being included in the fire and which was increasing in dimensions and extending to the neighbouring buildings. The fire-engines came very promptly and commenced to play water on the flames, but the fire had secured a strong hold and it was several hours before it was brought under rcontrol. To save the press was a hopeless task and the energies of the authorities were directed towards saving the surrounding buildings.

The chawl in which many poor families lived was burnt down destroying all the chattels and belongings of the poor inmates. The cries and wails of the women who had the misfortune to lose all they possessd and look on helplessly while it was being consumed, were to be heard on all sides, while the fire itself presented a scene of a huge mass of flames burning with great fierceness.

The combined efforts of the police, the fire-brigade and the salvage corps were instrumental in saving eight rice-godowns; and thus, a large amount of damage was prevented. The shops in the chawl near the mill could not be saved altogether, but some of the shops and their contents were protected from utter destruction.

ONE LIFE LOST.

Cries and shouts from the large crowd, which had collected on the road, made the authorities suspect that several persons might have been burnt and killed, but on subsequent inquiry, it was ascertained that only one life had been lost. Even the animals—one horse, two bullocks and two goats—which were stabled in the rear of the rice godowns, were brought out safely. The dead body of a woman, a Hindu labourer, working in the mill, was recoverd from the debris the next morning.

The liquor-shop known as the Princess Bar was partially damaged but an Irani's coffee house, one toddy shop and one Indian sweetmeat shop, were completely destroyed.

Messrs. Hajibai Lalji and Co. are the agents of the Akhbar Manufacturing Company, and the loss by the fire which is estimated at eight lakhs, is covered by insurance.

Amongst the sufferers from fire, in addition to the press company, were the owners of large warehouses by the side of the fired premises, including Beharimal Gunjimal, Ebsey Oomersey, A. E. Bote and Company, A. Ayer and Company, Turner Morrison and Company, Jaffer Kanji and Damodhar Mohanji.

The pressure of water in the main was sufficient for the purpose and the copious supply enabled the Fire Brigade, in spite of the odds against them, to bring the fire under control, at about midnight.

An accident occurred in Princess-street, where the Gowalia Tank fire engine collided with an iron pillar, hence it could render no assistance at the fire.

The Fire Brigade men had worked under most trying circumstances and two lascars were injured while working on the "ladder tree." They were removed to hospital for treatment. Their injuries are not of a serious nature.

The origin of the fire is not known but it is believed that it started in the blow-room.

FEDERAL CAPITAL OF AUSTRALIA.

FOUNDATION-STONE LAID.

The ceremony of naming the Federal capital and the laying of the foundation-stones of the "commencement" column were successfully carried out on March 12. The weather was fine and rains had laid the dust. The arrangements throughout were excellent ; several hundred guests, including the Premiers of New South Wales and South Australia Admiral Creswell, Commander Evans, of the Scott Expedition, the heads of the military and naval forces and of the Federal departments, and many present and former Federal members took part in the proceedings.

Lord Denman, the Governor-General, attended by a guard of honour from the Duntroon Military College, laid the first foundation-stone. Mr. Fisher, the Prime Minister, and Mr. O'Malley, Minister for Home Affairs, laid others. At noon Lady Denman named the capital Canberra (the accent is on the first syllable), and afterwards Lord Denman reviewed the forces which were present for their annual training. The "commencemet" column is to stand on the slopes of the city's highest hill, before the Capitol. The pedestal is composed of granite from the six States, and if possible stone from all parts of the Empire will be used in the composition of the column.

During a speech which he made at luncheon, Lord Denman referred to the unique ceremony of the nanming of a Continents, capital, and regretted the absence of the prominent originators of federation, Sir Samuel Griffith, Sir Edmund Barton, Mr. Deakin, and Sir George Reid. He also mentioned that Lord Hardinge, the Viceroy of India, had asked for copies of the designs for the Federal city to be sent to him.

Mr. Hughes, Attorney-General, said that the new city would be the public symbol of Australia's notionality.

ISLAMIA COLLEGE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, Mar. 29.

The Vice-Principalship of the newly-established Islamia College at Peshawar, has been provisionally accepted by Mr. Inayatulla Khan, a graduate of the Cambridge University, a scholar of repute and a man held in high respect by the Moslem Community in Northern India.

Among the passengers who proceeded to Europe on Saturday, by the mail steamer "Salsette," were the Hon. Clare Bingham, the Hon. Mr. R. C. C. Carr, I.C.S., Baron G. Frankenstein, Brig.-Genl. J. Headlam. D.S.O. Countess A Kherunholler. Lt.-Col. F. A. Maxwell, V.C., C.S.I., D.S.O., Baroness Vinenat, and the Hon. Mr. H. Wheeler C.V.O., I.C.S.

ROUND THE TOWN.

A CAUSERIE OF LIFE'S LITTLE VANITIES.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LONDON, Mar. 14.

London is just beginning to wake up for the season. The daffodils and narcissi are early this year—with Easter—and already the muffin-man's bell is becoming rare. What a peculiarly London Sundayist thing the muffin-bell is. It seems to exhude non-conformity, fog, drizzle and chill winds. We have had plenty of these last, too, during the past fortnight, and have almost envied you in Bombay, revelling—except that this perhaps is not quite the proper expression—in the sunshine. Lenten self-denial has been responsible for the withdrawal of quite a number of shows, which, at any other period of the year, might have blossomed for some weeks to come. 'Drake', at His Majesty's Theatre, is making way for a new play, "The Happy Island" (this can scarcely be our own under a Liberal Government) in which the one and only "Beerbohm" will reappear. Drury have pantomime in its last throes and give place at the end of the week to rehearsals for Forbes Robertson's farewell season; only the Ragtime Revues continue "ad infinitum"—I had almost written "ad nauseam"—and with apparently unabated vigour.

RAG-MANIA.

Talking of Ragtime, I wonder if the denomination is by any chance borrowed in a round-about way from the land of so-called regrets. The theme of a composition in Indian music is called a 'Rag', and considering the unusual tune (to European ears) and passion for syncopation in Hindu music, it certainly appears a not unlikely supposition that the American and Hindu 'Rags' borrow their name from a common source. London, at present, is suffering from Rag-mania almost as severely as from its annual 'go' of Influenza. Every seventh person you meet is either in the commencing or concluding stages of the 'Flu'—but every third is whistling, humming or otherwise manifesting the latest ragtime tunes from the Hippodrome, Alhambra, or Empire revues. The first-named is the most popular and is really a bright and clever entertainment. Those of you who are coming home shortly, should certainly make a point of seeing it. The 'book' is by Max Pemberton, whose thrillers in the sensational fiction line have long served as a panacea for tedious railway journeys and winter evenings. So successful is "Hullo Ragtime", that the present journals who hold serial rights of Max's latest, are advertising them as by the author of the Revue. So is fame achieved. But at least it is a change from the glut of posturing and indifferent fluttering around of the classical dancers who were the rage of a few seasons past.

MELVILLIAN MELODRAMA.

For those who like their theatrical fun hot and strong—not in the Parisian sense—there is a revival of The Indian Mutiny at the Prince's Theatre and Nell Gwynn at the Lyceum—both under the management of those enterprising authors of so many blood-curdling dramas, the brothers Melville. Melodrama is not what it used to be—we don't take it seriously nowa-days, but there is an unholy joy to it for those with a sense of humour and a desire to indulge the same. Personally I find a good romping melodrama of the real old-fashioned kind, a wonderful correction after too liberal an indulgence in a diet of drawing room comedy and polite farce. Bernard Shaw once wrote a melodrama—it was played at the annual theatrical fete—but it was not a success. There was too much Bernard Shaw and too little drama—a state of affairs which might be said to apply to most of his productions. Of course, there is a cult for his work. I believe, he is particularly admired by the suffragates and those of the fair sex, whose personal appearances are best garnished by sandals and sackcloth. But the honest full-flavoured stuff turned out by craftsmen who know their work—when the villains are truly reckless and the villainesses really dastardly. What glow of virtue can compare with what we feel when we hiss the villain, when smoking the inevitable cigarette to his colleagues—he crosses the stage at the fall of the curtain, after poisoning the heroine for refusing to be his wife, or worse, and incarcerating the hero in a dungeon dank with a powder magazine on one side and a petrol store on the other. Who was so enthrallingly seductin' as the villainess in black velvet with a splash of orange trimming—symbolic of passion? What so vain and charming as the incredible innocence of the heroine or so dashingly romantic as the quixotic dialetics of the hero. I' truth, my masters. This a fine tonic for jaded verses—as anyone who cares to visit the Lyceum or the Prince's, will tell you.

FASHIONS FOR THE 'NUTS.'

If the shop-windows go for anything, the mere male is about to make an effort to vie with the feminine population in the matter of, say, apparel, this season. Delicate shades of cinnamon in the suiting line and still more, ethereal-hues infancy vests are de rigueur.' And above all, blue velvet trio. From behind the counter they are startling enough but round the immaculate neck of the ultra-immaculate Piccadilly 'nut'—the result will be little short of overpowering. Is the swing of the pendulum taking us gradually back to the silken vanities of the Regency 'Dandies' ?—it looks very much like it. If only the spirit of the wearers could turn back with the garb, the consummation would be well worthwhile. We were conservative in spirit in those days—now we are letting go of everything that causes any warmth to the palms in the holding. Our present Government deems it Christian altruism, but other Governments, well, the less said the better; and after all, politics hardly comes within the scope of this column. However—to those of you who are coming home shortly and are interested in modes—I suggest a visit to the 'Girl in the Taxi', at the Lyric Theatre. The entire chorus in addition to the principals, are being re-garbed with the latest thing in Parisian fashions.

THE PLAY OF THE WEEK.

Notwithstanding competition—the St. James' still remains the threatre of fashion. Sir George Alexander, who has relinquished his seat on the London County Council, is in the bill once more; and matinee madames are happy again at last. The new play, produced on Tuesday last, is by A. E. W. Mason, who was an actor before he became an author and dramatist is entitled "Open Window's." The play is really of the propagandist order, its thesis being that adversity is the test of a man and that the man who shirks his duty for a woman is either base metal or debases himself thereby. The "Open Windows," of the title are the windows of the soul, which a man must keep open to other peoples' lives and the new facts which touch his own, if his life is to be what it should. Rather an involved sort of theme for a play perhaps you will think, but Mason usually manages to make his work interesting and his bark is a great deal more alarming than his bite. The plot—potted—resolves itself into the problem of what a man, supposedly a strong man, will do when he finds that the daughter whom he supposed to be his own child, is in reality the child of his wife's previous lover—who turns up at the country house where the trio are guests. Eventually it works out that the bond of eighteen years, happy married life, is more potent than the sudden discovery of a pre-nuptial indiscretion, which, I think, most people will agree, is a very sane solution. Georgie is of course as debonair and easy as of yore in the part of the husband 'and Miss Irene Vanbrugh as finished and compelling as ever as the wife. But what a pity it is that time marches so relentlessly, making it impossible for Mr. Alexander to carry us into the realms of romance, as he did in the 'prisoner of Zenda' and 'Alt Heidelberg.'

R. E. G.

THE REAL AMERICAN.

CONSUL-GENERAL DISPELS SOME FICTIONS.

The American spirit was the theme of an address by Mr. John L. Griffiths, Consul-General of the United States of America, before the Ethological Society. Earl Russell presided. Mr. Griffiths took the approaching anniversary of peace relations between England and the United States as the starting point for his plea for a proper understanding of the real American by the Britisher. His reference to the proposal to place a statue of George Washington in Westminster Abbey, and statues of Queen Victoria and Pitt in the Capitol building at Washington, was received with hearty applause. "There is a romance of peace as well as of war," he said, and expressed a hope that the present unusully cordial relations between the two great Anglo-Saxon nations would always obtain.

"American women," he said, "contrary to what is generally supposed, do take an active part in the social and political life of our country. The influence the State Legislatures by temperance campaigns ; they exercise full suffrage in several States, and they influence the votes of husbands and friends. No vocation is legally closed to her. She inherits property from her husbands and upon a contingency is given custody of the children. Her earnings are her own absolutely. Her husband, on the other hand, doesn't believe that she is a doll, to be dressed up and displayed at theatres and balls. She is a companion to him, and each is the complement of the other. Yet, it must be confessed, American women are in other respects much like all the other women of the world in that in money matters they often divide when they should multiply, and subtract when they should add. They are apt to buy in cents and let the husband pay in dollars. They know the undesirability of last year's gown with unerring inevitability. And they always have the last word—which, by the way, is nearly always the best word."

America is not a "chosen land of queer experiments," said Mr. Griffiths, but is essentially conservative, and the American's nervous energy and restlessness are not destructive; he has his feet on the ground and "likes the feel of it." He never worships wealth, because it is wealth, but for what it means in power and the accomplishment of great aims. The American's inquisitiveness he labelled "a divine curiosity to see the world, and not to vegetate at home in a chimney corner." Mr. Griffiths also tried to correct the impression in Europe, that the artistic American is a millionaire who smuggles old masters past the Customs houses and hides them in some obscure, closet until the price goes up. He mentioned the fact that £ 2,500,000 are spent on art education in America in one year, and reminded his English hearers that the second president of the English Royal Academy was Benjamin West-Sargent, "who has preserved the loveliness of English women; has," he said, "done work almost as great as Turner.

The final definition of the real American spirit was this :—A spirit of self-reliance, a love of fair play, an energetic will, an ambition for self-development, and a willingness to submit to sacrifices to attain aims worth while, and that "in spite of the degenerating influences of these modern days of slippered ease."

WEDDING AT NOORBAG.

A large and representative gathering of Indian gentlemen attended the marriage of Mr. Habibbhoy, son of Sir Currimbhoy Ebrahim, Bart., last evening at the Noorbag which was beautifully decorated and tastefully illuminated for the occasion. The band of the 14th Hussars was in attendance, and played a selection of music.

Sir Currimbhoy and his sons, Messrs. Mahomedbhoy, Fazalbhoy, Gulam usein, and Rahimtula received the guests at the gate, amongst whom were:—H. H. the Nawab of Janjira, H. H. the Nawab of Palanpur, the Hon. Mr. P. D. Pattani, Indian Member of the Governor's Council; the Hon. Sir Jamsetji Jejeebhoy, the Hon. Mr. Fazalbhoy M. Chinoy, Sir Bhalchandra, Krishna, Sir Adamji Peerbhoy, Sir D. D. Davar, Sir Jugmohandas Varjivandas, Sir Jehangir Cowasji, Mr. Bomanji D. Petit, Mr. Vasantrao A. Dabholkar, Mr. Rahumbhoy M. Chinoy. Mr. R. D. Sethna, Mr. Jehangir Dossabhoy, Sardar Naoroji Vakil, Khanbahadhur Sayed Shamsudin Kadri, Mr. Sulleman Abdul Wahed, Mr. Rostam F. Malbarvalla, Mr. Rastamji Byramji Jejeebhoy, and Mr. Mahomedbhoy A. Peerbhoy.

The bride is Kairrum Neesa, daughter of the late Mr. Nausey Khairaj. The marriage ceremony amongst the Khojas usually extends over a week, but doing away with this method of the old-school the Currimbhoys abridged the whole thing to a few hours, confining themselves to that portion only which related to the sanctity and legality of the marriage.

The non-Mahomedan guests were treated in the central hall to light refreshments, catered by Mongini Brothers, and the Mahomedans were given a sumptuous feast in the compound and the northern verandah.

On leaving, the guests were presented with flowers and cocoanuts according to the Indian usage.

WINDSOR BARRACKS.

CALCUTTA, Mar. 30.

A cable to the *Statesman* says:—

The King to-day inspected the new palatial barracks, which have been erected at Windsor, for the Foot Guards. The buildings, which provide a separate cubicle for each man, and contain a theatre and club-rooms, have cost £ 60,000.

CALCUTTA SHARE MARKET.

CALCUTTA, Mar. 29.

The share market ruled steady and unchanged to-day, with a fair volume of business passing and a little more doing in coal shares.

The jute market was closed, and the gunny market was comparatively quiet, though prices were well maintained and sellers were inclined to hold for an advance on last prices.

BOMBAY LIGHT HORSE.

ANNUAL SPORTS AND PRIZE GIVING.

The annual sports in connection with the Bombay Light-Horse took place on Saturday afternoon on the Marine Lines ground, and proved a most interestang function. A large number of ladies and gentlemen attended, and a big crowd fringed the enclosure on the eastern and southern boundaries.

Amongst those present were her Excellency Lady Sydenham, Admiral and Mrs. Peirse, Mr. T. R. Wynne, and the Hon. W. H. Clark. His Excellency Lord Sydenham could not be present owing to pressure of business.

A programme of seven events was presented, and the entries were in all cases well filled.

The sports opened with individual tent-pegging, and out of the good number that competed Sergt. Kirke-Smith won the first prize.

The second item on the programme was section jumping. It was won by the section consisting of Sergt. Kirke-Smith, Trooper Stuart, Trooper Turner and Trooper Aylward.

The third event was Reveille Race, in which the compititors were required to saddle and bridle their own horses, ride over two jumps and finally finish between the flags.

Trooper Gude 1
Trooper Robinson 2

The Lloyd-Lindsay competition was next contested. The first prize was awarded to Lieut. Spence's section which completed quickest and got the most points for style and dressing.

The fifth event on the card was the Victoria Cross Race. It was run in two heats. The one doing it in the shortest time was to be declared the winner.

Trooper Graham 1
Trooper White 2

The Leg Horse Race was next run, and the sport closed with the Light Horse Survey, for which Trooper Gude and Kennedy got the first and the second place respectively.

The prizes were distributed by Lady Sydenham, who also gave away those for the Inter-team Point to-Point Races. For the latter a challenge cup has been offered, which is to be retained by the winning team, and four cups were given away, one to each member of the successful team.

The Judges were :—Lt.-Col. Marshall, Sherwood Foresters ; Col. Dunlop, B. V. R.; Lt.-Col. P. R. Cadell, B. V. R.; Col. Sir Henry Procter, B. L. H.; and Lieut. Duncan Wilson, Adjutant, B. L. H ; Capt. Stanley Reed, B. L. H.; was the starter and the duties of honorary secretary were performed by Sergt. Pearson.

Col. Sir Henry Procter, Commandant of the Bombay Light Horse, in calling for three hearty cheers for Lady Sydenham, mentioned how glad they all were to see her Excellency amongst them that afternoon. His only regret was that great pressure of business had prevented Lord Sydenham from attending, especially, as his Excellency had always been present at the annual sports since becoming Governor of Bombay. He was also sorry that this the the last occasion on which Lady Sydenham would be present at their sports. The corps was honoured, he was glad to announce, in being called out to escort their Excellencies Lord and Lady Sydenham on Friday morning when they would leave for Europe.

Three hearty cheers to Lady Sydenham brought the function to a close.

The Bombay Light Horse will escort also Lord Willingdon, the New Governor on Saturday morning.

FOREIGN CABLE REPORTS.

STATE OF INTERNATIONAL COMMUNICATION.

Great Britain.	Continent of Europe.	America.
Via Teheran Perfect.	Via Teheran Perfect	Via Brest Perfect.
Via Turkey Perfect	Via Turkey Perfect	Via Valentia Perfect.
Via Suez Perfect.	Via Suez Perfect.	Via Direct Cable Perfect.
Australia.	**China.**	**Africa.**
Via Penang Perfect.	Via Penang Perfect.	Via Aden Perfect.
Via Amoor Perfect.	Via Amoor Perfect.	Via Cadiz Teneriffe Perfect.
.....	Via Bhamo Perfect.	Via Lisbon St. Vincent Perfect.

Latest dates of foreign messages received at Bombay, from the United Kingdom during the 24 hours ending at 8 p.m., of the 29th March.

NOTICES.

Dilom reports line interrupted to Behbehan Communication between Behbehan and Ahwaz interrupted. Telegrams for Ahwaz, Mohammorah, Schoucheher, Dizful should bear instructions "Poss Bushire" till further notice (15-5-12).

Telegrams for Hankow can only be accepted at sender's risk (27-5-12).

All communication with southern places Phillipines interrupted (18-10-12).

Telegrams for Turkey must be in plain Language English German or Turkish. Telegrams in secret language are not accepted (3-12-12).

Greek administration notify that correspondence with Chio, Tenedos, Salonika Lemnos, Florina, Kozana, Vodena, Servia Elasona has reopened via Eastern. Bulgarian administration notify opening to international service selingrad (Mostanbn Pasha) Gorna Djoumai (Djoumaibala) Lozengadi Kirk Killisse, Seres Demir, Hissar Dedechadj and Nevrokop. Charges for above mentioned places as for Europe (19-12-12).

Servian administration notify opening to international service of following places:—Prisiob, Znailane, Gostiva, Kossouka Kratovo Kitchevo vizes (Georgulu) Bouchitrom, Botolia (Monastir). Rates for these places same as for Europe (24-12-12).

Montenegrin administration notify opening office Saint Jean Di Medovca (Sgiobannia di Medua) (24-12-12).

Telegrams for Reunion are accepted without restrictions (17-3-13).

ALL ABOUT THE NEW FASHIONS.

EVERYTHING you want to know concerning New Fashions will be found in the April "Fashions For All," on sale everywhere. The best designs, the best ideas, the best patterns, the most helpful dressmaking advice, and the most practical cooking and hold articles are contained in latest issue of England's Predominant Fashion Journal—the fully comprehensive guide to New Modes.

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Opp. Govt. Telegraph Office,
Fort, BOMBAY.

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AND
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NEWS LATER THAN THE MAIL.

HOME POLITICS.

PARTY DISCIPLINE.

The following news later than the mail appears in the Australian papers :—

London, Mar. 15.

In the House of Commons, yesterday, during a debate upon the effects of the closure, the Prime Minister (Mr. Asquith) contended that the large electorates were taking a quickened and continuous interest in Parliamentary debates, and were demanding stricter adherence to party allegiance. It might be desirable to use the Grand Committee for controversial measures. He favoured the appointment of a Committee to examine the rules of procedure in the House of Commons.

The Leader of the Opposition (Mr. Bonar Law) asserted that owing to the tightness of party discipline the country was no longer interested in the proceedings of Parliament.

Washington, Mar. 16.

Speaking at a St. Patrick's day banquet here to-day Mr. W. J. Bryan (United States Secretary of State) said that the degradation of the British of House Lords was due to its opposition to Home Rule for Ireland. The efforts of that body had resulted in a constitutional amendment abbreviating the power of the Lords.

NATIONAL SERVICE.

London, Mar. 15.

At Wolverhampton yesterday 6,000 working men attended in the Drill Hall to hear adresses on the defences of great Britain. An overflow meeting of 5,000 men was held in the Agricultural Hall.

Lord Roberts, who was accorded a stirring reception, moved that the Government should complete the Territorial scheme by the adoption of personal service. He said that our unpreparedness to adjust the European balance of power in the Napoleonic times cost us £630,000,000. To-day the navy could protect our trade routes, but apart from the army on garrison duty only the Territorials were left to guard our shores, and no general except in the direst extremity, would lead them against European forces, for they would merely become food for shrapnel. When 140,000 French ill-trained levies met 35,000 disciplined Germans 60,000 of them were either killed, wounded, or made prisoners in three days, and the remainder were rendered panic-stricken. The Balkan war was another lesson of the seriousness of insufficient training. Viscount Haldane had suggested that the Territorials would grow more effective every day they were facing an enemy, but how many days did he imagine a force would exist when it was being decimated with long-range fire by practised marksmen? It would haunt the heart of any experienced soldier to contemplate the fate of such an army. In a citizen army merit and character should decide who were to be officers. Working-men must not fear to undergo discipline.

The motion was adopted.

THEFT OF DRESS DESIGNS.

Paris, Mar 15.

There is a growing agitation here among shopkeepers and dressmakers against the practice of foreign firms of reproducing gowns, jewellery, and furniture made in Paris. M. Lepine (Prefect of Police) has instructed the police to arrest all persons found in the act of copying designs from shop windows or at race meetings, and to confiiscate any sketches or photographs found on the prisoners.

AUSTRALIAN NAVIGATION ACT.

London, Mar. 15.

At the annual meeting of the Chamber of Shipping the president stated that the Australian Navigation Act was a direct violation of the understanding arrived at with the Federal Government in 1907 when, in return for certain concessions, the Government undertook not to promote legislation contrary to Imperial legislation in Imperial matters. It was ludicrous that coal vessels should be exempted from the operation of the Act, as it was impossible to understand how a coal steamer was more seaworthy than a wheat steamer.

RIGOURS OF A WRECK.

Constantinople, Mar. 16.

An inquiry held into the wreck of the British steamer Calvades in the Sea of Marmora, show that the vessel struck a reaf during a snowstorm, and that over 100 lives were lost. The passengers became panic-striken, and some of them jumped overboard. Others landed on a small rock, and were exposed to severe cold for two days, with the result that seven were frozen to death.

THE KHEDIVES CONSORT.

London, March 15.

The Glasgow "Herald" states that a sensation has been caused at Cairo by a report that the Khedive's Consort, who is an Austrian, has disappeared and that no trace of her can be found. The news of her disappearance leaked out, despite the fact that every effort was made to keep it a secret.

IN BRIEF.

Berlin, Mar. 16.

August Sternickel, the notorious criminal who terrorised Northern Germany for several years, and two accomplices were sentenced to death for a big series of murders.

Capetown, Mar. 15.

The fusing of an electric light wire in Jagersfontien mine yesterday caused a fire that resulted in four natives being suffocated.

New York, Mar. 16.

The garment workers who recently went on strike returned to work yesterday after having secured an increase in wages.

London, Mar. 16.

The Berlin Budder Club have engaged Tom Sullivan, the well-known English coach to coach the German crews participating in the Olympic regatta.

Paris, Mar. 15.

Royalist students interfered with a meeting of Christian Socialists here yesterday, and in the melee that followed 50 persons were injured, some of them seriously.

Los Angeles, Mar. 15.

Although almost knocked out half way through the fight "Knockout" Brown defeated "Bud" Anderson in the 12th round after a fierce battle.

London, Mar. 15.

The siesmograph at West Greenwich yesterday recorded a severe earthquake that had occurred about 7,000 miles away. The disturbance is supposed to have taken place somewhere in the vicinity of Sunday Island (in the South Pacific).

CURRENT INDIAN NEWS

The Lieutenant-Governor of the United Provinces, and Lady Meston will leave Lucknow on April 21st, for Naini Tal.

The Jherriah coal-field water scheme, Bengal, is to provide a supply of 2, 400,00 0 gallons per day for 200,000 persons.

The "Civil and Military Gazette" says there is no truth in the statement that Sir Archibald Hunter is coming out to a command in India.

Mr. J. M. Law, C. I. E., Deputy Inspector-General of Police for Railways, and the Criminal Investigation Department, Burma, retires on April 7. Mr. M. J. Chisholm is appointed in Mr. Law's place.

His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor of the Punjab will meet the members of the Lahore Municipality on the 14th April, when the latter will present a farewell address to him. His Honour will be entertained to a farewell dinner by the members of the Punjab Club on the 17th April.

His Excellency Lord Carmichael was to have been installed District Grand Master of Bengal, at the Freemason's Hall, Park Street, on Tuesday night, but owing to sanction not having been received from Home, the ceremony was postponed. As His Excellency will shortly leave for Darjeeling for the summer, it is expected that the ceremony will take place there.

Newspapers, from Saigon, show that the aviators M. Pourpe and M. Verminck, who were in Calcutta some time ago, have given successful flights in Indo-China. M. Pourpe has done a flight from Saigon to Cape St. Jacques and back, a distance of about 120 miles, in one hour and thirty-five minutes. The aviator encountered a strong wind on nearing the sea, and only rounded the Cape with great difficulty. He was given a great ovation on his return.

Lady Meston, on the 28th inst., opened the Moslem Girls' School at Lucknow, which marks a fresh era in Moslem education here. The institution has been liberally endowed by the Hon. the Rajah of Mahamudabad and Syed Karamat Husain, and is under the guidance of Miss Pope, a talented Canadian lady, who had devoted herself to this cause of Moslem female education.

Colonel A. C. F. Vincent, C. M. G. Commandant of the Ceylon Volunteer force, has relinquished his command after 17 years' connection with the corps, and left for England. In an interview with a "Ceylon Observer" representative, he said that Ceylon as the Clapham junction of the East should really have a British garrison. He had nothing against native troops, but he thought it was a great pity that the British troops were even withdrawn.

Imagine the surprise of the members of the Singapore Golf Club, when at their annual meeting they were told that a sum of money had been laid aside for repairs principally on account of the damage done by Suffragettes. The Suffragettes were not, however, of the type who are now clamouring for votes. His Excellency Sir Arthur Young, who presided, used the expression to describe the player, who imagines that the main use of his Club is to burrow away from the teeming ground, or the greens, to the pavilion.

With regard to the dairy farm which the Punjab Government is constructing at Lyallpur, in connection with the Agricultural College there, it is understood that the cost will be about Rs. 11,000. The object of the farm is mainly educational, and it will, therefore, be a model farm in every way, and as such ought to interest and possibly astonish all zemindars who visit it. As regards size, quite a modest beginning is being made with twenty cows, and it is expected that a ready market will be found for the milk in the college hostel, and for the butter in the civil station.

A Rajgarh correspondent writes:—On the 17th instant, the Political Agent in Bhopal, accompanied by Mrs. Davis, performed the opening ceremony for the combined Post and Telegraph Office at Rajgarh. A Durbar was held for the occasion, which was attended by His Highness and all the Sirdars and officials and gentry of the State, and an introductory speech was delievered by Kuwar Birendra Singh, the Raj-Kumar of the State, who dwelt on the backwardness of communications in the State until a recent period. The Political Agent, in replying, congratulated His Highness on having added another useful and necessary public building to many others that have already been erected under his wise administration of the State.

A correspondent writes :—The annual dinner of the Lucknow Boat Club was held in the United Service Club on Saturday night, the 15th instant. Owing to the impending early departure from Lucknow of a number of members of the Boat Club, the dinner was unavoidably arranged at somewhat short notice; a fact which led to the regrettable absence of many distinguished patrons and guests invited, including H. H. the Lieutenant-Governor and General Sir Bryan Mahon. The hosts were, however, fortunate in securing the presence of Surgeon-General Hathaway and of a number of well-known and popular members of Lucknow Society; the total number of all present being about fifty.

The death of Maung Ba Thaw, husband of one of King Mindoon's Queens, is reported from Mandalay. In his younger days, Maung Ba Thaw was a clerk in the Rangoon Judicial Commissioner's Court and remarkably good looking. He was descended from the old Talaing Tseekay Oo Taulay, who settled in Moulmain with a large number of Talaings from Syriam, under Sir Archbold Campbell in 1862. Maung Ba Thaw's mother, who was reported half a century ago, to be one of the handsomest women in Rangoon, is believed to be still alive.

Several fertile reefs of wolfram have been discovered in Tavoy in Lower Burma, and miners from all parts are flocking to and over running the district. There is also a talk of gold in certain quarters, and others speak of having picked out amethysts from a mountain side, but as a geological report has recently expressed it the "eyes of the country" are unduly being picked out, so to speak, through want of a systematic and trained knowledge of the soil and of the general lie of the land which bids fair to be ruined once the more easily obtained wolfram gives out and the immediate rush after mining dies away.

NURSING MOTHER, if you find your Milk either a scanty or poor we strongly recommend you to take **ANGEL'S GALACTOGOGUE,** a most reliable preparation that produces a plentiful healthy and natural flow of Milk. It enriches the blood and converts the watery non-feeding fluid into a rich nutritious diet. To be had at **MADON, SONS and Co.,** Crawford Market, Bombay.

THE HOME OF "HOME" FASHIONS.

If there is one thing more than another likely to distract the mind feminine from India's scorching rays, surely this contemplation of the delightful toilettes, shortly to be worn "at home" under less trying climatic circumstances, may be. These "latest of the latest" have, through a complicated process—the technicalities of which, it would take too long to explain—travelled from Vienna, via Paris and America—in a fashion thermos flask, as it were—to be dished up all "nice and hot" in London. But London, every feminine sojourner from its shores knows full well. London has a distinctive style of its own. It does not care for the brilliant effrontry nor brazen grace of the Viennese and Parisian gown, although there be one or two new points which the smart Englishwoman will seize on with avidity; and by another subtle process, make her own. Or rather, to be quite correct, it is her fashion books that instigate the subtlety, as they realize her smartly conservative views so well. And no fashion magazine in the world understands this peculiar process quite so thoroughly as "Fashions For All." "Fashions For All" takes the most gorgeous creations emanating from the gay Austrian and French capitals, strips them of the bizarre—although retaining all the really chic notes and serves them up as delectable morsels for the most fastidious taste.

But, while "grown-ups" come in for the best share of this novel Journal's attention, the "young idea" is by no means forgotten. Tiny Tots, "the little bit older child," and the "flapper" girl have several pages entirely devoted to them, while other features include a practical dress-making lesson, high-class crochet and cookery pages, valuable beauty hints, a really good, short story by a popular author, and last but not least, a delightful "causerie de plume" (if one may use the expression) held each month by the Editress on "every subject under the sun." Specimen copies of this really magnificent threepennyworth can be obtained on application to the Editress "Fashions for All," 290 Regent Street, London W.

THE WEATHER.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

Simla, Mar. 29.

Local showers are reported from Assam and the south of the Peninsula.

Forecast : Some rain in north-east India.

Earthquake report : A slight local shock was recorded on the Simla seismograph at 10-42 p.m. last night.

Summary of observations recorded at 8 hours on Saturday, the 29th March, 1913, giving data for the preceding 24 hours.

The Punjab.—Skies are clear or lightly clouded. Humidity is normal or in defect. Minimum temperature is in defect over the whole division; maximum temperature is also in defect at Sirsa and Multan.

The United Provinces.—Skies are moderately clouded in the extreme western districts and clear elsewhere. The air is generally drier than usual. Night temperature is in slight defect at Agra and Jhansi.

Sind and Rajputana.—Skies are clear or lightly clouded. Humidity is normal or in defect. Temperature is in defect except at Karachi.

Gujarat, Kathiawar and Central India West.—Skies are clear. Humidity is in considerable defect in Kathiawar and moderate defect elsewhere. Minimum temperature is lower than usual over the whole division; maximum temperature is also below normal as Rajkot, Deesa and Bhuj.

The Central Provinces.—Skies are generally clear. Humidity is normal or in defect. Temperature is normal.

The Konkan.—Skies are clear or lightly clouded. The moisture in the air and temperature are nearly equal to the average.

The Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad.—Skies are clear. Humidity is generally in defect. Temperature is normal.

General Remarks. Heavy rain associated with thunder-storms has been reported from Colombo. Over the rest of the reporting area weather has been dry. There has been an increase of cloud in the south of the Peninsula but no rainfall of importance appears likely.

STANDARD BAROMETER READINGS.

The reading of the Barometer at the Colaba Observatory corrected for index error and reduced to 32 deg F and for Calcutta standard at 8 a.m. local time on the 29th Mar. 1913 was 29·964 inches The height of observatory barometer cistern above zero of the tide gauge at Apollo Bunder is 7 feet The height of tide in the stream above zero of the tide gauge was 11 feet at 8 a.m. local time The temperature correction for a mercurial barometer supposing the reading to be 30·00 inches and that of the attached thermometer 80deg F will be 14 inches and this will be higher or lower by 01 inch for each 4degrees. In the case of the aneroid no temperature correction required Should the height of the barometer cistern either mercurial or aneroid above zero of the gauge be different from 47 feet it will be read higher or lower by 01 inches for 11 feet The readings given above are distenct from those given in the daily weather report to which differend corrections have been applied.

ANTI-TUBERCULOSIS LEAGUE.

The following is a list of Life Members and Donations to "King George V. Anti-Tuberculosis League" up to the 24th March :—.

LIFE MEMBERS. (SUBSCRIPTION Rs. 100 EACH.)

H. H. the Thakur Saheb of Morvi; H. H. Jafferali Khan Saheb Bahadur Nawab of Cambay ; The Hon. Sir Richard A. Lamb, K.C.S.I., C.I.E., I.C.S., ; The Hon. Mr. P. D. Pattani, C.I.E. ; Sir David Sassoon, Bart.; Sir Bhalchandra Krishna, Kt. ; Sir Vithaldas D. Thakersey, Kt.; the Hon. Mr. Lallubhai Samaldas ; the Hon. Dr. A. D. D'Monte, M.D. ; Mr. Narottam Morarji Gokuldas ; Mr. Pheroze C. Sethna; Major L. T. Rose Hutchinson, M.D., I.M.S.; Messrs. Vithal Purshottam and Son ; Mr. Khimji Assur Virji; Mr. Peter A. Baptista.

DONATIONS.

Mr. E. A. Goll, of Messrs. Leopold, Cassella and Co., Rs. 300 ; Messrs. Leopold Cassella and Co., Rs. 57, at Re. 1 per employ per year ; Mr. A. T. Stewart, of the Nestle and Anglo Swiss Condensed Milk Co., Rs. 100 ; the Asiatic Petroleum, Co. Ltd., Rs. 100 ; Messrs. Ralli Brothers, Rs. 100; Messrs. Volkart Brothers, Rs. 200, per year; the Indian Hotels Co. Ltd., Rs. 200, per year ; the Executors and Trustees of the Estate of the late Mr. N. M. Wadia, C.I.E., Rs. 250, per year; smaller donations, Rs. 39.

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ARRIVALS.

PER S. S. "CITY OF BENARES"
MARCH 31.

The Ellerman Line s.s. "City of Benares" Commander R. S. Miller which left Liverpool on the 8th March with the following passengers is due to arrive here about noon at 3 p. m. on the 31st instant and her passengers will probably be landed at the Ballard Pier.

LIVERPOOL TO PORT SAID.

Wooden, Miss L.

LIVERPOOL TO BOMBAY.

Allibone, Sergt.-Major.
Allibone Mrs. and 2 Children.
Atchison, Capt. E. E.
Beaumont, Farr. J. A.
Beaumont, Mrs. 2 Children and inft.
Bell-Irving, Second Lieut. K.
Biscoe, Capt. A. J.
Burge, Second Lieut. C. G.
Chandos-Pole, Second Lieut. G. R.
Cotton, Capt. H. T.
Daniel, Capt. W. A. B.
Dolphin, Lieut. V. O.
Davis, Second Lieut W. R.
Dunne, Second Lieut A. S.
Finlay, Lieut. C. M.
Goldsmith, Sergt.-Major A.
Goldsmith, Mrs. and 3 Children.
Greenstreet, Major C. B. L.
Gordon, second Lieut. R. E.
Grylls, Second Lieut G. R.
Hodding, Second Lieut. E. M.
Jenkins, Bandmaster, H.
Jenkins, Mrs. and Child.
Kidd, Lieut. J. D
Dennard, Second Lieut. P. R.
Laing, Capt. F. R.
Macliwane, Lieut A. C. J.
Morris, Lieut. W. A.
Morris, Mr.
Morris, Miss May.
Morris Miss Eileen.
Mostyn, Second Lieut. P. G. J.
Morse, Second Lieut. R. N. S.
Phillips, Mr. J. E.
Phillips, Mrs., 2 Children and inft.
Pringle, Capt. L. G.
Powell, Second Lieut H. J.
Porter, Second Lieut A. M. F. W..
Reynold, Second Lieut. B. T.
Rodd, Capt. W. J. P.
Simpson, Nurse M.
Syrett. Lieut. F. G.
Shorter, Second Lieut. P. M.
Trassenter, Second Lieut. W. A.
Thomas, Second Lieut. C. I.
Worrall, Mrs. V. M. and inft.
Wynne-Edwards, Second Lieut. J. C.
Wright, Miss W. H.

LIVERPOOL TO KARACHI.

Brooks, Miss.
Gilles, Mrs. and inft.

DEPARTURES.

PER S. S. "CLEOPATRA" APRIL 1.

List of passengers proceeding to Trieste and Venice "via" intermediate ports, per Austrian Lloyd's s. s. Cleopatra on the 1st April from the Victoria Dock No. 15. The Medical Inspection of the Saloon passengers will take place at the Victoria Dock Shed No. 15 on the 1st April at 5. p. m. sharp.

Deck passengers and native servants must be present at the Port Health Disinfecting Station, Frere Road, near Prince's Dock, with all their luggage and kit, on the 1st April at 3. p. m. sharp.—

Allen, Mr.
Barrett, Genl. Sir. A. A.
Barrett, Lady.
Beadel, Mr. and Mrs. C. F.
Begbie, Mrs. M. and 2. children.
Bennett, Lt. A. D.
Berry, Mr C. E.
Berry, Mr. W.
Bevis, The Hon. Mr. W. G.
Bevis, Miss.
Bond, Lt. C. B.
Brandly, Mr.
Burton, Mr. and Mrs F.
Buxton, Miss.
Cann, Mr. M.
Carpendale, Lt.-Col. W. M.
Chambers, Mr. T. B. W.
Chapman, Lt E. H.
Corbett, Mr. E. F.
Crosthwaite, Mrs. D. E.
Crossley, Mr. and Mrs. J. H.
Damala, Mr. J.
Dane, Lady.
Dane, Miss.
Dixon, Mr. and Mrs. C. H., and child.
Dixon, Master.
Dobson, Mr. F.
Fincu, Lt.-Col. and Mrs. C.
Finch, Dr. A.
Fitzan, Mr. and Mrs. and nurse.
Fitzau, Master.
Fleming, Lt. H.
Franklin, Mr. Jas.
Frizelle, Mrs. J.
Godfrey, Mr. and Mrs
Goodwin, Mr. W. T.
Goethem, van Miss E
Gorton, Deaconess M
Goetsch, Rev. and Mrs. F. A.
Gotthold, Mr. and Mrs. G.
Grant, Mrs. and 2 infants.
Griffiths, Miss.
Harland, Miss D. E.
Hass Mr
Heymerdingher. Miss.
Hossack, Mr.
Humphereys, Miss.
Illins, Mrs W.
Irving, Mr. M.
Johnson, Revd. T. L.
Kaha Mr. R.
Kaye, Mrs. J. L.
Kerkhoven, Mr. E. V.
Lebach, Mr.
Lyon Clark, Mr. W.
MacDonnell, Miss.
Mackenzie Miss.
Madan, Miss C. M.
Marsham, Mr. and Mrs. C. M. C., and infant.
Mayer, Miss.
McWatters, Mr. A. C.
Mears, Miss.
Mead, Mr. G.
Menzies, Capt. V. G.
Meyer, Mr. A.
Morris, Capt. D. B.
Mulvany, Mrs.
Musgrave, Mr. H. A. F.
Nanton, Col. and Mrs. H. C.
Noggler Revd. Fr. R
Nopper, Mr. C.
O'Callaghan, Mr. E.
O'Connor, Mr. and Mrs. M. B., and child.
Perrin, Mr. H.
Pulley, Lt. Owen C.
Ryan, Mr. J.
Ryan, Mr. and Mrs. T. and infant.
Sangster, Mrs. and child.
Seagrim, Mr. C. M.
Severinus, Mr. J.
Shaw, Revd. and Mrs. J. L. and infant.
Shaw, Miss.
Simmons, Mrs. E.
Simmons, Miss.
Stephen Mr. G.
Todhunter, Mr. and Mrs. C. G.
Turing, Miss.
Walsch, Mrs. C. W.
Wallace, Capt. E. C. L.
Waterfield, Mrs. A., and infant.
Watkis, Mrs. H. B. B.
White, Mr. and Mrs. N. P.
Whiffin, Mr. and Mrs.
Wilkins, Mr. and Mrs. F. E.
Wildblood, Capt. E. H.
Winter, Mr. W.
Woodward Mr. and Mrs. F.
Wood, Mrs. A.
Wood, Mrs. R.
Wyld, Miss F. M.

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His Highness the Nawab of Sachin Building Rs. 2.000 and a Scholarship valued Rs. 6,000	8,000
Khan Bahadur Nowroji Pestonji Vakil, C.I.E., ...	3,000
(Subscription to be devoted for a statue of His Excellency the Governor.)	
Mr. Bomanji Dinshaw Petit... ...	1,000
Hon. Sir Jamsetji Jijibhai ...	1,000
Hon. Mr. J. H. Kothare	1,000
H. H. The Nawab of Janjira... ...	500
Saheb Zada Yavar Hussein Khan ...	250
His Highness Chief of Manadar ...	500
Mr. D. Carmichael	200
Mr. A. J. Billimoria	150
Messrs. Merwanji and Sons	100
Sheth Tribhowandas Varjiwandas ...	50
Mr. J. D Mahaluxmiwala	25
Messrs. Narandas Purshotamdas and Devidas Narandas...	25
Mr. M. F. Pithawala	20
Mr. Shamsul Ulma Jivanji Jamshedji Mody	10
Mr. Hussein B. Tyabji	20

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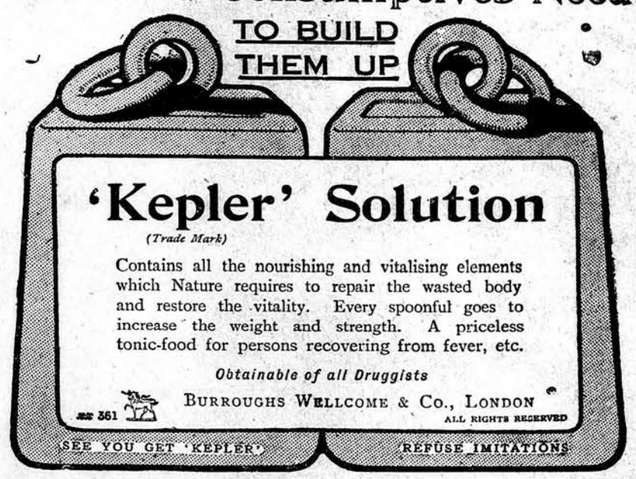
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Now made in Tarragona, Spain, and again shipped in the old shape bottles and under the labels here shown.

These Liqueurs are as delicious now as they were formerly—being made with the
Same Plants,
the
Same Ingredients,
according to the
Same Secret Process
as of old and by the
Same Chartreux Monks
who used to make them in France, previous to their expulsion.

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"THE STRUGGLE FOR IMPERIAL UNITY."

THE POSITION OF INDIA.

SIR WILLIAM LEE WARNER AT NORWICH.

In continuation of the series of lectures now being given at the Settlement House, Norwich, on "The Struggle for Imperial Unity," an address was given on March 6 on India by Sir William Lee Warner, G.C.S.I., M.A., a distingnished member of the Norfolk family of that name. The room was again crowded to the doors. The chair was taken by Colonel A. C. Dawson.

Colonel Dawson introduced Sir William Lee Warner as a most distinguished Englishman and, moreover, a Norfolk man. Sir William, he said, was connected with the Indian Civil Service, which had turned out so many great statesmen and soldiers; and no better authority on India could be secured to lecture on the subject. Colonel Dawson went on to speak of the proclamation of Queen Victoria as Empress of India, and to the subsequent introduction of India-troops to Europe in the winter of 1876-77, when England was on the verge of war.

Sir William Lee Warner observed that in no part of Great Britain was the struggle for Imperial unity more complicated and difficult than in India, a continent more than eight times larger than the German Empire or France, and nearly fifteen times the size of the British Empire in Europe. Of this area 61 per cent. was under the rule of some 600 different Indian Chiefs, with their own seperate administrations, princes who were at war with each other when we stepped in to enforce peace. The population of the empire was 315,000,000, divided by race, blood, religion, and jurisdictions. They spoke 185 different languages. Thus the strands of diverse tongues, faiths, and habits, had to be woven into the pathwork of one Indian society before even the most general idea of all Empire unity could be applied to it. Four great unifying forces had, however, been exerted by the British Government in the task of uniting and improving the lot of these 315 millions, who were partly under the direct rule, and partly under the protection of His Majesty. They were the maintenance of the public peace within and on the borders of India, a system of universal law, steady administrative pressure in the direction of freedom and the office and personality of the King-Emperor of India. The lecturer, taking a rapid sketch of Indian history, showed that during twenty-five centuries the rulers of India failed to keep out the foreign invader, or to maintain peace within. Asoka, 250 B.C. made a great effort, and Akbar, A.D. 1556-1605, a greater and more successful struggle for Imperial unity; but their successors failed; and India lay in a welter of blood and chaos when the British Company, which came for trade, found itself compelled to listen to cries for help, and to undertake for others the task of governing India. The gradual building up of the fourteen British provinces, and the political settlement of the protected states were then described. There remained the task of keeping the "Gates of India" closed against invasion. This was the greatest military problem of India and the cause of its heaviest expenditure, but failure meant the sack of cities, the carrying off of British citizens to slavery, and atrocities unknown in Europe. It must, therefore, be faced, and since India had never b-fore in her history enjoyed so long a [illegible] from barbarous visitations as [illegible] British had secured to her, she realised that no other Power save the British could give her this inestimable benefit of peace, the only foundation for liberty and prosperity. After defence, the second influence making for Imperial unity was British law, which had abolished slavery, suttee, and religious disabilities. We could, however, only legislate for British India, using what influence we could to induce the native states to accept our principles of justice, and legislate in the same spirit. The state of affairs in the native states illustrated the dangers which would ensue, if we did not control legislation in British India. For instance, religious toleration was embodied in our Acts, but in Mysore, a well-governed state that owed its existence to our generosity, the old law of Menu was still applied and converts from Hinduism had quite lately been held to forfeit all civil rights. Many other instances were given to show that the idea of equality in the eye of the law was only maintained be effective British control. The spirit of sacerdotal ascendancy was still strong, and it could only be counteracted by the greater assendancy of universal justice and impartial civil servants. The emancipation of the people from enslaving customs was the third weapon which we must use for promoting Imperial unity. The force of caste was illustrated by several instances, 'such as the exclusion of low castes from the State schools, the restrictions imposed on drawing water, refusal to take back into caste orphans from famine relief camps, etc. The State followed the rule of religious neutrality, and thus could not take an active part in social reform. But it should secure fair play for reformers, and public opinion in this country should realise that the privileges usurped by a priestly caste and enjoyed for 21 centuries would never be surrendered without a struggle. Before Imperial unity of all parts of the British Empire could be effected, there must come the unity of all calsses within each part, and, for the next century British control over the legislatures and the administrations of India must be effective. Without that the masses would fall back into slavery and helpless apathy. We could only diminish that control when we were sure that the power relinquished by us would pass into the hands of the people and not into the hands of a single class which had misruled them for its own profit in the past. That class still regarded some fifty millions of its fellow subjects as "untouchable." We must unite that mass with the rest before we could realise Imperial unity. Finally, the common allegiance to the king of these islands and Emperor of India, and His Majesty's visit to India had tended to unity. His message had touched the hearts of the people, his gracious manner had enchanted the nobles and princes, and the spell of his office and personality had arrested for a time the bombs of the anarchists.

Archdeacon Westcott said that anyone who went to India for four weeks usually wrote a book—(laughter)—but anyone who stayed there for a much longer time than that usually, refrained, because he had become impressed with the immense complexities of the subject. However, he had been in India himself for a short time, long enough to appreciate the remak of Bismarck that if England had never done anyth[illegible] else in the world her Government of India would be her undying glory. If there was anything wrong in the administrative forces of England had any fault at all, it was that not enough of them.

Mr. J. A. Berners moved and Mr. Walter Hansell seconded, a vote of thanks to the chairman and the lecturer.

Sir William Lee Warner in reply, touched with some detail on a question raised by Mr. W. Hansell on the relation of the British Navy to our Indian Empire. He said that in view of the situation in the Persian Gulf which used to be regarded as an Indian, or at all events a British Indian, sea, India would undoubtedly need a greater measure of naval protection. How was it to be provided? The newspapers, which were often profoundly ignorant when it came to Indian questions, circulated the extraordinary canard the other day that the Indian princes were going to supply four or five Dreadnoughts. That was to say they were going to supply a sum of money which exceeded the total gross revenues of the state for all administrative purposes throughout India. It was absolutely impossible for the native States to supply any large contribution towards naval defence. But could the Indian taxpayer do more? Personally, he thought that India ought to do more than it had done. But unquestionably those who said that it ought to do very much more ignored the fact that India paid a great deal for its army: it paid for the whole of the British troops in India and something on account of pensions. India had never been backward in coming to the help of England when, as in the case of the South African war, perhaps, we wanted help at a moment's notice. But when the day came for discussing the relation of India to our naval problem, it could only be decided by pooling the Army and Navy expenses together, and then determining whether India, with its undoubted interest in a strong Navy, was paying to Imperial defence as much as it should. On the whole he was inclined to think that as matters now stood. India had done well; and yet he looked forward to the time when she would bear a greater part in regard to the obligation of naval defence.

BRIEF AND PITHY.

IDENTIFYING A LADY.

A man on the top of the bus wished to make clear to the fare-collecting conductor that he had paid for a lady within "Which lady, sir?" inquired the conductor. The reply of the man suggests, says the "Chronicle," that he might prove only an inconspicuous success on the staff of a fashion paper; "She has something blue in her hat, a broach, and a furry sort of jacket." "And see here, conductor," he added, "she has a feather round her neck."

THE RULING PASSION.

The lady was obviously not comfortable in the pit stalls of the suburban theatre, and it was that which led her to give her neighbour her views on seats. "The one seat as I like "she said" is the middle one the front row of the dress circle. I can see the feet of them on the stage then. Yer see, us being in the boor and shoe trade, I'm kind of interested in that sort of thing.

She wriggled uncomfortably. "It's no use," she gasped. "No matter where I go I must see folk's feet," and with an effort she persuaded the pit stall to let her go. Later she was to be seen in her beloved middle seat in the front row of the dress circle. She was gazing critically at the stage. "It is to be hoped," says the "Manchester Guardian," the footwear of the players was good. One ill-fitting boot would have spoiled her eveping.

AFTER THE MATCH.

A story of a famous footballer who will be [illegible]een at Twickenham on the 15th: "Fancy [illegible]—["I the player in question] always [illegible]ing with his mother on international nights," said someone, "when any house in Engl[illegible]and would be proud to have him!"—"Sphere."

24 O'CLOCK.

The adoption [illegible]by France of the twenty-four hours clock [illegible] has rendered necessary certain modificat[illegible]ons of the dials hitherto in use. M. Chaun[illegible]net, the French Postmaster-General, has d[illegible]ecided to make experiments in post offices [illegible] with a new clock face. When noon has st[illegible]ruck a dial with the hours from 1 to 1[illegible]2 will disappear and be replaced by anothe[illegible]r showing the hours 13 to 24.

The Minister of Pu[illegible]blic Instruction, says the "Daily Mail" corre[illegible]spondent, is experimenting with a rival [illegible] clock, the dial of which shows all the [illegible]twenty-four hours. There are two concentric [illegible] circles of figures. The outer circle has Arab[illegible]ic figures and indicates the twelve hours of n[illegible]ight as follows:

1 (a m.,) 2 3, 4, 5, 6, [illegible]9 (or 7 p.m., according to English reckon[illegible]ng,) 20, 21, 22, 23, 24 (or midnight). The [illegible] daylight hours, shown in Roman numerals [illegible]on the inn[illegible]III circle, start with VII (a m) [illegible] and give t[illegible] round of the clock, terminatin[illegible]g with XI (or 6 p.m.)

THE RIVALS.

Residents in rival cities, Jones [illegible] and Brown were bragging about the excellen[illegible]ces of their respective homes. "Take our fi[illegible]e brigade," said Jones, after an hour's heated [illegible] discussion. "Do you know, the other day [illegible] fire broke out in our town, and within th[illegible]ree minutes the engine came along, but it [illegible]ll up till he fast that the driver couldn't pu[illegible]ash. "My was a mile past the burning ho[illegible]e said. "One Brown smiled in a superior [illegible]g on a church dear fellow, that's nothing," [illegible]uddenly one of day two men were walkin[illegible]e death would steeple in my city and s[illegible]ately, a spectator them slipped. A terribl[illegible]d to call the fire have been his. only, fortun[illegible]e, and they came had the presence of mi[illegible]im in a blanket." brigade on the telephon[illegible] just in time to catch h[illegible] "Glasgow News."

[illegible]IAL.

OFFI[illegible] (writes Mr. Spencer [illegible].P., in his new book, Leigh Hughes, M[illegible]lic Speaking") an occasion "The Art of Pub[illegible] man who takes himself when a public [illegible] gentlemen will, at a big rather seriously[illegible]g, and some man at the back Book, as such[illegible] 'Is that official?"—a favourite public meeti[illegible]ith a certain type of hearer. called out, [illegible] taking the sensible course of question w[illegible]"Yes," the eminent man resolved to Instead of[illegible]e inquirer, so in an indignant voice saying "[illegible]ed out, "Send the man up here to crush th[illegible]platform," and a forlorn little fellow was he call[illegible]tled to the front. Then the speaker the [illegible]d, "Now, sir, do you see this book. It hus[illegible]as on the cover these words, 'Presented to sa[illegible] Parliament by command of His Majesty; h[illegible] published by His Majesty's Stationery Office; printed by the printers to the King's Most Excellent Majesty.' What do you mean, sir, by asking if it is official?"

The meeting remained quiet to see if the little wretch had anything to say why sentence should not be pronounced. And the supposed offender repliedin a protesting voice. "I never said anything at all—these gentlemen they showed me up here, but I don't know why—I don't care whether it is official or not." There was a howl of laughter, for the wrong man had been captured, and that which was going to be a tremendous rebuke was turned into a confused anology.

SCIENCE NOTES.

The launching of the "Aquatania" of the Cunard Line is set for Tuesday, April 22nd. This vessel is 900 feet long and she will exceed 50,000 tons gross in tonnage. In everything except speed, she will be an enlarged "Mauretania." Her probable speed will be 23 knots. She has been constructed with the same system of longitudinal bulkheads that characterized the "Mauretania" and "Listania," and she has a watertight lower deck, extending throughout her whole length. Her stern frame and brackets weigh 130 tons with the other parts in proportion. The total number of persons she will be capable of carrying is about 4,500.

The British Board of Trade has just issued the revised rules for life-saving appliances at sea. A table showing the number of davits which must be provided specifies what number must be carried on vessels of various lengths. Thus, vessels under 160 feet in length must carry two davits. Vessels between 245 and 270 feet must carry six devitz. Those of from 360 to 390 feet, ten davits; vessels of from 450 to 510 feet, fourteen davits. Those from 590 to 670 feet must carry eighteen davits., etc., those from 750 to 840 feet, twenty-two davits, and vessels from 940 to 1,040 feet must carry twenty-six davits. The number of life-boats, or approved substitutes therefor, must provide a seat for every passenger. Motor life boats may be fitted, but their use is not encouraged.

Now that the relocation and reconstruction of the Panama Railroad is completed, surveys are being made for the transmission of power for the electrical operation of the road. Under normal conditions, power will be taken from the Gatun hydro-electric plant, which is now under construction, but there will also be a connection with the present steam electric plant at Miraflores. Current will be transmitted at a pressure of 44,000 volts, and at the various points of distribution, it will be reduced to the desired voltage for running the trains, for lighting the canal, and for operating the various machine shops and the gates and other appliances at the dams and locks. The railroad tracks will be spanned by the usual bridges for carrying the cables, etc., which will be placed at distances of from 200 to 300 feet, according to the local curvature conditions of the railroad.

English electrical paper reports that an ordinary electric flatiron was called into playing a new role by the resourcefulness of an automobile driver. Being obliged to leave his car in an unheated garage over night, with the radiator and cooling system of the car full of water during a spell of cold weather, the driver connected the electric flatiron to the lighting circuit and placed it under the car bonnet where it served to protect the engine from probable destruction from freezing of the water.

Recently reported experiments of a Dutch investigator have gone far to confirm the theory that the electrical resistance of all conductors would be reduced to zero by cooling the conductors to the absolute zero of temperature. By boiling liquid helium in a partial vacuum, a temperature of only three degrees above the absolute zero was attained. At this temperature the resistance of mercury was found to be only one ten millionth as great as at zero Centigrade.

In the manufacture of electrical machinery, the dissipation of the heat generated in steel coils and armature winding has been improved by using bare aluminium-conductors without any other insulation than the film of oxide which forms on the surface of this metal. It has been known that coils wound with conductors of square wire, cross-section cool down about 40 per cent spaces better than coils wound with round wires in because with the round wires the air flow of betwen the consecutive turns and in conduc the windings operate to check the conductors of heat. The film-insulated aluminium by getting tors carry the benefits of using this insulation square cross-section a step furth[illegible] The superior rid of the cotton or asbest[illegible] of these alumi which is ordinarily used special advantage heat-dissipating qualities[illegible] of lifting magnets nium windings show tests, and are frequently in the construction, hot castings, etc. In which use heavy cur[illegible] electric car motors and called upon to [illegible]ince the saving of weight is lifting magnets[illegible]tant item. many other d[illegible] also an im[illegible]olysis as an aid to sewage purifica[illegible]s a rather recent development and Elect[illegible]more is to be expected from it. Oklation [illegible]ma City has installed a plant where this mu[illegible]eatment is successfully applied. A slow stream of city sewage is run through flumes between batteries of iron electrodes. A current of 270 amperes and 2.5 volts is passing between the electrodes and, of course, produces considerable electrolysis of the salts contained in sewage. The result of such electrolysis is to liberate a great deal of oxygen and some ozone at the anodes. This active oxygen and ozone oxidizes the organic matter into harmless and unobjectionable products. At the cathode some metallic hydroxides or bases are formed and these assist in coagulating the floating filth. Colloidal particles in fine suspension are also driven to the electrodes and collected in masses large enough to settle. This Oklahoma plant has a capacity of 750,000 gallons every twenty-four hours at a cost of operation of only dols.2.16. The Municipality is now building a plant for the electrolytic formation of a flocculent precipitate, capable of treating 4,000,000 gallons daily.

The Edison kinetophone was exhibited for the first time in public on the stages of four prominent vaudeville theaters in New York city two or three weeks ago. In the first film a man made a speech explaining the perfecting of the talking picture by Edison in the obtaining of absolute synchronism between the picture and the sounds. Then a pionist played, a bugler sounded the reveille, a young lady sang, and some dogs appeared and barked. The dogs gave the most striking and natural demonstration of the new apparatus. A second picture showed a minstrel show in which the various members of the troupe performed as naturally as in real life, though there was no mistaking the fact that the talk and music were produced by a phonograph. The intensification of the sound necessary in a theatre apparently gives to it more of that metallic quality of which it has been successfully deprived in the smaller drawing-room machines. Nevertheless, says the "Scientific American" it is no more disagreeable than the voices of many of the actors who appear on the vaudeville stage. The present talking pictures last about five minutes each, though, it is stated that French machine has been perfected in which each film runs three times as long.

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